

# $\Upsilon(3S)$

 $I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$ 

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>10355.1±0.5</b>	<sup>1</sup> SHAMOV 23	RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>			
10355.2±0.5	<sup>2,3</sup> ARTAMONOV 00	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10355.3±0.5	<sup>4,5</sup> BARU 86B	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
<sup>1</sup> Reanalysis of MD1 data using the electron mass from COHEN 87, the radiative corrections from KURAEV 85 and interference effects.			
<sup>2</sup> Reanalysis of BARU 86B using new electron mass (COHEN 87).			
<sup>3</sup> Superseded by SHAMOV 23.			
<sup>4</sup> Reanalysis of ARTAMONOV 84.			
<sup>5</sup> Superseded by ARTAMONOV 00.			

## $m_{\Upsilon(3S)} - m_{\Upsilon(2S)}$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>331.50±0.02±0.13</b>	LEES	11c BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID
<b>20.32±1.85 OUR EVALUATION</b>	See the Note on "Width Determinations of the $\Upsilon$ States"

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Upsilon(2S)$ anything	(10.6 ± 0.8) %	
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	(2.82 ± 0.18) %	S=1.6
$\Gamma_3 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\pi^0\pi^0$	(1.85 ± 0.14) %	
$\Gamma_4 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\gamma\gamma$	(5.0 ± 0.7) %	
$\Gamma_5 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\pi^0$	< 5.1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_6 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	(4.37 ± 0.08) %	
$\Gamma_7 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0$	(2.20 ± 0.13) %	
$\Gamma_8 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\eta$	< 1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_9 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$	< 7 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{10} \quad h_b(1P)\pi^0$	< 1.2 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{11} \quad h_b(1P)\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S)\pi^0$	(4.3 ± 1.4) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{12} \quad h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$	< 1.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%

$\Gamma_{13}$	$\tau^+ \tau^-$	( $2.29 \pm 0.30$ ) %	
$\Gamma_{14}$	$\mu^+ \mu^-$	( $2.18 \pm 0.21$ ) %	S=2.1
$\Gamma_{15}$	$e^+ e^-$	( $2.18 \pm 0.20$ ) %	
$\Gamma_{16}$	hadrons	( $93 \pm 12$ ) %	
$\Gamma_{17}$	$ggg$	( $35.7 \pm 2.6$ ) %	
$\Gamma_{18}$	$\gamma gg$	( $9.7 \pm 1.8$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{19}$	$\frac{1}{2}H$ anything	( $2.33 \pm 0.33$ ) $\times 10^{-5}$	

### Radiative decays

$\Gamma_{20}$	$\gamma \chi b_2(2P)$	( $13.1 \pm 1.6$ ) %	S=3.4
$\Gamma_{21}$	$\gamma \chi b_1(2P)$	( $12.6 \pm 1.2$ ) %	S=2.4
$\Gamma_{22}$	$\gamma \chi b_0(2P)$	( $5.9 \pm 0.6$ ) %	S=1.4
$\Gamma_{23}$	$\gamma \chi b_2(1P)$	( $10.0 \pm 1.0$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7
$\Gamma_{24}$	$\gamma \chi b_1(1P)$	( $9 \pm 5$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.8
$\Gamma_{25}$	$\gamma \chi b_0(1P)$	( $2.7 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{26}$	$\gamma \eta_b(2S)$	< $6.2 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{27}$	$\gamma \eta_b(1S)$	( $5.1 \pm 0.7$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{28}$	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons	< $8 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{29}$	$\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4$ prongs	[a] < $2.2 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
$\Gamma_{30}$	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$	< $5.5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{31}$	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tau^+ \tau^-$	[b] < $1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

### Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes

$\Gamma_{32}$	$e^\pm \tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< $4.2 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{33}$	$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< $3.6 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{34}$	$\mu^\pm \tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< $3.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

[a]  $1.5 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$

[b] For  $m_{\tau^+ \tau^-}$  in the ranges 4.03–9.52 and 9.61–10.10 GeV.

### $\Upsilon(3S) \Gamma(i) \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_{16}\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.414 \pm 0.007</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>			
0.413 $\pm 0.004 \pm 0.006$	ROSNER	06	CLEO $10.4 \text{ e}^+ \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.45 $\pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$	<sup>6</sup> GILES	84B	CLEO $\text{e}^+ \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

<sup>6</sup> Radiative corrections reevaluated by BUCHMUELLER 88 following KURAEV 85.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_6 \Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$
VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
<b><math>18.46 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.77</math></b>	6.4k	<sup>7</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR $\text{e}^+ \text{e}^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>7</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \text{e}^+ \text{e}^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$  and  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

**$\Upsilon(3S)$  PARTIAL WIDTHS** **$\Gamma(e^+ e^-)$** VALUE (keV) **$0.443 \pm 0.008$  OUR EVALUATION** **$\Gamma_{15}$** DOCUMENT ID **$\Upsilon(3S)$  BRANCHING RATIOS** **$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$** 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.106 \pm 0.008</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.1023 $\pm 0.0105$	4625	8,9,10 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X$
0.111 $\pm 0.012$	4891	9,10,11 BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>8</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma\gamma) = (0.038 \pm 0.007)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^0 \pi^0) = (1/2)B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-)$ .

<sup>9</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

<sup>10</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-) = (18.5 \pm 0.8)\%$ .

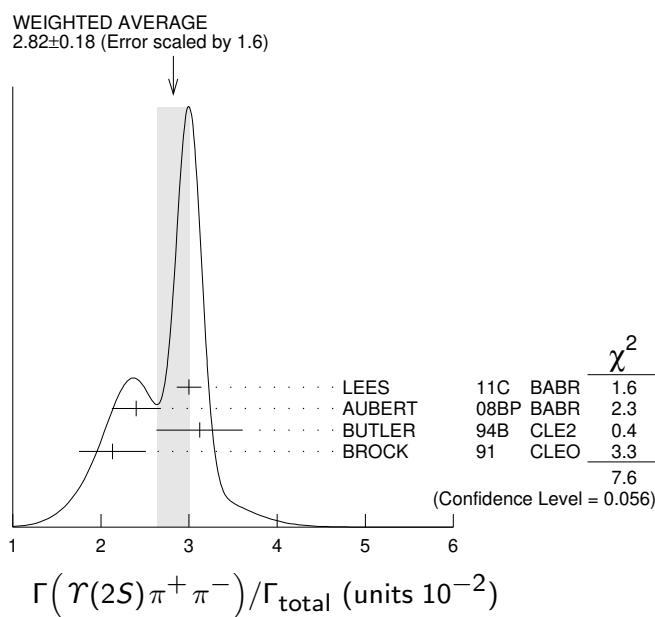
<sup>11</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma\gamma) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.188 \pm 0.035)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^0 \pi^0) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.436 \pm 0.056)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

 **$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$** 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>2.82 \pm 0.18</math> OUR AVERAGE</b> Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.				
3.00 $\pm 0.02 \pm 0.14$	543k	LEES	11c BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$
2.40 $\pm 0.10 \pm 0.26$	800	<sup>12</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$
3.12 $\pm 0.49$	980	<sup>13,14</sup> BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
2.13 $\pm 0.38$	974	<sup>15</sup> BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.82 $\pm 0.65 \pm 0.53$	138	<sup>15</sup> WU	93 CUSB	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
3.1 $\pm 2.0$	5	MAGERAS	82 CUSB	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$



<sup>12</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ , and  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>13</sup> From the exclusive mode.

<sup>14</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma) = (0.038 \pm 0.007)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0) = (1/2)B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ .

<sup>15</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.188 \pm 0.035)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.436 \pm 0.056)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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#### **1.85±0.14 OUR AVERAGE**

$1.82 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.12$  4391 <sup>16</sup> BHARI 09 CLEO  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$

$2.16 \pm 0.39$  <sup>17,18</sup> BUTLER 94B CLE2  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$

$1.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2$  10 <sup>19</sup> HEINTZ 92 CSB2  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>16</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.06\%$ .

<sup>17</sup>  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality.

<sup>18</sup> From the exclusive mode.

<sup>19</sup>  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.44 \pm 0.10)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_4/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**0.0502±0.0069** 20 BUTLER 94B CLE2  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- 2\gamma$

<sup>20</sup> From the exclusive mode.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**<0.51** 90 <sup>21</sup> HE 08A CLEO  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma\gamma$

<sup>21</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.06\%$ .

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_6/\Gamma$

Abbreviation MM in the COMMENT field below stands for missing mass.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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#### **4.37±0.08 OUR AVERAGE**

$4.32 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.13$  90k <sup>22</sup> LEES 11L BABR  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

$4.46 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.13$  190k <sup>23</sup> BHARI 09 CLEO  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  MM

$4.17 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.19$  6.4k <sup>24</sup> AUBERT 08BP BABR  $10.58 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

$4.52 \pm 0.35$  11830 <sup>25</sup> BUTLER 94B CLE2  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

$4.46 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.50$  451 <sup>25</sup> WU 93 CUSB  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

$4.46 \pm 0.30$  11221 <sup>25</sup> BROCK 91 CLEO  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$4.9 \pm 1.0$  22 GREEN 82 CLEO  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

$3.9 \pm 1.3$  26 MAGERAS 82 CUSB  $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>22</sup> Using  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$  and  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

<sup>23</sup> A weighted average of the inclusive and exclusive results.

<sup>24</sup> Using  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ , and  $\Gamma_{ee}(\gamma(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>25</sup> Using  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

### $\Gamma(\gamma(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ $\Gamma_2/\Gamma_6$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
$0.577 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.060$	800	<sup>26</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$
<b>26</b> Using $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ , $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ , $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ , and $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ . Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.				

### $\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.20±0.13 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$2.24 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.11$	6584	<sup>27</sup> BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
$1.99 \pm 0.34$	56	<sup>28</sup> BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
$2.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$	33	<sup>29</sup> HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
<b>27</b> Authors assume $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .				
<b>28</b> Using $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ and assuming $e\mu$ universality.				
<b>29</b> Using $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.57 \pm 0.07)\%$ and assuming $e\mu$ universality. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.				

### $\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_6$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
$0.501 \pm 0.043$	<sup>30</sup> BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma(3S)$
<b>30</b> Not independent of other values reported by BHARI 09.			

### $\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_8/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.1</b>	90	<sup>31</sup> LEES	11L BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\gamma\gamma)\ell^+\ell^-$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
$<0.8$	90	<sup>31,32</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
$<0.18$	90	<sup>33</sup> HE	08A CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$
$<2.2$	90	BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$

<sup>31</sup> Using  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

<sup>32</sup> Using  $\Gamma_{ee}(\gamma(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>33</sup> Authors assume  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .

### $\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ $\Gamma_8/\Gamma_6$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.23</b>	90	<sup>34</sup> LEES	11L BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\gamma\gamma)\ell^+\ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.9 90 <sup>35</sup> AUBERT 08BP BABR  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-(\pi^0)\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>34</sup> Not independent of other values reported by LEES 11L.

<sup>35</sup> Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_9/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.07</b>	90	<sup>36</sup> HE 08A	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$

<sup>36</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .

### $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;1.2 × 10<sup>-3</sup></b>	90	<sup>37</sup> GE 11	CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0$ anything

<sup>37</sup> Assuming  $M(h_b(1P)) = 9900$  MeV and  $\Gamma(h_b(1P)) = 0$  MeV, and allowing  $B(h_b(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S))$  to vary from 0–100%.

### $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.3±1.1±0.9</b>	LEES 11K	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \eta_b\gamma\pi^0$

### $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt; 1.2</b>	90	<sup>38</sup> LEES 11C	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<18 <sup>38</sup> BUTLER 94B CLE2  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$

<15 <sup>38</sup> BROCK 91 CLEO  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$

<sup>38</sup> For  $M(h_b(1P)) = 9900$  MeV.

### $\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma$

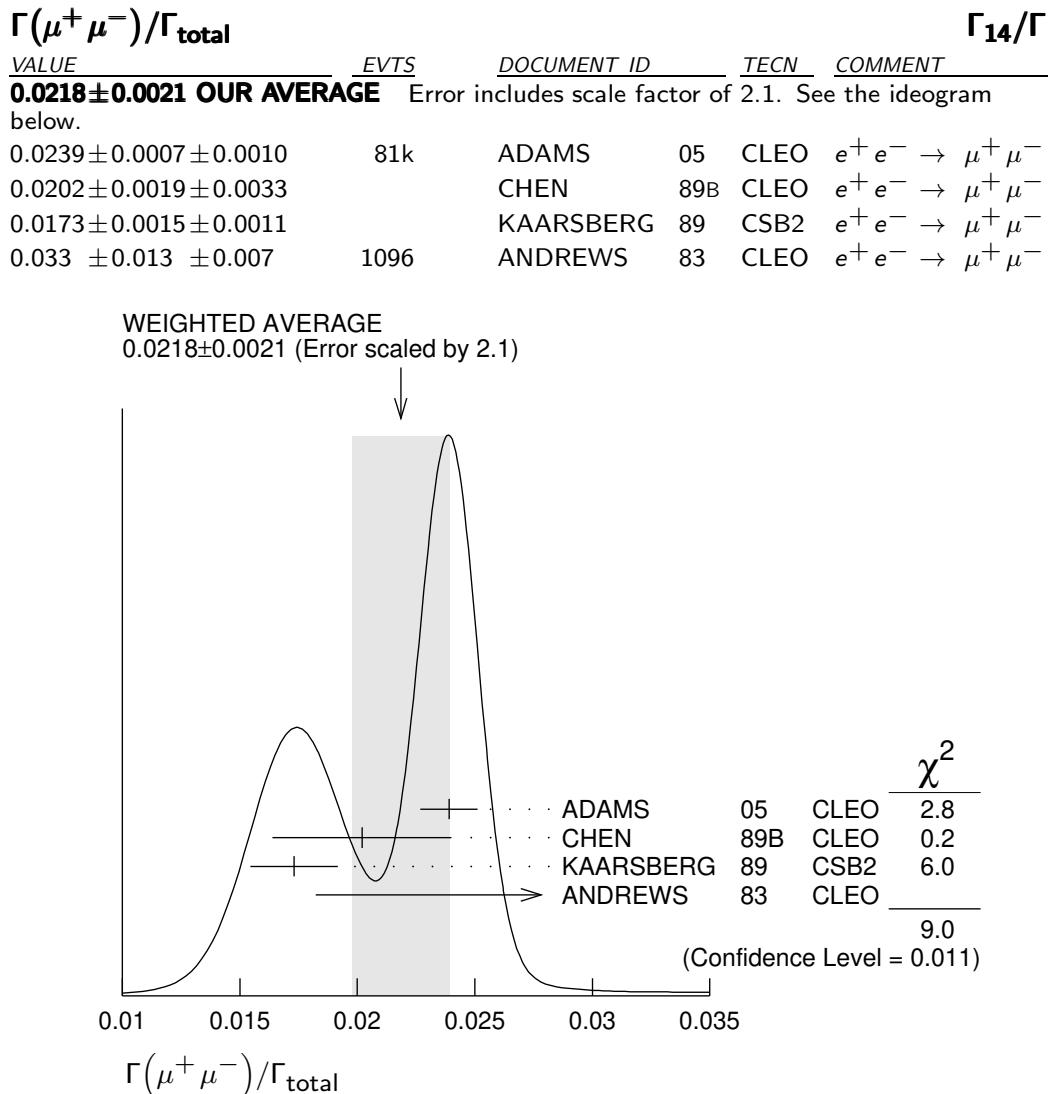
VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.29±0.21±0.22</b>	15k	<sup>39</sup> BESSON 07	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

<sup>39</sup> BESSON 07 reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = 1.05 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.05$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.18 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

### $\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)$

$\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma_{14}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.968±0.016 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.966±0.008±0.014	2.2M	LEES 20E	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S)$
1.05 ± 0.08 ± 0.05	15k	BESSON 07	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S)$



**$\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$**

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>35.7 \pm 2.6</math></b>	3M	40 BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

<sup>40</sup> Calculated using BESSON 06A value of  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg) = (2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.37)\%$  and the PDG 08 values of  $B(\gamma(2S) + \text{anything}) = (10.6 \pm 0.8)\%$ ,  $B(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma(1S)) = (4.40 \pm 0.10)\%$ ,  $B(\pi^0\pi^0\gamma(1S)) = (2.20 \pm 0.13)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b2}(2P)) = (13.1 \pm 1.6)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b1}(2P)) = (12.6 \pm 1.2)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)) = (0.30 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\mu^+\mu^-) = (2.18 \pm 0.21)\%$ , and  $R_{\text{hadrons}} = 3.51$ . The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  BESSON 06A value.

**$\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$**

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.97 \pm 0.18</math></b>	60k	41 BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$

<sup>41</sup> Calculated using BESSON 06A values of  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg) = (2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.37)\%$  and  $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with  $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  BESSON 06A value.

$\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg)$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<u>EVTS</u>
<b><math>2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.49</math></b>	3M

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
BESSON	06A	CLEO $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow (\gamma +)$ hadrons

 $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma_{17}$  $\Gamma(\overline{^2H} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-5}$ )
<b><math>2.33 \pm 0.15^{+0.31}_{-0.28}</math></b>

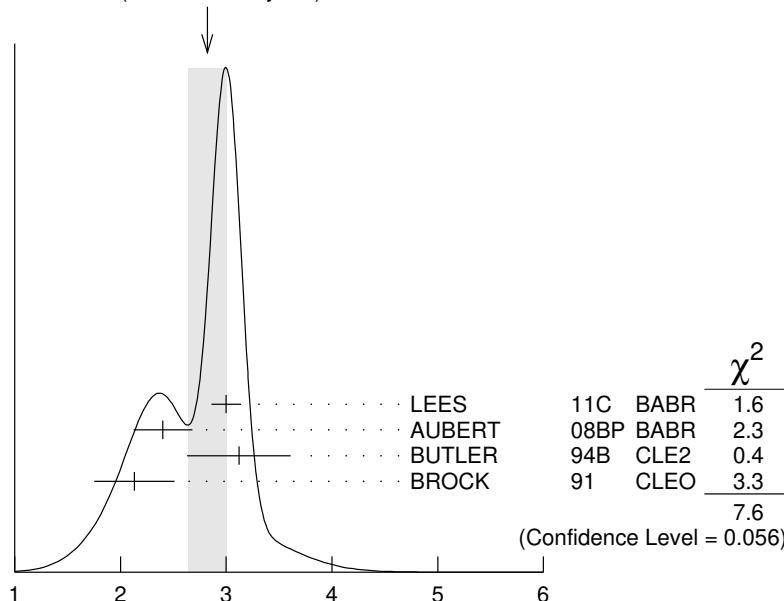
<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
LEES	14G	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \overline{^2H} X$

 $\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$  $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{b2}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.131 \pm 0.016</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 3.4. See the ideogram below.
$0.1579 \pm 0.0017 \pm 0.0073$	568k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
$0.111 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$	10319	<sup>42</sup> HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
$0.135 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.017$	30741	MORRISON	91	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>42</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE  
 $2.82 \pm 0.18$  (Error scaled by 1.6)



$$\Gamma(\gamma(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \text{ (units } 10^{-2})$$

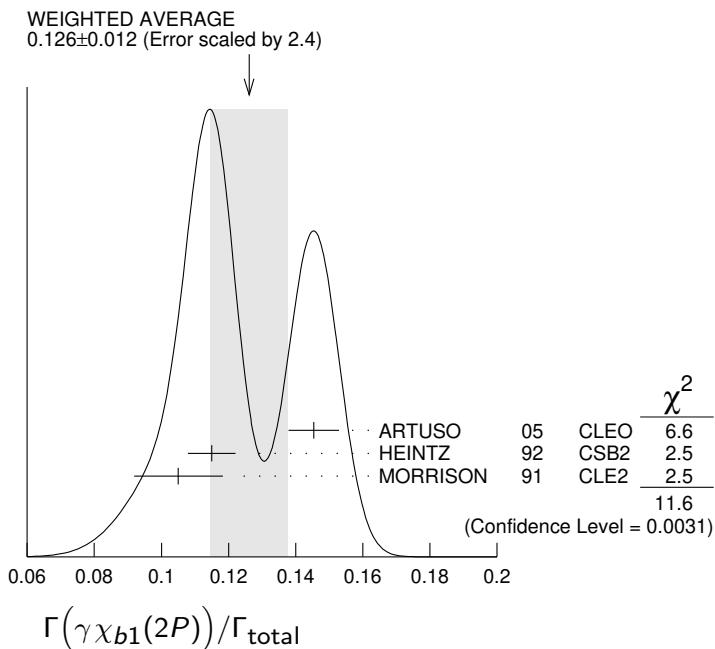
M048R5.plot0.48in0.33in2.70in2.70in1.00  $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{b2}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{b1}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.126 \pm 0.012</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.4. See the ideogram below.
$0.1454 \pm 0.0018 \pm 0.0073$	537k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
$0.115 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.005$	11147	<sup>43</sup> HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>43</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.

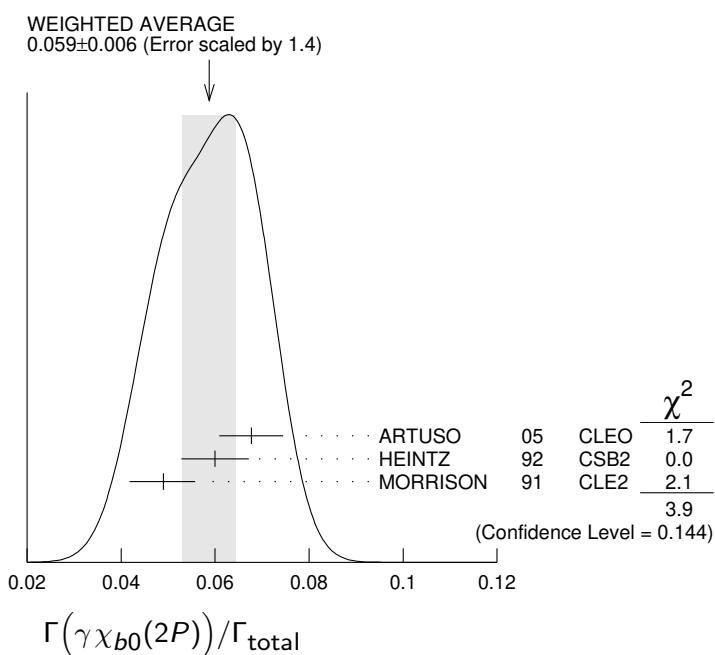
 $\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma$



### $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.059 ±0.006 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.			
0.0677±0.0020±0.0065	225k	ARTUSO 05	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.060 ±0.004 ±0.006	4959	HEINTZ 92	CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.049 +0.003 -0.004 ±0.006	9903	MORRISON 91	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>44</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.



$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-3}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>10.0±1.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>			Error includes scale factor of 1.7.		
8.0±1.3±0.4	126	45,46	KORNICER	11	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$
10.5±0.3 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.6</sub>	9.7k	LEES		11J	BABR $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<19	90	47	ASNER	08A	CLEO $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$
seen		48	HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$

45 Assuming  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

46 KORNICER 11 reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{b2}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S))]$   $= (1.435 \pm 0.162 \pm 0.169) \times 10^{-3}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(\chi_{b2}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S)) = (18.0 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

47 ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))]$   $< 27.1 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P)) = 7.15 \times 10^{-2}$ .

48 HEINTZ 92, while unable to distinguish between different  $J$  states, measures  $\sum_J B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ}) \times B(\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S)) = (1.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 0,1,2$  using inclusive  $\gamma(1S)$  decays and  $(1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 1,2$  using  $\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ .

 $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-3}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.9±0.5 OUR AVERAGE</b>			Error includes scale factor of 1.8.		
1.5±0.4±0.1	50	49,50	KORNICER	11	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$
0.5±0.3 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>-0.1</sub>		LEES		11J	BABR $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.7	90	51	ASNER	08A	CLEO $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$
seen		52	HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$

49 Assuming  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

50 KORNICER 11 reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{b1}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S))]$   $= (5.38 \pm 1.20 \pm 0.95) \times 10^{-4}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(\chi_{b1}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S)) = (35.2 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

51 ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))]$   $< 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P)) = 6.9 \times 10^{-2}$ .

52 HEINTZ 92, while unable to distinguish between different  $J$  states, measures  $\sum_J B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ}) \times B(\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S)) = (1.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 0,1,2$  using inclusive  $\gamma(1S)$  decays and  $(1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 1,2$  using  $\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ .

 $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.27±0.04 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
0.27±0.04±0.02	2.3k	LEES		11J	BABR $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
0.30±0.04±0.10	8.7k	ARTUSO		05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.8 90 <sup>53</sup> ASNER 08A CLEO  $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$   
<sup>53</sup> ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))]$   
 $< 21.9 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)) = 3.8 \times 10^{-2}$ .

### $\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt; 6.2</b>	90	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<19	90	LEES	11J	BABR $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$

### $\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>5.1±0.7 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
$7.1 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.3$		$2.3 \pm 0.5 \text{k}$	<sup>54</sup> BONVICINI	10	CLEO $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
$4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$		$19 \pm 3 \text{k}$	<sup>54</sup> AUBERT	09AQ	BABR $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<8.5 90 LEES 11J BABR  $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$   
 $4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.2$   $19 \pm 3 \text{k}$  <sup>54,55</sup> AUBERT 08V BABR  $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$   
<4.3 90 <sup>56</sup> ARTUSO 05 CLEO  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>54</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma_{\eta_b(1S)} = 10$  MeV.

<sup>55</sup> Systematic error re-evaluated by AUBERT 09AQ.

<sup>56</sup> Superseded by BONVICINI 10.

### $\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$

( $0.3 \text{ GeV} < m_{A^0} < 7 \text{ GeV}$ )

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;8 × 10<sup>-5</sup></b>	90	57 LEES	11H	BABR $\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$

<sup>57</sup> For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar,  $A^0$ , excluding known resonances, with mass in the range 0.3–7 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $m_{A^0}$  range from  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  to  $8 \times 10^{-5}$ .

### $\Gamma(\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4 \text{ prongs})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma$

( $1.5 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$ )

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;2.2</b>	95	ROSNER	07A	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

### $\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;5.5</b>	90	58 AUBERT	09Z	BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma\mu^+\mu^-$

<sup>58</sup> For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar,  $A^0$ , with mass in the range 212–9300 MeV, excluding  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$ . Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $m_{A^0}$  range from  $0.27\text{--}5.5 \times 10^{-6}$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma$			
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90	59 AUBERT	09P BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tau^+\tau^-$
59 For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar, $A^0$ , with $M(\tau^+\tau^-)$ in the ranges 4.03–9.52 and 9.61–10.10 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of $M(\tau^+\tau^-)$ range from $1.5-16 \times 10^{-5}$ .				

**— LEPTON FAMILY NUMBER (*LF*) VIOLATING MODES —**

$\Gamma(e^\pm\tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$			
<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-6}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<4.2$	90	LEES	10B BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\pm\tau^\mp$
$\Gamma(e^\pm\mu^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma$			
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	LEES	22A BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\pm\mu^\mp$
$\Gamma(\mu^\pm\tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma$			
<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-6}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.1$	90	LEES	10B BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\mp$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<20.3$	95	LOVE	08A CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\mp$

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