## DALITZ PLOT PARAMETERS FOR $K o 3\pi$ DECAYS

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The Dalitz plot distribution for  $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{\pm}\pi^{\pm}\pi^{\mp}$ ,  $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{0}\pi^{0}\pi^{\pm}$ , and  $K_{L}^{0} \to \pi^{+}\pi^{-}\pi^{0}$  can be parameterized by a series expansion such as that introduced by Weinberg [1]. We use the form

$$\left| M \right|^{2} \propto 1 + g \frac{(s_{3} - s_{0})}{m_{\pi^{+}}^{2}} + h \left[ \frac{s_{3} - s_{0}}{m_{\pi^{+}}^{2}} \right]^{2} 
+ j \frac{(s_{2} - s_{1})}{m_{\pi^{+}}^{2}} + k \left[ \frac{s_{2} - s_{1}}{m_{\pi^{+}}^{2}} \right]^{2} 
+ f \frac{(s_{2} - s_{1})}{m_{\pi^{+}}^{2}} \frac{(s_{3} - s_{0})}{m_{\pi^{+}}^{2}} + \cdots ,$$
(1)

where  $m_{\pi^+}^2$  has been introduced to make the coefficients g, h, j, and k dimensionless, and

$$s_i = (P_K - P_i)^2 = (m_K - m_i)^2 - 2m_K T_i$$
,  $i = 1, 2, 3$ ,  
 $s_0 = \frac{1}{3} \sum_i s_i = \frac{1}{3} (m_K^2 + m_1^2 + m_2^2 + m_3^2)$ .

Here the  $P_i$  are four-vectors,  $m_i$  and  $T_i$  are the mass and kinetic energy of the  $i^{th}$  pion, and the index 3 is used for the odd pion.

The coefficient g is a measure of the slope in the variable  $s_3$  (or  $T_3$ ) of the Dalitz plot, while h and k measure the quadratic dependence on  $s_3$  and  $(s_2 - s_1)$ , respectively. The coefficient j is related to the asymmetry of the plot and must be zero if CP invariance holds. Note also that if CP is good, g, h, and k must be the same for  $K^+ \to \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$  as for  $K^- \to \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$ .

Since different experiments use different forms for  $|M|^2$ , in order to compare the experiments we have converted to g, h, j, and k whatever coefficients have been measured. Where such conversions have been done, the measured coefficient  $a_y$ ,  $a_t$ ,  $a_u$ , or  $a_v$  is given in the comment at the right. For definitions of these coefficients, details of this conversion, and discussion of the data, see the April 1982 version of this note [2].

## References

- 1. S. Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. 4, 87 (1960).
- 2. Particle Data Group, Phys. Lett. **111B**, 69 (1982).