

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$ Status: ****

We have omitted some results that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

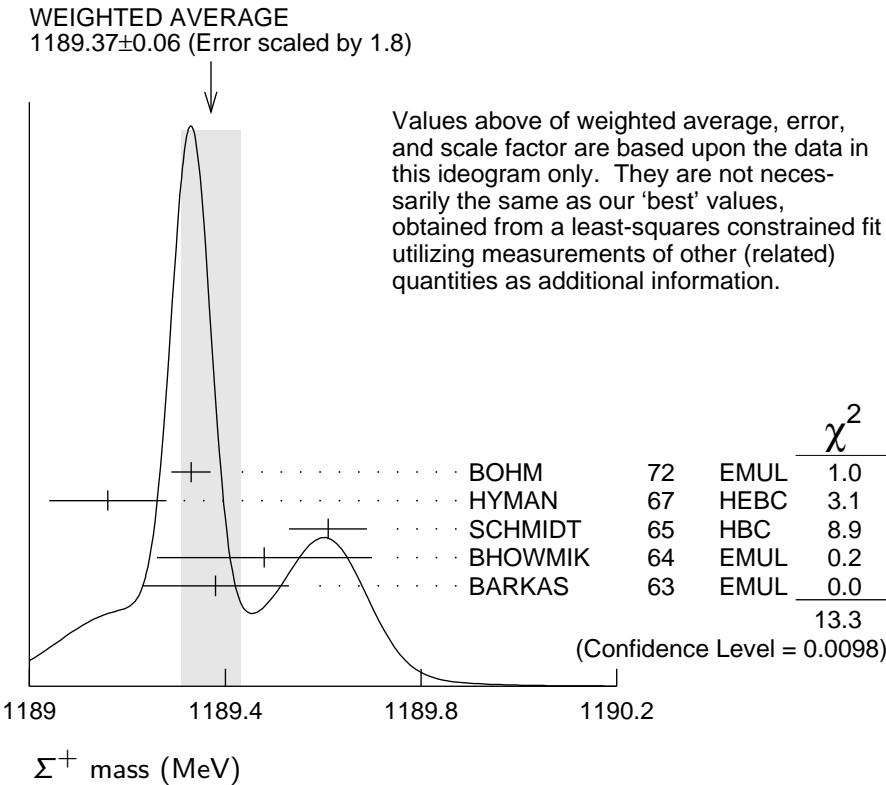
Σ^+ MASS

The fit uses Σ^+ , Σ^0 , Σ^- , and Λ mass and mass-difference measurements.

| VALUE (MeV) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---------------------------------|------|---|------|----------------------------------|
| 1189.37±0.07 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 2.2. | | |
| 1189.37±0.06 OUR AVERAGE | | Error includes scale factor of 1.8. See the ideogram below. | | |
| 1189.33±0.04 | 607 | ¹ BOHM | 72 | EMUL |
| 1189.16±0.12 | | HYMAN | 67 | HEBC |
| 1189.61±0.08 | 4205 | SCHMIDT | 65 | HBC See note with Λ mass |
| 1189.48±0.22 | 58 | ² BHOWMIK | 64 | EMUL |
| 1189.38±0.15 | 144 | ² BARKAS | 63 | EMUL |

¹ BOHM 72 is updated with our 1973 K^- , π^- , and π^0 masses (Reviews of Modern Physics **45** S1 (1973)).

² These masses have been raised 30 keV to take into account a 46 keV increase in the proton mass and a 21 keV decrease in the π^0 mass (note added 1967 edition, Reviews of Modern Physics **39** 1 (1967)).



Σ^+ MEAN LIFE

Measurements with fewer than 1000 events have been omitted.

| VALUE (10^{-10} s) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| 0.8018±0.0026 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 0.8038±0.0040±0.0014 | | BARBOSA 00 | E761 | hyperons, 375 GeV |
| 0.8043±0.0080±0.0014 | | ³ BARBOSA 00 | E761 | hyperons, 375 GeV |
| 0.798 ± 0.005 | 30k | MARRAFFINO 80 | HBC | $K^- p$ 0.42–0.5 GeV/c |
| 0.807 ± 0.013 | 5719 | CONFORTO 76 | HBC | $K^- p$ 1–1.4 GeV/c |
| 0.795 ± 0.010 | 20k | EISELE 70 | HBC | $K^- p$ at rest |
| 0.803 ± 0.008 | 10664 | BARLOUTAUD 69 | HBC | $K^- p$ 0.4–1.2 GeV/c |
| 0.83 ± 0.032 | 1300 | ⁴ CHANG 66 | HBC | |

³ This is a measurement of the $\bar{\Sigma}^-$ lifetime. Here we assume *CPT* invariance; see below for the fractional $\Sigma^+ \text{-} \bar{\Sigma}^-$ lifetime difference obtained by BARBOSA 00.

⁴ We have increased the CHANG 66 error of 0.018; see our 1970 edition, Reviews of Modern Physics **42** 87 (1970).

$$(\tau_{\Sigma^+} - \tau_{\bar{\Sigma}^-}) / \tau_{\Sigma^+}$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------------|-------------|------|-------------------|
| (-6±12) × 10⁻⁴ | BARBOSA 00 | E761 | hyperons, 375 GeV |

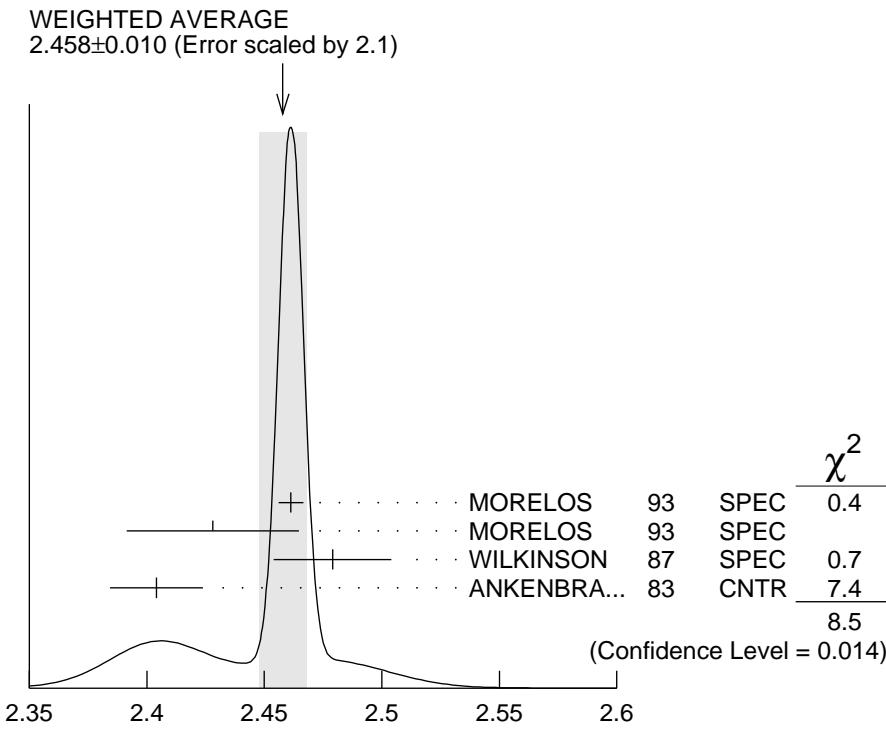
Σ^+ MAGNETIC MOMENT

See the “Note on Baryon Magnetic Moments” in the Λ Listings. Measurements with an error $\geq 0.1 \mu_N$ have been omitted.

| VALUE (μ_N) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------|----------------|
| 2.458 ±0.010 OUR AVERAGE | Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below. | | | |
| 2.4613±0.0034±0.0040 | 250k | MORELOS 93 | SPEC | p Cu 800 GeV |
| 2.428 ± 0.036 ± 0.007 | 12k | ⁵ MORELOS 93 | SPEC | p Cu 800 GeV |
| 2.479 ± 0.012 ± 0.022 | 137k | WILKINSON 87 | SPEC | p Be 400 GeV |
| 2.4040±0.0198 | 44k | ⁶ ANKENBRA... 83 | CNTR | p Cu 400 GeV |

⁵ We assume *CPT* invariance: this is (minus) the $\bar{\Sigma}^-$ magnetic moment as measured by MORELOS 93. See below for the moment difference testing *CPT*.

⁶ ANKENBRANDT 83 gives the value $2.38 \pm 0.02 \mu_N$. MORELOS 93 uses the same hyperon magnet and channel and claims to determine the field integral better, leading to the revised value given here.



$$(\mu_{\Sigma^+} + \mu_{\Sigma^-}) / \mu_{\Sigma^+}$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------|--------------|------|----------------|
| 0.014±0.015 | 7 MORELOS 93 | SPEC | p Cu 800 GeV |

⁷ This is our calculation from the MORELOS 93 measurements of the Σ^+ and Σ^- magnetic moments given above. The statistical error on μ_{Σ^-} dominates the error here.

Σ^+ DECAY MODES

| Mode | Fraction (Γ_i/Γ) | Confidence level |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| $\Gamma_1 p\pi^0$ | $(51.57 \pm 0.30) \%$ | |
| $\Gamma_2 n\pi^+$ | $(48.31 \pm 0.30) \%$ | |
| $\Gamma_3 p\gamma$ | $(1.23 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-3}$ | |
| $\Gamma_4 n\pi^+\gamma$ | [a] $(4.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$ | |
| $\Gamma_5 \Lambda e^+ \nu_e$ | $(2.0 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$ | |

$\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (*SQ*) violating modes or
 $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (*S1*) modes

| | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|-----|
| $\Gamma_6 ne^+ \nu_e$ | <i>SQ</i> | < 5 | $\times 10^{-6}$ | 90% |
| $\Gamma_7 n\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ | <i>SQ</i> | < 3.0 | $\times 10^{-5}$ | 90% |
| $\Gamma_8 pe^+ e^-$ | <i>S1</i> | < 7 | $\times 10^{-6}$ | |
| $\Gamma_9 p\mu^+ \mu^-$ | <i>S1</i> | (9 ± 8) | $\times 10^{-8}$ | |

[a] See the Listings below for the pion momentum range used in this measurement.

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 2 branching ratios uses 14 measurements and one constraint to determine 3 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 7.7$ for 12 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x_2 & -100 \\ \hline x_3 & 12 & -14 \\ \hline & x_1 & x_2 \end{array}$$

Σ^+ BRANCHING RATIOS

| $\Gamma(n\pi^+)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ | $\Gamma_2/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)$ | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------|
| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
| 0.4836 ± 0.0030 OUR FIT | | | | |
| 0.4836 ± 0.0030 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 0.4828 ± 0.0036 | 10k | ⁸ MARRAFFINO 80 | HBC | $K^- p$ 0.42–0.5 GeV/c |
| 0.488 ± 0.008 | 1861 | NOWAK | 78 | HBC |
| 0.484 ± 0.015 | 537 | TOVEE | 71 | EMUL |
| 0.488 ± 0.010 | 1331 | BARLOUTAUD | 69 | $K^- p$ 0.4–1.2 GeV/c |
| 0.46 ± 0.02 | 534 | CHANG | 66 | HBC |
| 0.490 ± 0.024 | 308 | HUMPHREY | 62 | HBC |

⁸ MARRAFFINO 80 actually gives $\Gamma(p\pi^0)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.5172 \pm 0.0036$.

| $\Gamma(p\gamma)/\Gamma(p\pi^0)$ | Γ_3/Γ_1 | | | |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|------|---|
| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
| 2.38 ± 0.10 OUR FIT | | | | |
| 2.38 ± 0.10 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 2.32 ± 0.11 ± 0.10 | 32k | TIMM | 95 | E761 Σ^+ 375 GeV |
| 2.81 ± 0.39 ^{+0.21} _{-0.43} | 408 | HESSEY | 89 | CNTR $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^-$ at rest |
| 2.52 ± 0.28 | 190 | ⁹ KOBAYASHI | 87 | CNTR $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+$ |
| 2.46 ^{+0.30} _{-0.35} | 155 | BIAGI | 85 | CNTR CERN hyperon beam |
| 2.11 ± 0.38 | 46 | MANZ | 80 | HBC $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^-$ |
| 2.1 ± 0.3 | 45 | ANG | 69B | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| 2.76 ± 0.51 | 31 | GERSHWIN | 69B | HBC $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^-$ |
| 3.7 ± 0.8 | 24 | BAZIN | 65 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |

⁹ KOBAYASHI 87 actually gives $\Gamma(p\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = (1.30 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$.

$\Gamma(n\pi^+\gamma)/\Gamma(n\pi^+)$ Γ_4/Γ_2

The π^+ momentum cuts differ, so we do not average the results but simply use the latest value in the Summary Table.

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3}) | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 0.93±0.10 | 180 | EBENHOH 73 | HBC | $\pi^+ < 150$ MeV/c |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.27±0.05 | 29 | ANG | 69B | HBC $\pi^+ < 110$ MeV/c |
| ~1.8 | | BAZIN | 65B | HBC $\pi^+ < 116$ MeV/c |

 $\Gamma(\Lambda e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_5/Γ

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5}) | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 2.0±0.5 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 1.6±0.7 | 5 | BALTAY | 69 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| 2.9±1.0 | 10 | EISELE | 69 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| 2.0±0.8 | 6 | BARASH | 67 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |

 $\Gamma(n e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(n\pi^+)$ Γ_6/Γ_2

Test of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule. Experiments with an effective denominator less than 100,000 have been omitted.

| <u>EFFECTIVE DENOM.</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| < 1.1 × 10⁻⁵ OUR LIMIT | | | | Our 90% CL limit = (2.3 events)/(effective denominator sum). [Number of events increased to 2.3 for a 90% confidence level.] |
| 111000 | 0 | 10 EBENHOH | 74 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| 105000 | 0 | 10 SECHI-ZORN | 73 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |

10 Effective denominator calculated by us.

 $\Gamma(n\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(n\pi^+)$ Γ_7/Γ_2

Test of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule.

| <u>EFFECTIVE DENOM.</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|--|
| < 6.2 × 10⁻⁵ OUR LIMIT | | | |
| | | | Our 90% CL limit = (6.7 events)/(effective denominator sum). [Number of events increased to 6.7 for a 90% confidence level.] |
| 33800 | 0 | BAGGETT | 69B |
| 62000 | 2 | 11 EISELE | 69B |
| 10150 | 0 | 12 COURANT | 64 |
| 1710 | 0 | 12 NAUENBERG | 64 |
| 120 | 1 | GALTIERI | 62 |
| | | | EMUL |

11 Effective denominator calculated by us.

12 Effective denominator taken from EISELE 67.

 $\Gamma(p e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6}) | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| <7 | 13 | ANG | 69B | $K^- p$ at rest |

13 ANG 69B found three $p e^+ e^-$ events in agreement with $\gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ conversion from $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\gamma$. The limit given here is for neutral currents.

 $\Gamma(p\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

A test for a $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current, but also allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-8}) | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 8.6^{+6.6}_{-5.4}±5.5 | 3 | 14 PARK | 05 | HYCP p Cu, 800 GeV |

¹⁴ The masses of the three dimuons of PARK 05 are within 1 MeV of one another, perhaps indicating the existence of a new state P^0 with mass 214.3 ± 0.5 MeV. In that case, the decay is $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p P^0$, $P^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, with a branching fraction of $(3.1^{+2.4}_{-1.9} \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-8}$.

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow n e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\Sigma^- \rightarrow n e^- \bar{\nu}_e)$ $\Gamma_6/\Gamma_3^{\Sigma^-}$

| VALUE | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|------|-------------|------|--|
| <0.009 OUR LIMIT | | | | | Our 90% CL limit, using $\Gamma(ne^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(n\pi^+)$ above. |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | | | |
| <0.019 | 90 | 0 | EBENHOH | 74 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| <0.018 | 90 | 0 | SECHI-ZORN | 73 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| <0.12 | 95 | 0 | COLE | 71 | HBC $K^- p$ at rest |
| <0.03 | 90 | 0 | EISELE | 69B | HBC See EBENHOH 74 |

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow n \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\Sigma^- \rightarrow n \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu)$ $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_4^{\Sigma^-}$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT | |
|---|------|-------------|------|--|--|
| <0.12 OUR LIMIT | | | | Our 90% CL limit, using $\Gamma(n\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(n\pi^+)$ above. | |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | | | |
| 0.06 ^{+0.045} _{-0.03} | 2 | EISELE | 69B | HBC $K^- p$ at rest | |

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow n \ell^+ \nu)/\Gamma(\Sigma^- \rightarrow n \ell^- \bar{\nu})$ $(\Gamma_6 + \Gamma_7)/(\Gamma_3^{\Sigma^-} + \Gamma_4^{\Sigma^-})$

| TEST OF $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ RULE. | VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-------|---------|-------------|------|--|
| <0.043 OUR LIMIT | | | | | $[\Gamma(ne^+ \nu_e) + \Gamma(n\mu^+ \nu_\mu)]/\Gamma(n\pi^+)$. |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | | | |
| <0.08 | 1 | NORTON | 69 | HBC | |
| <0.034 | 0 | BAGGETT | 67 | HBC | |

Σ^+ DECAY PARAMETERS

See the “Note on Baryon Decay Parameters” in the neutron Listings. A few early results have been omitted.

α_0 FOR $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p \pi^0$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT | |
|---|------|-------------|------|---|--|
| -0.980 ^{+0.017} _{-0.015} OUR FIT | | | | | |
| -0.980 ^{+0.017} _{-0.013} OUR AVERAGE | | | | | |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | | | |
| -0.945 ^{+0.055} _{-0.042} | 1259 | 15 LIPMAN | 73 | OSPK $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+$ | |
| -0.940 \pm 0.045 | 16k | BELLAMY | 72 | ASPK $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+$ | |
| -0.98 ^{+0.05} _{-0.02} | 1335 | 16 HARRIS | 70 | OSPK $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+$ | |
| -0.999 \pm 0.022 | 32k | BANGERTER | 69 | HBC $K^- p$ 0.4 GeV/c | |

¹⁵ Decay protons scattered off aluminum.

¹⁶ Decay protons scattered off carbon.

ϕ_0 ANGLE FOR $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\pi^0$ **($\tan \phi_0 = \beta/\gamma$)**

| VALUE (°) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------|------|---|
| 36 ± 34 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 38.1 ^{+35.7} _{-37.1} | 1259 | 17 LIPMAN | 73 | OSPK $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+$ |
| 22 ± 90 | | 18 HARRIS | 70 | OSPK $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+$ |
| 17 Decay proton scattered off aluminum. 18 Decay protons scattered off carbon. | | | | |

 α_+ / α_0

Older results have been omitted.

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------|------|----------------------------|
| -0.069±0.013 OUR FIT | | | | |
| -0.073±0.021 | 23k | MARRAFFINO | 80 | HBC $K^- p$ 0.42–0.5 GeV/c |

 α_+ FOR $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow n\pi^+$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|------|-------------|------|---------|
| 0.068±0.013 OUR FIT | | | | |
| 0.066±0.016 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |

| | | | | |
|-------------|------|-----------|-----|-----------------------|
| 0.037±0.049 | 4101 | BERLEY | 70B | HBC |
| 0.069±0.017 | 35k | BANGERTER | 69 | HBC $K^- p$ 0.4 GeV/c |

 ϕ_+ ANGLE FOR $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow n\pi^+$ **($\tan \phi_+ = \beta/\gamma$)**

| VALUE (°) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------|------|-----------------------|
| 167±20 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.1. | | | | |
| 184±24 | 1054 | 19 BERLEY | 70B | HBC |
| 143±29 | 560 | BANGERTER | 69B | HBC $K^- p$ 0.4 GeV/c |

19 Changed from 176 to 184° to agree with our sign convention.

 α_γ FOR $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\gamma$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------|------|---|
| -0.76 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| -0.720±0.086±0.045 | 35k | 20 FOUCHER | 92 | SPEC Σ^+ 375 GeV |
| -0.86 ± 0.13 ± 0.04 | 190 | KOBAYASHI | 87 | CNTR $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+$ |
| -0.53 ^{+0.38} _{-0.36} | 46 | MANZ | 80 | HBC $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^-$ |
| -1.03 ^{+0.52} _{-0.42} | 61 | GERSHWIN | 69B | HBC $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^-$ |

20 See TIMM 95 for a detailed description of the analysis.

 Σ^+ REFERENCES

We have omitted some papers that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

| | | | | |
|-------------|----|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| PARK | 05 | PRL 94 021801 | H.K. Park <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL HyperCP Collab.) |
| BARBOSA | 00 | PR D61 031101 | R.F. Barbosa <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E761 Collab.) |
| TIMM | 95 | PR D51 4638 | S. Timm <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E761 Collab.) |
| MORELOS | 93 | PRL 71 3417 | A. Morelos <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E761 Collab.) |
| FOUCHER | 92 | PRL 68 3004 | M. Foucher <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E761 Collab.) |
| HESSEY | 89 | ZPHY C42 175 | N.P. Hessey <i>et al.</i> | (BNL-811 Collab.) |
| KOBAYASHI | 87 | PRL 59 868 | M. Kobayashi <i>et al.</i> | (KYOT) |
| WILKINSON | 87 | PRL 58 855 | C.A. Wilkinson <i>et al.</i> | (WISC, MICH, RUTG+) |
| BIAGI | 85 | ZPHY C28 495 | S.F. Biagi <i>et al.</i> | (CERN WA62 Collab.) |
| ANKENBRA... | 83 | PRL 51 863 | C.M. Ankenbrandt <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL, IOWA, ISU+) |

| | | | | |
|------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| MANZ | 80 | PL 96B 217 | A. Manz <i>et al.</i> | (MPIM, VAND) |
| MARRAFFINO | 80 | PR D21 2501 | J. Marraffino <i>et al.</i> | (VAND, MPIM) |
| NOWAK | 78 | NP B139 61 | R.J. Nowak <i>et al.</i> | (LOUC, BELG, DURH+) |
| CONFORTO | 76 | NP B105 189 | B. Conforto <i>et al.</i> | (RHEL, LOIC) |
| EBENHOH | 74 | ZPHY 266 367 | H. Ebenhoh <i>et al.</i> | (HEIDT) |
| EBENHOH | 73 | ZPHY 264 413 | W. Ebenhoh <i>et al.</i> | (HEIDT) |
| LIPMAN | 73 | PL 43B 89 | N.H. Lipman <i>et al.</i> | (RHEL, SUSS, LOWC) |
| PDG | 73 | RMP 45 S1 | T.A. Lasinski <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, BRAN, CERN+) |
| SECHI-ZORN | 73 | PR D8 12 | B. Sechi-Zorn, G.A. Snow | (UMD) |
| BELLAMY | 72 | PL 39B 299 | E.H. Bellamy <i>et al.</i> | (LOWC, RHEL, SUSS) |
| BOHM | 72 | NP B48 1 | G. Bohm <i>et al.</i> | (BERL, KIDR, BRUX, IASD+) |
| Also | | IIIHE-73.2 Nov | G. Bohm | (BERL, KIDR, BRUX, IASD, DUUC+) |
| COLE | 71 | PR D4 631 | J. Cole <i>et al.</i> | (STON, COLU) |
| TOVEE | 71 | NP B33 493 | D.N. Tovee <i>et al.</i> | (LOUC, KIDR, BERL+) |
| BERLEY | 70B | PR D1 2015 | D. Berley <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, MASA, YALE) |
| EISELE | 70 | ZPHY 238 372 | F. Eisele <i>et al.</i> | (HEID) |
| HARRIS | 70 | PRL 24 165 | F. Harris <i>et al.</i> | (MICH, WISC) |
| PDG | 70 | RMP 42 87 | A. Barbaro-Galtieri <i>et al.</i> | (LRL, BRAN+) |
| ANG | 69B | ZPHY 228 151 | G. Ang <i>et al.</i> | (HEID) |
| BAGGETT | 69B | Thesis MDDP-TR-973 | N.V. Baggett | (UMD) |
| BALTAY | 69 | PRL 22 615 | C. Baltay <i>et al.</i> | (COLU, STON) |
| BANGERTER | 69 | Thesis UCRL 19244 | R.O. Bangerter | (LRL) |
| BANGERTER | 69B | PR 187 1821 | R.O. Bangerter <i>et al.</i> | (LRL) |
| BARLOUTAUD | 69 | NP B14 153 | R. Barloutaud <i>et al.</i> | (SACL, CERN, HEID) |
| EISELE | 69 | ZPHY 221 1 | F. Eisele <i>et al.</i> | (HEID) |
| Also | | PRL 13 291 | W. Willis <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CERN, HEID, UMD) |
| EISELE | 69B | ZPHY 221 401 | F. Eisele <i>et al.</i> | (HEID) |
| GERSHWIN | 69B | PR 188 2077 | L.K. Gershwin <i>et al.</i> | (LRL) |
| Also | | Thesis UCRL 19246 | L.K. Gershwin | (LRL) |
| NORTON | 69 | Thesis Nevis 175 | H. Norton | (COLU) |
| BAGGETT | 67 | PRL 19 1458 | N. Baggett <i>et al.</i> | (UMD) |
| Also | | Vienna Abs. 374 | N.V. Baggett, B. Kehoe | (UMD) |
| Also | | Private Comm. | N.V. Baggett | (UMD) |
| BARASH | 67 | PRL 19 181 | N. Barash <i>et al.</i> | (UMD) |
| EISELE | 67 | ZPHY 205 409 | F. Eisele <i>et al.</i> | (HEID) |
| HYMAN | 67 | PL 25B 376 | L.G. Hyman <i>et al.</i> | (ANL, CMU, NWES) |
| PDG | 67 | RMP 39 1 | A.H. Rosenfeld <i>et al.</i> | (LRL, CERN, YALE) |
| CHANG | 66 | PR 151 1081 | C.Y. Chang | (COLU) |
| Also | | Thesis Nevis 145 | C.Y. Chang | (COLU) |
| BAZIN | 65 | PRL 14 154 | M. Bazin <i>et al.</i> | (PRIN, COLU) |
| BAZIN | 65B | PR 140B 1358 | M. Bazin <i>et al.</i> | (PRIN, RUTG, COLU) |
| SCHMIDT | 65 | PR 140B 1328 | P. Schmidt | (COLU) |
| BHOWMIK | 64 | NP 53 22 | B. Bhowmik <i>et al.</i> | (DELH) |
| COURANT | 64 | PR 136 B1791 | H. Courant <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEID, UMD+) |
| NAUENBERG | 64 | PRL 12 679 | U. Nauenberg <i>et al.</i> | (COLU, RUTG, PRIN) |
| BARKAS | 63 | PRL 11 26 | W.H. Barkas, J.N. Dyer, H.H. Heckman | (LRL) |
| Also | | Thesis UCRL 9450 | J.N. Dyer | (LRL) |
| GALTIERI | 62 | PRL 9 26 | A. Barbaro-Galtieri <i>et al.</i> | (LRL) |
| HUMPHREY | 62 | PR 127 1305 | W.E. Humphrey, R.R. Ross | (LRL) |