

QUARKS

The u -, d -, and s -quark masses are estimates of so-called “current-quark masses,” in a mass-independent subtraction scheme such as $\overline{\text{MS}}$ at a scale $\mu \approx 2$ GeV. The c - and b -quark masses are the “running” masses in the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme. This can be different from the heavy quark masses obtained in potential models.

u

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_u = 2.16_{-0.26}^{+0.49} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad I_z = +\frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_u/m_d = 0.47_{-0.07}^{+0.06}$$

d

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_d = 4.67_{-0.17}^{+0.48} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Charge} = -\frac{1}{3} e \quad I_z = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_s/m_d = 17-22$$

$$\bar{m} = (m_u + m_d)/2 = 3.45_{-0.15}^{+0.55} \text{ MeV}$$

s

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_s = 93_{-5}^{+11} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Charge} = -\frac{1}{3} e \quad \text{Strangeness} = -1$$

$$m_s / ((m_u + m_d)/2) = 27.3_{-1.3}^{+0.7}$$

c

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_c = 1.27 \pm 0.02 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad \text{Charm} = +1$$

$$m_c/m_s = 11.72 \pm 0.25$$

$$m_b/m_c = 4.577 \pm 0.008$$

$$m_b - m_c = 3.45 \pm 0.05 \text{ GeV}$$

b

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_b = 4.18_{-0.02}^{+0.03} \text{ GeV} \quad \text{Charge} = -\frac{1}{3} e \quad \text{Bottom} = -1$$

t

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad \text{Top} = +1$$

Mass (direct measurements) $m = 172.76 \pm 0.30$ GeV ^[a,b] (S = 1.2)

Mass (from cross-section measurements) $m = 162.5^{+2.1}_{-1.5}$ GeV ^[a]

Mass (Pole from cross-section measurements) $m = 172.5 \pm 0.7$ GeV

$m_t - m_{\bar{t}} = -0.16 \pm 0.19$ GeV

Full width $\Gamma = 1.42^{+0.19}_{-0.15}$ GeV (S = 1.4)

$\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q = b, s, d)) = 0.957 \pm 0.034$ (S = 1.5)

t-quark EW Couplings

$F_0 = 0.693 \pm 0.013$

$F_- = 0.315 \pm 0.010$

$F_+ = -0.005 \pm 0.007$

$F_{V+A} < 0.29$, CL = 95%

t DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	ρ (MeV/c)
$Wq(q = b, s, d)$			—
Wb			—
$e\nu_e b$	(11.10 ± 0.30) %		—
$\mu\nu_\mu b$	(11.40 ± 0.20) %		—
$\tau\nu_\tau b$	(10.7 ± 0.5) %		—
$q\bar{q}b$	(66.5 ± 1.4) %		—
$\gamma q(q=u,c)$	[c] < 1.8	$\times 10^{-4}$	95%
$\Delta T = 1$ weak neutral current (T1) modes			
$Zq(q=u,c)$	T1 [d] < 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	95%
Hu	T1 < 1.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%
Hc	T1 < 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%
$\ell^+ \bar{q}q'(q=d,s,b; q'=u,c)$	T1 < 1.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%

b' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

Mass $m > 190$ GeV, CL = 95% ($p\bar{p}$, quasi-stable b')

Mass $m > 1130$ GeV, CL = 95% ($B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$)

Mass $m > 1350$ GeV, CL = 95% ($B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$)

Mass $m > 46.0$ GeV, CL = 95% (e^+e^- , all decays)

t' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

$m(t'(2/3)) > 1280$ GeV, CL = 95% ($B(t' \rightarrow Zt) = 1$)

$m(t'(2/3)) > 1295$ GeV, CL = 95% ($B(t' \rightarrow Wb) = 1$)

$m(t'(2/3)) > 1310$ GeV, CL = 95% (singlet t')

$m(t'(5/3)) > 1350$ GeV, CL = 95%

Free Quark Searches

All searches since 1977 have had negative results.

NOTES

- [a] A discussion of the definition of the top quark mass in these measurements can be found in the review “The Top Quark.”
- [b] Based on published top mass measurements using data from Tevatron Run-I and Run-II and LHC at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. Including the most recent unpublished results from Tevatron Run-II, the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group reports a top mass of 173.2 ± 0.9 GeV. See the note “The Top Quark’ in the Quark Particle Listings of this *Review*.
- [c] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \rightarrow \gamma q)/\Gamma(t \rightarrow W b)$.
- [d] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \rightarrow Z q)/\Gamma(t \rightarrow W b)$.