QUARKS

The u-, d-, and s-quark masses are estimates of so-called "currentquark masses," in a mass-independent subtraction scheme such as $\overline{\rm MS}$ at a scale $\mu \approx 2$ GeV. The c- and b-quark masses are the "running" masses in the MS scheme. For the b-quark we also quote the 1S mass. These can be different from the heavy quark masses obtained in potential models.

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_u = 2.2^{+0.6}_{-0.4}~{
m MeV}~{
m Charge} = {2\over 3}~e~{
m I}_z = +{1\over 2} \ m_u/m_d = 0.38 \text{--}0.58$$

Charge
$$= \frac{2}{3} e \quad I_z = +\frac{1}{2}$$

d

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

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$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_s=96^{+8}_{-4}$$
 MeV Charge $=-\frac{1}{3}$ e Strangeness $=-1$ $m_s \ / \ ((m_u+m_d)/2)=27.3\pm0.7$

С

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_c = 1.27 \pm 0.03 \; {
m GeV} \qquad {
m Charge} = {2\over 3} \; e \quad {
m Charm} = +1 \ m_c/m_s = 11.72 \pm 0.25 \ m_b/m_c = 4.53 \pm 0.05 \ m_b-m_c = 3.45 \pm 0.05 \; {
m GeV}$$

$$I(J^P)=0(\tfrac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\mathsf{Charge} = -\tfrac{1}{3} \; e \qquad \quad \mathsf{Bottom} = -1$$

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$$m_b(\overline{\rm MS}) = 4.18^{+0.04}_{-0.03}~{
m GeV} \ m_b(1{
m S}) = 4.66^{+0.04}_{-0.03}~{
m GeV}$$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$
 Charge $= \frac{2}{3} e$ Top $= +1$

Mass (direct measurements) $m=173.21\pm0.51\pm0.71~{
m GeV}^{[a,b]}$ Mass ($\overline{\text{MS}}$ from cross-section measurements) $m=160^{+5}_{-4}$ GeV [a] Mass (Pole from cross-section measurements) $m=174.2\pm1.4$ GeV $m_t - m_{\overline{t}} = -0.2 \pm 0.5 \text{ GeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$ Full width $\Gamma=1.41^{+0.19}_{-0.15}~{\rm GeV}~({\rm S}=1.4)$ $\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q=b, s, d)) = 0.957 \pm 0.034 \quad (S=1.5)$

t-quark EW Couplings

$$F_0 = 0.690 \pm 0.030$$

 $F_- = 0.314 \pm 0.025$
 $F_+ = 0.008 \pm 0.016$
 $F_{V+A} < 0.29$, CL = 95%

+ DECAY MODES

t DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	<i>p</i> (MeV/ <i>c</i>)
$t \rightarrow Wq(q = b, s, d)$			
$t ightarrow \ W b$			_
$t ightarrow \ \ell u_\ell$ anything	[c,d] (9.4±2.4) %		_
$t ightarrow e u_e b$	$(13.3\pm0.6)~\%$		_
$t ightarrow ho \mu u_{\mu} b$	$(13.4\pm0.6)~\%$		_
$t ightarrow q \overline{q} b$	$(66.5\pm1.4)~\%$		_
$t \rightarrow \gamma q(q=u,c)$	$[e] < 5.9 \times 10^{-1}$	-3 95%	_

$\Delta T = 1$ weak neutral current (T1) modes

$t \rightarrow Zq(q=u,c)$	T1	[f] < 5	× 10 ⁻⁴	95%	_
$t \rightarrow \ell^+ \overline{q} \overline{q}' (q=d,$	s,b; q'=u,c)	< 1.6	$\times10^{-3}$	95%	_

b' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

Mass m > 190 GeV, CL = 95% $(p\overline{p}, \text{ quasi-stable } b')$ Mass m > 755 GeV, CL = 95%(pp, neutral-current decays) Mass m > 675 GeV, CL = 95%(pp, charged-current decays) $(e^+e^-, all decays)$ Mass m > 46.0 GeV, CL = 95%

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t' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

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m(t'(2/3)) > 782 GeV, CL = 95% (neutral-current decays) m(t'(2/3)) > 700 GeV, CL = 95% (charged-current decays) m(t'(5/3)) > 800 GeV, CL = 95%
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Free Quark Searches

All searches since 1977 have had negative results.

NOTES

- [a] A discussion of the definition of the top quark mass in these measurements can be found in the review "The Top Quark."
- [b] Based on published top mass measurements using data from Tevatron Run-I and Run-II and LHC at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Including the most recent unpublished results from Tevatron Run-II, the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group reports a top mass of 173.2 ± 0.9 GeV. See the note "The Top Quark' in the Quark Particle Listings of this *Review*.
- [c] ℓ means e or μ decay mode, not the sum over them.
- [d] Assumes lepton universality and W-decay acceptance.
- [e] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to \gamma q)/\Gamma(t \to W b)$.
- [f] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to Zq)/\Gamma(t \to Wb)$.

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