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t-QUARK MASS

We first list the direct measurements of the top quark mass which employ the event kinematics and then list the measurements which extract a top quark mass from the measured $t\bar{t}$ cross-section using theory calculations. A discussion of the definition of the top quark mass in these measurements can be found in the review "The Top Quark."

OUR EVALUATION of $173.21\pm0.51\pm0.71$ GeV is an average of published top mass measurements from Tevatron Runs. The first combination of the top-quark mass measurements, including some unpublished data, has been performed by the CDF and D0 experiments at the Tevatron and ATLAS and CMS experiments at the LHC. The resulting combined top-quark mass is $173.34\pm0.27\pm0.71$ GeV, consistent with Tevatron average. The latest Tevatron average, $174.34\pm0.37\pm0.52$ GeV, was provided by the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group (TEVEWWG). It takes correlated uncertainties into account and has a χ^2 of 10.8 for 11 degrees of freedom.

For earlier search limits see PDG 96, Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996). We no longer include a compilation of indirect top mass determinations from Standard Model Electroweak fits in the Listings (our last compilation can be found in the Listings of the 2007 partial update). For a discussion of current results see the reviews "The Top Quark" and "Electroweak Model and Constraints on New Physics."

t-Quark Mass (Direct Measurements)

The following measurements extract a t-quark mass from the kinematics of $t\overline{t}$ events. They are sensitive to the top quark mass used in the MC generator that is usually interpreted as the pole mass, but the theoretical uncertainty in this interpretation is hard to quantify. See the review "The Top Quark" and references therein for more information.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
173.21± 0.51± 0.71 O	UR EVALUATION	See commer	nts in the header above.
$175.07 \pm 1.19 ^{+}_{-}1.58$	$^{ m 1}$ AALTONEN	14N CDF	small $ ot\!\!E_T$, 6–8 jets ($\geq 1b$ -tag)
$174.98 \pm \ 0.58 \pm \ 0.49$	² ABAZOV		$\ell + ot \!$
$173.49 \pm 0.69 \pm 1.21$	³ CHATRCHYAN	N14C CMS	\geq 6 jets (\geq 2 <i>b</i> -tag)
$173.93 \pm \ 1.64 \pm \ 0.87$	⁴ AALTONEN	13H CDF	$ ot\!\!\!E_T + \geq$ 4 jets (\geq 1 b)
$173.9 \pm 0.9 {}^{+}_{-} {}^{1.7}_{2.1}$	⁵ CHATRCHYAN	N 13S CMS	$\ell\ell + E_T + \geq 2 extit{b-tag} \; (MT2_{ig(Tig)})$
$174.5 \;\pm\; 0.6 \;\pm\; 2.3$	⁶ AAD	12ı ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$
$172.85 \pm \ 0.71 \pm \ 0.85$	⁷ AALTONEN	12AI CDF	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \ge 4$ j (0,1,2 b) template
$172.7 \pm 9.3 \pm 3.7$	⁸ AALTONEN		$ au_{m h}+ ot\!\!\!E_T$ +4j ($\geq 1b$)
$173.9 \pm 1.9 \pm 1.6$	⁹ ABAZOV		$\ell\ell + ot\!$
$172.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.5$	¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN	N 12BA CMS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{\cancel{E}_T}+\geq 2j$ ($\geq 1b$), AMWT

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11 CHATRCHYAN 12BP CMS
173.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.98
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 4j \ (\geq 2b)
172.1 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.9
                                 <sup>12</sup> AALTONEN
                                                        11E CDF
                                                                          \ell + jets and dilepton
                                 <sup>13</sup> AALTONEN
173.0 \pm 1.2
                                                        10AE CDF
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + 4 jets ( > 1 b-tag),
                                                                             ME method
170.7 \pm 6.3 \pm 2.6
                                 <sup>14</sup> AALTONEN
                                                        10D CDF
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets (b-tag)
                             ^{15,16} ABAZOV
180.1 \pm 3.6 \pm 3.9
                                                        04G D0
                                                                          lepton + jets
176.1 \pm 5.1 \pm 5.3
                                 <sup>17</sup> AFFOLDER
                                                        01
                                                               CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets
                             ^{18,19}\,\mathrm{ABE}
167.4 \pm 10.3 \pm 4.8
                                                        99B CDF
                                                                          dilepton
                                 <sup>16</sup> ABBOTT
168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6
                                                        98D D0
                                                                          dilepton
                             18,20 ABE
      \pm 10
                  ± 5.7
                                                        97R CDF
                                                                          6 or more jets
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
                                 <sup>21</sup> AALTONEN
173.18 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.75
                                                         12AP TEVA
                                                                          CDF, D0 combination
                                 <sup>22</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         12G CDF
172.5 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.5
                                                                          6–8 jets with \geq 1 b
                                 <sup>23</sup> ABAZOV
173.7 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.5
                                                         12AB D0
                                                                          \ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \ge 2 \text{ j } (\nu \mathsf{WT})
                                 <sup>24</sup> AALTONEN
172.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.3
                                                         11AC CDF
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets } (\geq 1 \text{ } b\text{-tag})
172.3 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.0
                                 <sup>25</sup> AALTONEN
                                                        11AK CDF
                                                                          Repl. by AALTONEN 13H
                                 <sup>26</sup> AALTONEN
176.9 \pm 8.0 \pm 2.7
                                                        11T CDF
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets ( \geq 1 b-tag),
                                                                             p_T(\ell) shape
                                 <sup>27</sup> ABAZOV
174.94 \pm 0.83 \pm 1.24
                                                        11P D0
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets ( \geq 1 b-tag)
                                 <sup>28</sup> ABAZOV
174.0 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.4
                                                        11R D0
                                                                          dilepton + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2 jets
                                 <sup>29</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11F CMS
175.5 \pm 4.6 \pm 4.6
                                                                          dilepton + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}
                                 <sup>30</sup> AALTONEN
169.3 \pm 2.7 \pm 3.2
                                                        10c CDF
                                                                          dilepton + b-tag (MT2+NWA)
174.8 \ \pm \ 2.4 \ \begin{array}{c} + \ 1.2 \\ - \ 1.0 \end{array}
                                 <sup>31</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         10E CDF
                                                                          \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                 <sup>32</sup> AALTONEN
                                                        09AK CDF
180.5 \pm 12.0 \pm 3.6
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets} (soft \mu b-tag)
                                 <sup>33</sup> AALTONEN
172.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.2
                                                        09J CDF
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets (b-tag)}
                                 <sup>34</sup> AALTONEN
                                                        09k CDF
171.1 \pm 3.7 \pm 2.1
                                                                          6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                 <sup>35</sup> AALTONEN
171.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.1
                                                        09L CDF
                                                                          \ell + jets, \ell\ell + jets
171.2 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.9
                                 <sup>36</sup> AALTONEN
                                                        090 CDF
                                                                          dilepton
165.5 \ \ {}^{+}_{-} \ \ {}^{3.4}_{3.3} \ \pm \ \ 3.1
                                 <sup>37</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         09x CDF
                                                                          \ell\ell + E_T (\nu\phi \text{ weighting})
                                 <sup>38</sup> ABAZOV
174.7 \pm 4.4 \pm 2.0
                                                         09AH D0
                                                                          dilepton + b-tag (\nuWT+MWT)
170.7 \  \, {}^{+}_{-} \  \, {}^{4.2}_{3.9} \  \, \pm \  \, 3.5
                             39,40 AALTONEN
                                                         08c CDF
                                                                          dilepton, \sigma_{t\overline{t}} constrained
                                 <sup>41</sup> ABAZOV
171.5 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.1
                                                         08AH D0
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets
                             42,43 AALTONEN
177.1 \pm 4.9 \pm 4.7
                                                               CDF
                                                         07
                                                                          6 jets with \geq 1 b \text{ vtx}
172.3 \ ^{+\, 10.8}_{-\, 9.6} \ \pm 10.8
                                 44 AALTONEN
                                                        07в CDF
                                                                           > 4 jets (b-tag)
                                 <sup>45</sup> AALTONEN
174.0 \pm 2.2 \pm 4.8
                                                        07D CDF
                                                                          > 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                             46,47 AALTONEN
170.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.4
                                                        07ı CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets (b-tag)
173.7 \pm 4.4 + 2.1 \\ - 2.0
                             43,48 ABAZOV
                                                        07F D0
                                                                          lepton + jets
                                 <sup>49</sup> ABAZOV
176.2 \pm 9.2 \pm 3.9
                                                        07W D0
                                                                         dilepton (MWT)
                                 <sup>49</sup> ABAZOV
179.5 \pm 7.4 \pm 5.6
                                                        07W D0
                                                                          dilepton (\nuWT)
                             <sup>47,50</sup> ABULENCIA
164.5 \pm 3.9 \pm 3.9
                                                        07D CDF
                                                                          dilepton
180.7 \  \, {}^{+\,15.5}_{-\,13.4} \ \pm \  \, 8.6
                                 <sup>51</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                        07J CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets
170.3 \  \, \begin{matrix} + & 4.1 & + & 1.2 \\ - & 4.5 & - & 1.8 \end{matrix}
                             ^{47,52} ABAZOV
                                                        06U D0
                                                                          lepton + jets (b-tag)
173.2 \ ^{+}_{-} \ ^{2.6}_{2.4} \ \pm \ 3.2
                            53,54 ABULENCIA
                                                        06D CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets
173.5 \  \, {}^{+}_{-} \  \, {}^{3.7}_{3.6} \  \, \pm \  \, 1.3
                            <sup>40,53</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                        06D CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets
                            <sup>47,55</sup> ABULENCIA
165.2 \pm 6.1 \pm 3.4
                                                        06G CDF
                                                                          dilepton
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$170.1 \pm 6.0 \pm 4.$		06∨	CDF	dilepton
$178.5 \pm 13.7 \pm 7.$		05	D0	6 or more jets
$176.1~\pm~6.6$	⁵⁹ AFFOLDER	01	CDF	dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets
$172.1 \pm 5.2 \pm 4.$		99G	D0	di-lepton, lepton+jets
$176.0~\pm~6.5$	^{19,61} ABE	99 B	CDF	dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets
$173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.$	5 16,62 ABBOTT	98F	D0	lepton + jets
$175.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 5.$		98E	CDF	lepton + jets
$161 \pm 17 \pm 10$	¹⁸ ABE	98F	CDF	dilepton
$172.1 \pm 5.2 \pm 4.$		98 B	RVUE	dilepton and lepton+jets
$173.8~\pm~5.0$	⁶⁵ BHAT	98 B	RVUE	dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets
$173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 6.$	2 ¹⁶ ABACHI	97E	D0	lepton + jets
$199 {}^{+ 19}_{- 21} \pm 22$	ABACHI	95	D0	lepton + jets
$176 \pm \ 8 \pm 10$	ABE	95F	CDF	lepton $+$ b -jet
174 ± 10 $+13$ -12	ABE	94E	CDF	lepton $+$ b -jet

- ¹ Based on 9.3 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Multivariate algorithm is used to discriminate signal from backgrounds, and templates are used to measure m_t .
- ² Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. A matrix element method is used to calculate the probability of an event to be signal or background, and the overall jet energy scale is constrained *in situ* by m_W .
- 3 Based on 3.54 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The mass is reconstructed for each event employing a kinematic fit of the jets to a ttbar hypothesis. The combination with the pervious CMS measurements in the dilepton and the lepton+jets channels gives $173.54\pm0.33\pm0.96$ GeV.
- ⁴ Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with an identified charged lepton or small $\not\!\!E_T$ are rejected from the event sample, so that the measurement is statistically independent from those in the $\ell+$ jets and all hadronic channels while being sensitive to those events with a τ lepton in the final state.
- 5 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13S studied events with di-lepton $+ \not\!\!E_T + \, \geq 2$ b-jets, and looked for kinematical endpoints of MT2, MT2_T, and subsystem variables.
- 6 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses 2d-template analysis (MT) with m_t and jet energy scale factor (JSF) from m_W mass fit.
- ⁷ Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The JES is calibrated by using the dijet mass from the W boson decay.
- ⁸ Use the ME method based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV.
- 9 Combination with the result in 1 fb $^{-1}$ of preceding data reported in ABAZOV 09AH as well as the MWT result of ABAZOV 11R with a statistical correlation of 60%.
- Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses an analytical matrix weighting technique (AMWT) and full kinematic analysis (KIN).
- ¹¹ Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The first error is statistical and JES combined, and the second is systematic. Ideogram method is used to obtain 2D liklihood for the kinematical fit with two parameters mtop and JES.
- 12 Based on 5.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Employs a multi-dimensional template likelihood technique where the lepton plus jets (one or two b-tags) channel gives $172.2\pm1.2\pm0.9$ GeV while the dilepton channel yields $170.3\pm2.0\pm3.1$ GeV. The results are combined. OUR EVALUATION includes the measurement in the dilepton channel only.
- 13 Based on 5.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The likelihood calculated using a matrix element method gives $m_t=173.0\pm0.7(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.6(\mathrm{JES})\pm0.9(\mathrm{syst})$ GeV, for a total uncertainty of 1.2 GeV.
- ¹⁴ Based on 1.9 fb⁻¹ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The result is from the measurement using the transverse decay length of *b*-hadrons and that using the transverse

momentum of the W decay muons, which are both insensitive to the JES (jet energy scale) uncertainty. OUR EVALUATION uses only the measurement exploiting the decay length significance which yields $166.9^{+9.5}_{-8.5}(\text{stat}) \pm 2.9$ (syst) GeV. The measurement that uses the lepton transverse momentum is excluded from the average because of a statistical correlation with other samples.

- ¹⁵ Obtained by re-analysis of the lepton + jets candidate events that led to ABBOTT 98F. It is based upon the maximum likelihood method which makes use of the leading order matrix elements
- 16 Based on 125 \pm 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.
- 17 Based on $\sim 106\,\mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8\,\mathrm{TeV}$.
- 18 Based on $109 \pm 7 \, \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8 \, \mathrm{TeV}$.
- ¹⁹ See AFFOLDER 01 for details of systematic error re-evaluation.
- 20 Based on the first observation of all hadronic decays of $t\bar{t}$ pairs. Single b-quark tagging with jet-shape variable constraints was used to select signal enriched multi-jet events. The updated systematic error is listed. See AFFOLDER 01, appendix C.
- ²¹ Combination based on up to 5.8 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV.
- ²² Based on 5.8 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The quoted systematic error is the sum of JES(± 1.0) and systematic(± 1.1) uncertainties. The measurement is performed with a liklihood fit technique which simultaneously determines m_t and JES.
- 23 Based on 4.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data in p-pbar collisions at 1.96 TeV. The measurement reduces the JES uncertainty by using the single lepton channel study of ABAZOV 11P.
- 24 Based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and JES combined, and the latter is from the other systematic uncertainties. The result is obtained using an unbinned maximum likelihood method where the top quark mass and the JES are measured simultaneously, with $\Delta_{JES}=0.3\pm0.3({\rm stat}).$
- 25 Based on 5.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with an identified charged lepton or small $\not\!\!\!E_T$ are rejected from the event sample, so that the measurement is statistically independent from those in the ℓ + jets and all hadronic channels while being sensitive to those events with a τ lepton in the final state. Supersedes AALTONEN 07B.
- 26 Uses a likelihood fit of the lepton p_T distribution based on 2.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ²⁷ Based on 3.6 fb⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11P reports 174.94 \pm 0.83 \pm 0.78 \pm 0.96 GeV, where the first uncertainty is from statistics, the second from JES, and the last from other systematic uncertainties. We combine the JES and systematic uncertainties. A matrix-element method is used where the JES uncertainty is constrained by the W mass. ABAZOV 11P describes a measurement based on 2.6 fb⁻¹ that is combined with ABAZOV 08AH, which employs an independent 1 fb⁻¹ of data.
- ²⁸ Based on a matrix-element method which employs 5.4 fb⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 12AB.
- ²⁹ Based on 36 pb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. A Kinematic Method using b-tagging and an analytical Matrix Weighting Technique give consistent results and are combined. Superseded by CHATRCHYAN 12BA.
- 30 Based on 3.4 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The result is obtained by combining the MT2 variable method and the NWA (Neutrino Weighting Algorithm). The MT2 method alone gives $m_t=168.0^{+4.8}_{-4.0}(\mathrm{stat})\pm2.9(\mathrm{syst})$ GeV with smaller systematic error due to small JES uncertainty.
- 31 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and JES uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics. Neural-network-based kinematical selection of 6 highest E_T jets with a vtx b-tag is used to distinguish signal from background. Superseded by AALTONEN 12G.
- ³² Based on 2 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The top mass is obtained from the measurement of the invariant mass of the lepton (e or μ) from W decays and the soft μ in b-jet. The result is insensitive to jet energy scaling.

- 33 Based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. The first error is from statistics and jet energy scale uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics. Matrix element method with effective propagators.
- 34 Based on 943 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistical and jet-energy-scale uncertainties, and the latter is from other systematics. AALTONEN 09K selected 6 jet events with one or more vertex b-tags and used the tree-level matrix element to construct template models of signal and background.
- 35 Based on $^{1.9}$ fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. The first error is from statistical and jet-energy-scale (JES) uncertainties, and the second is from other systematics. Events with lepton + jets and those with dilepton + jets were simultaneously fit to constrain m_t and JES. Lepton + jets data only give $m_t=171.8\pm2.2$ GeV, and dilepton data only give $m_t = 171.2^{+5.3}_{-5.1} \text{ GeV}.$
- 36 Based on 2 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Matrix Element method. Optimal selection with and without b-tag are obtained by neural network with neuroevolution technique to minimize the statistical error of $m_{ au}$.
- 37 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Mass m_t is estimated from the likelihood for the eight-fold kinematical solutions in the plane of the azimuthal angles of the two
- neutrino momenta. 38 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Events with two identified leptons, and those with one lepton plus one isolated track and a b-tag were used to constrain m_t . The result is a combination of the νWT (ν Weighting Technique) result of 176.2 \pm 4.8 \pm 2.1 GeV and the MWT (Matrix-element Weighting Technique) result of 173.2 \pm 4.9 \pm 2.0
- Reports measurement of $170.7^{+4.2}_{-3.9}\pm2.6\pm2.4$ GeV based on $1.2~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 1.96 TeV. The last error is due to the theoretical uncertainty on $\sigma_{t\,\overline{t}}$. Without the cross-section constraint a top mass of $169.7^{+5.2}_{-4.9} \pm 3.1$ GeV is obtained.
- ⁴⁰ Template method.
- ⁴¹ Result is based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and jet energy scale uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics.
- ⁴² Based on 310 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ⁴³ Ideogram method.
- 44 Based on 311 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with 4 or more jets with $E_T>$ 15 GeV, significant missing E_T , and secondary vertex b-tag are used in the fit. About 44% of the signal acceptance is from $\tau\nu+4$ jets. Events with identified e or μ are vetoed to provide a statistically independent measurement.
- 45 Based on $1.02~{
 m fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Superseded by AALTONEN 12G.
- 46 Based on 955 pb $^{-1}$ of data $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. m_t and JES (Jet Energy Scale) are fitted simultaneously, and the first error contains the JES contribution of 1.5 GeV.
- 47 Matrix element method. 48 Based on 425 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV. The first error is a combination of statistics and JES (Jet Energy Scale) uncertainty, which has been measured simultaneously to give $JES = 0.989 \pm 0.029(stat)$.
- $^{49}\,\rm Based$ on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of MWT (Matrix-element Weighting Technique) and $\nu\rm WT$ (ν Weighting Technique) analyses is 178.1 \pm 6.7 ± 4.8 GeV.
- $^{50}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on $1.0~\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABULENCIA 07D improves the matrix element description by including the effects of initial-state radiation.
- 51 Based on 695 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The transverse decay length of the bhadron is used to determine m_t , and the result is free from the JES (jet energy scale)
- 52 Based on \sim 400 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. The first error includes statistical and systematic jet energy scale uncertainties, the second error is from the other systematics.

The result is obtained with the b-tagging information. The result without b-tagging is $169.2^{+5.0}_{-7.4}^{+1.5}$ GeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 08AH.

- ⁵³ Based on 318 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ⁵⁴ Dynamical likelihood method.
- 55 Based on 340 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 56 Based on 360 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 57 Based on 110.2 \pm 5.8 pb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.8 TeV.
- ⁵⁸ Based on the all hadronic decays of $t\overline{t}$ pairs. Single b-quark tagging via the decay chain $b \to c \to \mu$ was used to select signal enriched multijet events. The result was obtained by the maximum likelihood method after bias correction.
- ⁵⁹ Obtained by combining the measurements in the lepton + jets [AFFOLDER 01], all-jets [ABE 97R, ABE 99B], and dilepton [ABE 99B] decay topologies.
- 60 Obtained by combining the D0 result m_t (GeV) = $168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$ from 6 di-lepton events (see also ABBOTT 98D) and m_t (GeV) = $173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$ from lepton+jet events (ABBOTT 98F).
- ⁶¹ Obtained by combining the CDF results of m_t (GeV)=167.4 \pm 10.3 \pm 4.8 from 8 dilepton events, m_t (GeV)=175.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 5.3 from lepton+jet events (ABE 98E), and m_t (GeV)=186.0 \pm 10.0 \pm 5.7 from all-jet events (ABE 97R). The systematic errors in the latter two measurements are changed in this paper.
- 62 See ABAZOV 04G.
- 63 The updated systematic error is listed. See AFFOLDER 01, appendix C.
- ⁶⁴ Obtained by combining the DØ results of $m_t(\text{GeV}) = 168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$ from 6 dilepton events and $m_t(\text{GeV}) = 173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$ from 77 lepton+jet events.
- 65 Obtained by combining the DØ results from dilepton and lepton+jet events, and the CDF results (ABE 99B) from dilepton, lepton+jet events, and all-jet events.

t-Quark MS Mass from Cross-Section Measurements

The top quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ or pole mass can be extracted from a measurement of $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})$ by using theory calculations. We quote below the $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass. See the review "The Top Quark" and references therein for more information.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
$160.0^{+4.8}_{-4.3}$	¹ ABAZOV	11 S	D0	$\sigma(t\overline{t}) + {\sf theory}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2
 ABAZOV 09AG D0 cross sects, theory $+$ exp 3 ABAZOV 09R D0 cross sects, theory $+$ exp

- 1 Based on $5.3~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11s uses the measured $t\overline{t}$ production cross section of $8.13^{+1.02}_{-0.90}$ pb [ABAZOV 11E] in the lepton plus jets channel to obtain the top quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass by using an approximate NNLO computation (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09). The corresponding top quark pole mass is $167.5^{+5.4}_{-4.9}$ GeV. A different theory calculation (AHRENS 10, AHRENS 10A) is also used and yields $\rm m\overline{MS}=154.5^{+5.0}_{-4.3}$ GeV.
- 2 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Uses the ℓ + jets, $\ell\ell$, and $\ell\tau$ + jets channels. ABAZOV 09AG extract the pole mass of the top quark using two different calculations that yield $169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2}$ GeV (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09) and $168.2^{+5.9}_{-5.4}$ GeV (KIDONAKIS 08).
- 3 Based on $1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}.$ Uses the $\ell\ell$ and $\ell\tau$ + jets channels. ABAZOV 09R extract the pole mass of the top quark using two different calculations that yield $173.3^{+9.8}_{-8.6}~{\rm GeV}$ (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09) and $171.5^{+9.9}_{-8.8}~{\rm GeV}$ (CACCIARI 08).

t-Quark Pole Mass from Cross-Section Measurements

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
174.6±1.9 OUR AVERAGE			
$172.9^{+2.5}_{-2.6}$	¹ AAD	14AY ATLS	pp at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7, 8 TeV
$176.7^{+3.0}_{-2.8}$	² CHATRCHYAN	I14 CMS	pp at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 $^{^1}$ The result is a combination of the measurements $m_t=171.4\pm2.6$ GeV based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 7 TeV and $m_t=174.1\pm2.6$ GeV based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 8 TeV.

$m_t - m_{\overline{t}}$

Test of *CPT* conservation. OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
-0.2 ±0.5 OUR AVERAGE	E Error includes	scale	factor c	of 1.1.
$0.67 \pm 0.61 \pm 0.41$	¹ AAD			$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 4j (\geq 2 \emph{b} -tags)
$-1.95\pm 1.11\pm 0.59$	² AALTONEN			$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 4j (0,1,2 b-tags)
$-0.44\pm0.46\pm0.27$	³ CHATRCHYAN	N 12Y	CMS	$\ell + ar{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq$ 4j
$0.8 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.5$	⁴ ABAZOV	11T	D0	$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + exttt{4 jets (} \geq 1 ext{ } b exttt{-tag)}$
• • • We do not use the foll	owing data for av	erage	s, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
$-3.3 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0$			CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 13E
$3.8 \pm 3.4 \pm 1.2$	⁶ ABAZOV	09A	4 D0	$\ell + ot\!$
				rage top mass of 172.5 GeV/c^2 . In an average top mass of 172.5
³ Based on 4.96 fb ⁻¹ of <i>p</i> events using the Ideogram		7 TeV	. Based	on the fitted $m_t^{}$ for ℓ^+ and ℓ^-
⁴ Based on a matrix-eleme 1.96 TeV.	nt method which	emp	loys 3.6	${\rm fb}^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$
⁵ Based on a template likel = 1.96 TeV.	ihood technique v	vhich	employs	5.6 fb ⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at \sqrt{s}
$^6\mathrm{Based}$ on $1~\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ of data	in $p\overline{p}$ collisions a	at \sqrt{s}	= 1.96	TeV.

t-quark DECAY WIDTH

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
$1.41^{+0.19}_{-0.15}$ OU	IR AVERAGE	Error includes	scale	factor c	f 1.4.
$1.36 \pm 0.02 ^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	14 11	¹ KHACHATRY.	14E	CMS	$\ell\ell + E_T + 2$ -4jets (0-2 b -tag)
2.00 + 0.47		² ABAZOV	12T	D0	$\Gamma(t \rightarrow bW)/B(t \rightarrow bW)$

 $^{^2}$ Used $\sigma(t\overline{t})$ from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV measured in CHATRCHYAN 12AX to obtain $m_t(\text{pole})$ for $\alpha_s(m_Z)=0.1184\pm0.0007.$ The errors have been corrected in KHACHATRYAN 14K.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 6.38	95	³ AALTONEN	13z CDF	$\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 4 \mathrm{j} \; (\; \geq \; 0 \; b),$ direct
$1.99 \! \begin{array}{l} +0.69 \\ -0.55 \end{array}$		⁴ ABAZOV	11B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 12T
> 1.21	95	⁴ ABAZOV	11B D0	$\Gamma(t o Wb)$
< 7.6	95	⁵ AALTONEN	10AC CDF	ℓ $+$ jets, direct
<13.1	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09м CDF	$m_{+}(\text{rec})$ distribution

- 1 Based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The result is obtained by combining the measurement of $R=\Gamma(t\to W\,b)/\Gamma(t\to W\,q\;(q\!=\!b,\!s,\!d))$ and a previous CMS measurement of the t-channel single top production cross section of CHATRCHYAN 12BQ, by using the theoretical calculation of $\Gamma(t\to W\,b)$ for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- ² Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. $\Gamma(t\to bW)=1.87^{+0.44}_{-0.40}$ GeV is obtained from the observed t-channel single top quark production cross section, whereas $B(t\to bW)=0.90\pm0.04$ is used assuming $\sum_q B(t\to qW)=1$. The result is valid for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. See the paper for the values for $m_t=170$ or 175 GeV.
- 3 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The two sided 68% CL interval is 1.10 GeV < Γ_t < 4.05 GeV for $m_t=$ 172.5 GeV.
- ⁴ Based on 2.3 fb⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11B extracted Γ_t from the partial width $\Gamma(t\to Wb)=1.92^{+0.58}_{-0.51}$ GeV measured using the t-channel single top production cross section, and the branching fraction br $t\to Wb=0.962^{+0.068}_{-0.066}(\text{stat})^{+0.064}_{-0.052}(\text{syst})$. The $\Gamma(t\to Wb)$ measurement gives the 95% CL lowerbound of $\Gamma(t\to Wb)$ and hence that of Γ_t .
- 5 Results are based on 4.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The top quark mass and the hadronically decaying W boson mass are reconstructed for each candidate events and compared with templates of different top quark width. The two sided 68% CL interval is 0.3 GeV< $\Gamma_t <$ 4.4 GeV for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- 6 Based on 955 pb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collision data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. AALTONEN 09M selected $t\overline{t}$ candidate events for the $\ell+\cancel{E}_T$ + jets channel with one or two b-tags, and examine the decay width dependence of the reconstructed m_t distribution. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV, whereas the upper limit is lower for smaller m_t .

t DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$t \rightarrow Wq(q = b, s, d)$		
Γ_2	$t \rightarrow Wb$		
Γ ₃	$t ightarrow \ \ell u_\ell$ anything	$[a,b]$ (9.4 ± 2.4) %	
	$t ightarrow au u_{ au} b$		
Γ ₅	$t \rightarrow \gamma q(q=u,c)$	[c] < 5.9 imes 1	10^{-3} 95%
	$\Delta T = 1$ weak neutra	l current (T1) mod	es
Γ_6	$t \rightarrow Zq(q=u,c)$ T1	[d] < 5 × 1	10^{-4} 95%
Γ_7	$t \rightarrow Hq$	< 5.6 × 1	10^{-3} 95%
Γ ₈	$t \rightarrow \ell^{+} \overline{q} \overline{q}'(q=d,s,b; q'=u,c)$		10^{-3} 95%

- [a] ℓ means e or μ decay mode, not the sum over them.
- [b] Assumes lepton universality and W-decay acceptance.
- [c] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to \gamma q)/\Gamma(t \to W b)$.
- [d] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to Zq)/\Gamma(t \to Wb)$.

t BRANCHING RATIOS

TECN COMMENT

$\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q=b,s,d))$

 Γ_2/Γ_1

OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

DOCUMENT ID

0.957 ± 0.034 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes	scale 1	factor of	1.5. See the ideogram below.
0.87 ± 0.07	¹ AALTONEN			$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2j$ (0,1,2 <i>b</i> -tag)
$1.014 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.032$	² KHACHATRY.			$\ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 2,3,4$ j (0–2 <i>b</i> -tag)
0.94 ± 0.09	³ AALTONEN			$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 3 \mathrm{jets} \; (\geq 1 \mathit{b} ext{-tag})$
0.90 ± 0.04	⁴ ABAZOV	11X	D0	_
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the follows:	wing data for ave	rages,	fits, lim	nits, etc. • • •
$0.97 \begin{array}{l} +0.09 \\ -0.08 \end{array}$	⁵ ABAZOV	M80	D0	ℓ + n jets with 0,1,2 <i>b</i> -tag
$1.03 \begin{array}{l} +0.19 \\ -0.17 \end{array}$	⁶ ABAZOV	06к	D0	
$1.12 \begin{array}{c} +0.21 & +0.17 \\ -0.19 & -0.13 \end{array}$	⁷ ACOSTA	05A	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 13G
$0.94 \begin{array}{c} +0.26 \\ -0.17 \\ 0.12 \end{array}$	⁸ AFFOLDER	01 C	CDF	

 $^{^1}$ Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This measurement gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=$ 0.93 \pm 0.04 and $\left|V_{tb}\right|>$ 0.85 (95% CL) in the SM.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The result is obtained by counting the number of b jets per $t\,\overline{t}$ signal events in the dilepton channel. The $t\,\overline{t}$ production cross section is measured to be $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})=238\pm1\pm15$ pb, in good agreement with the SM prediction and the latest CMS measurement of CHATRCHYAN 14F. The measurement gives R>0.995 (95% CL), or $|V_{tb}|>0.975$ (95% CL) in the SM, requiring $R\leq1$.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Measure the fraction of $t \to Wb$ decays simultaneously with the $t\overline{t}$ cross section. The correlation coefficient between those two measurements is -0.434. Assume unitarity of the 3×3 CKM matrix and set $|V_{tb}|>0.89$ at 95% CL.

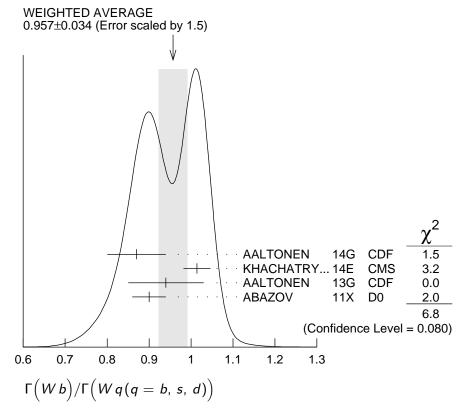
⁴ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The result is a combination of 0.95 \pm 0.07 from ℓ + jets channel and 0.86 \pm 0.05 from $\ell\ell$ channel. $|V^{tb}| = 0.95 \pm 0.02$ follows from the result by assuming unitarity of the 3x3 CKM matrix.

 $^{^5}$ Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 95% CL lower bound R > 0.79 gives $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.89 (95% CL).

⁶ ABAZOV 06K result is from the analysis of $t\overline{t} \to \ell \nu + \geq 3$ jets with 230 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. It gives R >0.61 and $|V_{tb}|>0.78$ at 95% CL. Superseded by ABAZOV 08M.

⁷ ACOSTA 05A result is from the analysis of lepton + jets and di-lepton + jets final states of $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is statistical and the second systematic. It gives R > 0.61, or $|V_{tb}| > 0.78$ at 95% CL.

⁸ AFFOLDER 01C measures the top-quark decay width ratio $R = \Gamma(W\,b)/\Gamma(W\,q)$, where q is a d, s, or b quark, by using the number of events with multiple b tags. The first error is statistical and the second systematic. A numerical integration of the likelihood function gives R > 0.61~(0.56) at 90% (95%) CL. By assuming three generation unitarity, $|V_{t\,b}| = 0.97^{+0.16}_{-0.12}$ or $|V_{t\,b}| > 0.78~(0.75)$ at 90% (95%) CL is obtained. The result is based on 109 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8~{\rm TeV}$.



$\Gamma(\ell u_\ell$ anything $)/\Gamma_{total}$				Г ₃ /Г
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		<u>TECN</u>	
0.094 ± 0.024	¹ ABE	98x	CDF	

 $^{^1\}ell$ means e or μ decay mode, not the sum. Assumes lepton universality and W-decay acceptance.

$$\Gamma(au
u_{ au}b)/\Gamma_{ ext{total}}$$
 $VALUE$
 0.096 ± 0.028
 $DOCUMENT ID$
 $TECN$
 $TECN$
 $COMMENT$
 $\ell+ au_h+ ext{$\geq$ 2jets (\geq 1$b-tag)}$

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

2
 ABULENCIA 06R CDF $\ell au + ext{jets}$ 3 ABE 97V CDF $\ell au + ext{jets}$

¹ Based on 9 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) , and ℓ (e or μ) include ℓ from τ decays (τ_ℓ) . The result is consistent with lepton universality.

 $^{^2}$ ABULENCIA 06R looked for $t\overline{t} \to (\ell\nu_\ell)\,(\tau\nu_\tau)\,b\,\overline{b}$ events in $194~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of $p\,\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. 2 events are found where 1.00 ± 0.17 signal and 1.29 ± 0.25 background events are expected, giving a 95% CL upper bound for the partial width ratio $\Gamma(t\to\tau\nu\,q)\,/\,\Gamma_{SM}(t\to\tau\nu\,q)<5.2.$

³ABE 97V searched for $t\overline{t} \rightarrow (\ell \nu_\ell) (\tau \nu_\tau) b\overline{b}$ events in 109 pb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. They observed 4 candidate events where one expects ~ 1 signal and ~ 2 background events. Three of the four observed events have jets identified as b candidates.

$\Gamma(\gamma q(q=u,c))/$	$\Gamma_{ ext{total}}$					Γ_5/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
< 0.0059	95	$^{ m 1}$ CHEKANOV	03	ZEUS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$	
\bullet \bullet We do not u	se the follo	wing data for avera	ges, fi	ts, limits	s, etc. • • •	
< 0.0064	95	² AARON			$t ightarrow \gamma u$	
< 0.0465	95	³ ABDALLAH	0 4C	DLPH	$B(\gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$	
< 0.0132	95	⁴ AKTAS	04		$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$	
< 0.041	95	⁵ ACHARD	02 J	L3	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$)

 1 CHEKANOV 03 looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^\pm\,p
ightarrow \,\,e^\pm$ (t or \bar{t}) X in 130.1 pb⁻¹ of data at \sqrt{s} =300–318 GeV. No evidence for top production and its decay into bW was found. The result is obtained for $m_t = 175$ GeV when $B(\gamma c)=B(Zq)=0$, where q is a u or c quark. Bounds on the effective $t-u-\gamma$ and t-u-Zcouplings are found in their Fig. 4. The conversion to the constraint listed is from private communication, E. Gallo, January 2004.

98G CDF

 2 AARON 09A looked for single top production via FCNC in $e^\pm p$ collisions at HERA with $474~{
m pb}^{-1}$. The upper bound of the cross section gives the bound on the FCNC coupling $\kappa_{tu\gamma}/\Lambda < 1.03~{\rm TeV}^{-1}$, which corresponds to the result for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.

 3 ABDALLAH 04C looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^ightarrow$ $\overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 541 pb⁻¹ of data at \sqrt{s} =189–208 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to the bound on B($t \to \gamma q$), where q is a u or a c quark, for $m_t = 175$ GeV when B($t \to Zq$)=0 is assumed. The conversion to the listed bound is from private communication, O. Yushchenko, April 2005. The bounds on the effective t-q- γ and t-q-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 7 and Table 4, for $m_t = 170$ –180 GeV, where most conservative bounds are found by choosing the chiral couplings to maximize the negative interference between the virtual γ and Z exchange amplitudes.

 4 AKTAS 04 looked for single top production via FCNC in e^\pm collisions at HERA with 118.3 pb $^{-1}$, and found 5 events in the e or μ channels. By assuming that they are due to statistical fluctuation, the upper bound on the $tu\gamma$ coupling $\kappa_{tu\gamma}$ < 0.27 (95% CL) is obtained. The conversion to the partial width limit, when $B(\gamma c) = B(Zu) = B(Zc)$ = 0, is from private communication, E. Perez, May 2005.

⁵ ACHARD 02J looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 634 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the top-quark decay branching fraction B(γq), where q is a uor c quark. The bound assumes B(Zq)=0 and is for $m_t=175$ GeV; bounds for $m_t=170$ GeV and 180 GeV and B(Zq) $\neq 0$ are given in Fig. 5 and Table 7.

 6 ABE 98G looked for $t\overline{t}$ events where one t decays into $q\gamma$ while the other decays into b W. The quoted bound is for $\Gamma(\gamma q)/\Gamma(W b)$.

$\Gamma(Zq(q=u,c))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

< 0.032

 Γ_6/Γ

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Test for $\Delta T=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

<i>VALUE</i> (units 10 ⁻³) <u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT
< 0.5	95	1 CHATRCHYAN 14S $$ CMS $$ $$ $t ightarrow $ $Z q (q = u, c)$
 ● ● We do no 	ot use the	following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $ullet$ $ullet$
< 0.6	95	² CHATRCHYAN 14S CMS $t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 2.1	95	³ CHATRCHYAN 13F CMS $t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 7.3	95	⁴ AAD 12BT ATLS $t\overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^{+}\ell^{-}\ell'^{\pm} + \cancel{E}_{T} + \text{jets}$
<32	95	5 ABAZOV 11M D0 $t ightarrow \textit{Z}\textit{q}(\textit{q}=\textit{u},\textit{c})$
<83	95	6 AALTONEN 09AL CDF $t ightarrow extit{Z} q \; (q{=}c)$
<37	95	7 AALTONEN 08AD CDF $t ightarrow \mathit{Z} \mathit{q} \; (\mathit{q} = \mathit{u}, \mathit{c})$

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<sup>8</sup> ABDALLAH
< 1.59 \times 10^{2}
                                                                           04C DLPH e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{t}c or \overline{t}u
                              95
< 1.37 \times 10^{2}
                              95
                                              <sup>9</sup> ACHARD
                                                                          02J L3
                                                                                                 e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{t}c \text{ or } \overline{t}u
                                                                           02Q ALEP e^+e^- 
ightarrow \overline{t}c or \overline{t}u
< 1.4 \times 10^{2}
                                            <sup>10</sup> HEISTER
                              95
< 1.37 \times 10^{2}
                              95
                                            <sup>11</sup> ABBIENDI
                                                                           01T OPAL e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{t}c or \overline{t}u
< 1.7 \times 10^{2}
                                            <sup>12</sup> BARATE
                              95
                                                                           00S ALEP e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{t}c or \overline{t}u
< 3.3 \times 10^{2}
                                            <sup>13</sup> ABE
                                                                           98G CDF
                                                                                                 t\overline{t} \rightarrow (Wb) (Zc \text{ or } Zu)
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 $\frac{1}{2}$ CHATRCHYAN 145 combined search limit from this and CHATRCHYAN 13F data.

³ Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Search for FCNC decays of the top quark in $t\overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^\pm_+\nu$ + jets $(\ell,\ell'=e,\mu)$ final states found no excess of signal events.

⁴Based on 2.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁵ Based on 4.1 fb⁻¹ of data. ABAZOV 11M searched for FCNC decays of the top quark in $t\overline{t} \to \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^\pm \nu$ + jets $(\ell, \ell' = e, \mu)$ final states, and absence of the signal gives the bound.

 6 Based on $p\overline{p}$ data of 1.52 fb $^{-1}$. AALTONEN 09AL compared $t\overline{t} \to WbWb \to \ell\nu bjjb$ and $t\overline{t} \to ZcWb \to \ell\ell cjjb$ decay chains, and absence of the latter signal gives the bound. The result is for 100% longitudinally polarized Z boson and the theoretical $t\overline{t}$ production cross section The results for different Z polarizations and those without the cross section assumption are given in their Table XII.

⁷ Result is based on 1.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\overline{t}\to WbZq$ or ZqZq processes have been looked for in $Z+\geq 4$ jet events with and without b-tag. No signal

leads to the bound B(t \rightarrow Zq) < 0.037 (0.041) for $m_t = 175$ (170) GeV.

⁸ ABDALLAH 04C looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 541 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} =189–208 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to the bound on B($t\to Zq$), where q is a u or a c quark, for $m_t=175$ GeV when B($t\to \gamma q$)=0 is assumed. The conversion to the listed bound is from private communication, O. Yushchenko, April 2005. The bounds on the effective t-q- γ and t-q-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 7 and Table 4, for $m_t=170$ –180 GeV, where most conservative bounds are found by choosing the chiral couplings to maximize the negative interference between the virtual γ and Z exchange amplitudes.

⁹ ACHARD 02J looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 634 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the top-quark decay branching fraction B($Z\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B($\gamma\,q$)=0 and is for $m_t=$ 175 GeV; bounds for $m_t=$ 170 GeV and 180 GeV and B($\gamma\,q$) \neq 0 are given in Fig. 5 and Table 7. Table 6 gives

constraints on t-c-e-e four-fermi contact interactions.

HEISTER 02Q looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 214 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 204–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the branching fraction B($Z\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B($\gamma\,q$)=0 and is for m_t = 174 GeV. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)- z couplings are given in their Fig. 2.

¹¹ ABBIENDI 01T looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 600 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to bounds on the branching fractions B($Z\,q$) and B($\gamma\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The result is obtained for $m_t=$ 174 GeV. The upper bound becomes 9.7% (20.6%) for $m_t=$ 169 (179) GeV. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)-v couplings are given in their Fig. 4.

¹² BARATE 00S looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 411 pb $^{-1}$ of data at c.m. energies between 189 and 202 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the branching fraction. The bound assumes B(γq)=0. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)-z couplings are given in their Fig. 4.

13 ABE 98G looked for $t\bar{t}$ events where one t decays into three jets and the other decays

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into qZ with $Z \to \ell\ell$. The quoted bound is for $\Gamma(Zq)/\Gamma(Wb)$.

² Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The flavor changing decay is searched for in $t\bar{t}$ events in the final state (bW)(qZ) when both W and Z decay leptoically, giving 3 charged leptons.

 $\Gamma(Hq)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

VALUE (units
$$10^{-3}$$
) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT 0 TECN COMMENT 0 TECN COMMENT 0 TECN COMMENT 0 TECN 0 TE

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 7.9 95
2
 AAD 14AA ATLS $t \rightarrow Hc \ (H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$ <13 95 3 CHATRCHYAN 14R CMS $t \rightarrow Hc \ (H \rightarrow \geq 2 \ \ell)$

$\Gamma(\ell^+ \overline{q} \overline{q}'(q=d,s,b;q'=u,c))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 Γ_8/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	95	¹ CHATRCHYAN 140	CMS	$\mu + dijets$
• • • We do not use the	following	data for averages, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •
2		1 .		

 $<1.7 \times 10^{-3}$ 95 ¹ CHATRCHYAN 140 CMS e + dijets

t-quark EW Couplings

W helicity fractions in top decays. F_0 is the fraction of longitudinal and F_+ the fraction of right-handed W bosons. F_{V+A} is the fraction of $V\!+\!A$ current in top decays. The effective Lagrangian (cited by ABAZOV 08AI) has terms \mathbf{f}_1^L and \mathbf{f}_1^R for $V\!-\!A$ and $V\!+\!A$ couplings, \mathbf{f}_2^L and \mathbf{f}_2^R for tensor couplings with \mathbf{b}_R and \mathbf{b}_L respectively.

F_0

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.690 ± 0.030 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.726 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.067$	¹ AALTONEN	13D CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.682 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.033$	² CHATRCHYA		$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
0.67 ± 0.07	³ AAD	12BG ATLS	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.722 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.052$	⁴ AALTONEN	12Z TEVA	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.669\!\pm\!0.078\!\pm\!0.065$	⁵ ABAZOV		$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.91\ \pm 0.37\ \pm 0.13$	⁶ AFFOLDER	00в CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$

 $^{^1}$ Based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of pp data. Search for final states with ≥ 3 isolated charged leptons or with a photon pair accompanied by ≥ 1 lepton(s).

 $^{^2}$ Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV and 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of $p\,p$ data. Search for $t\overline{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays hadronically or semi-leptonically. The upper bound constrains the H-t-c Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{\big|Y_{t\,c_L}^H\big|^2+\big|Y_{t\,c_R}^H\big|^2}<0.17$ (95% CL).

 $^{^3}$ Based on $19.5~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Search for final states with 3 or more isolated high E_T charged leptons ($\ell=e,~\mu$) bounds the $t\to~H\,c$ decay in $t\,\overline{t}$ events when H decays contain a pair of leptons. The upper bound constrains the H-t-c Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{|Y^H_{t\,c_L}|^2+|Y^H_{t\,c_R}|^2}<0.21$ (95% CL).

¹ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Baryon number violating decays of the top quark are searched for in $t\bar{t}$ production events where one of the pair decays into hadronic three jets.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.70\ \pm0.07\ \pm0.04$	⁷ AALTONEN	10Q CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 12Z
$0.62\ \pm0.10\ \pm0.05$	⁸ AALTONEN	09Q CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 10Q
$0.425 \pm 0.166 \pm 0.102$	⁹ ABAZOV	08B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 110
$0.85 \ ^{+0.15}_{-0.22} \ \pm 0.06$	¹⁰ ABULENCIA	07ı CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.74 \begin{array}{l} +0.22 \\ -0.34 \end{array}$	¹¹ ABULENCIA	06∪ CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
0.56 ± 0.31	¹² ABAZOV	05G D0	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$

- 1 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 4$ jets(≥ 1 b), and under the constraint $\mathsf{F}_0+\mathsf{F}_++\mathsf{F}_-=1$. The statstical errors of F_0 and F_+ are correlated with correlation coefficient $\rho(\mathsf{F}_0,\mathsf{F}_+)=-0.69$.
- ² Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ³ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq 4j$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2j$. The uncertainties are not independent, $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.96$.
- 4 Based on 2.7 and 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of CDF data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels, and 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of D0 data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels. $F_0=$ 0.682 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.046 if $F_+=$ 0.0017(1), while $F_+=-0.015\pm0.018\pm0.030$ if $F_0=0.688(4)$, where the assumed fixed values are the SM prediction for $m_t=173.3\pm1.1$ GeV and $m_W=80.399\pm0.023$ GeV.
- ⁵ Results are based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV, including those of ABAZOV 08B. Under the SM constraint of $f_0=0.698$ (for $m_t=173.3$ GeV, $m_W=80.399$ GeV), $f_{\perp}=0.010\pm0.022\pm0.030$ is obtained.
- ⁶ AFFOLDER 00B studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t \to Wb$ events. The ratio F_0 is the fraction of the helicity zero (longitudinal) W bosons in the decaying top quark rest frame. B($t \to W_+b$) is the fraction of positive helicity (right-handed) positive charge W bosons in the top quark decays. It is obtained by assuming the Standard Model value of F_0 .
- ⁷ Results are based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained by assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM value. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.88\pm0.11\pm0.06$ and $F_+=-0.15\pm0.07\pm0.06$ with correlation coefficient of -0.59. The results are for $m_t=175$ GeV.
- ⁸ Results are based on 1.9 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM values. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.66\pm0.16\pm0.05$ and $F_+=-0.03\pm0.06\pm0.03$.
- 9 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- $^{10}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 318 pb^{-1} of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV.
- 11 Based on 200 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\to~W\,b\to~\ell\nu\,b$ ($\ell=e~{\rm or}~\mu$). The errors are stat + syst.
- 12 ABAZOV 05G studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with lepton + jets final states, and obtained the fraction of longitudinally polarized W under the constraint of no right-handed current, $F_+=0$. Based on 125 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.

F_{-}

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.314±0.025 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.310 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.022$	¹ CHATRCHYAN 1	Звн CMS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$
0.32 ± 0.04	² AAD 1	2BG ATLS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$
			_ ,

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- 1 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ² Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq 4j$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2j$. The uncertainties are not independent, $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.96$

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

F_{+}

'ERAGE			
	$^{ m 1}$ AALTONEN	13D CDF	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
	² CHATRCHYAN		$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
	³ AAD	12BG ATLS	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
	⁴ ABAZOV	11C D0	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
	⁵ AFFOLDER	00в CDF	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
ollowing	data for averages,	fits, limits, et	
	⁶ AALTONEN	12Z TEVA	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
	⁷ AALTONEN	10Q CDF	Repl. by AALTO- NEN 13D
	⁸ AALTONEN	09Q CDF	Repl. by AALTO- NEN 10Q
	⁹ ABAZOV	08B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 11C
	¹⁰ ABAZOV	07D D0	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
	¹¹ ABULENCIA	07ı CDF	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
95	¹¹ ABULENCIA	07ı CDF	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
95	¹² ABULENCIA	06∪ CDF	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
	¹³ ABAZOV	05L D0	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
95	¹³ ABAZOV	05L D0	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
95	¹⁴ ACOSTA	05D CDF	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
	ollowing 95 95 95	2 CHATRCHYAN 3 AAD 4 ABAZOV 5 AFFOLDER following data for averages, 6 AALTONEN 7 AALTONEN 8 AALTONEN 9 ABAZOV 10 ABAZOV 11 ABULENCIA 95 11 ABULENCIA 95 12 ABULENCIA 13 ABAZOV 95 13 ABAZOV	1 AALTONEN 13D CDF 2 CHATRCHYAN 13BH CMS 3 AAD 12BG ATLS 4 ABAZOV 11C D0 5 AFFOLDER 00B CDF 6 Ollowing data for averages, fits, limits, et 6 AALTONEN 12Z TEVA 7 AALTONEN 10Q CDF 8 AALTONEN 09Q CDF 9 ABAZOV 08B D0 10 ABAZOV 07D D0 11 ABULENCIA 07I CDF 95 12 ABULENCIA 07I CDF 13 ABAZOV 05L D0 95 13 ABAZOV 05L D0

 $^{^1}$ Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 4$ jets(≥ 1 b), and under the constraint $\mathsf{F}_0+\mathsf{F}_++\mathsf{F}_-=1$. The statistical errors of F_0 and F_+ are correlated with correlation coefficient $\rho(\mathsf{F}_0,\mathsf{F}_+)=-0.69$.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j.

⁴ Results are based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV, including those of ABAZOV 08B. Under the SM constraint of $f_0=0.698$ (for $m_t=173.3$ GeV, $m_W=80.399$ GeV), $f_{\perp}=0.010\pm0.022\pm0.030$ is obtained.

⁵ AFFOLDER 00B studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t \to Wb$ events. The ratio F_0 is the fraction of the helicity zero (longitudinal) W bosons in the decaying top quark rest frame. B($t \to W_+b$) is the fraction of positive helicity (right-handed) positive charge W bosons in the top quark decays. It is obtained by assuming the Standard Model value of F_0 .

⁶ Based on 2.7 and 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of CDF data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels, and 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of D0 data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels. $F_0=0.682\pm0.035\pm0.046$ if $F_+=0.0017(1)$, while $F_+=-0.015\pm0.018\pm0.030$ if $F_0=0.688(4)$, where the assumed fixed values are the SM prediction for $m_t=173.3\pm1.1$ GeV and $m_W=80.399\pm0.023$ GeV.

⁷ Results are based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained by assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM value. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.88\pm0.11\pm0.06$ and $F_+=0.00$

- $-0.15\pm0.07\pm0.06$ with correlation coefficient of -0.59. The results are for $m_t=175$ GeV.
- 8 Results are based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM values. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.66\pm0.16\pm0.05$ and $F_+=-0.03\pm0.06\pm0.03$.
- $^9\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- $^{10}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 370 pb^{-1} of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV, using the ℓ + jets and dilepton decay channels. The result assumes $F_0=0.70,$ and it gives $F_+<0.23$ at 95% CL.
- 11 Based on 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ¹² Based on 200 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\to Wb\to \ell\nu b$ ($\ell=e$ or μ). The errors are stat + syst.
- 13 ABAZOV 05L studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t\overline{t}$ events, where one of the W's from t or \overline{t} decays into e or μ and the other decays hadronically. The fraction of the "+" helicity W boson is obtained by assuming $F_0=0.7$, which is the generic prediction for any linear combination of V and A currents. Based on 230 \pm 15 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ACOSTA 05D measures the m_ℓ^2 $_{+b}$ distribution in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one or both W's decay leptonically to $\ell=e$ or μ , and finds a bound on the V+A coupling of the $t\,b\,W$ vertex. By assuming the SM value of the longitudinal W fraction $F_0=\mathrm{B}(t\to W_0\,b)=0.70$, the bound on F_+ is obtained. If the results are combined with those of AFFOLDER 00B, the bounds become $F_{V+A}<0.61$ (95% CL) and $F_+<0.18$ (95% CL), respectively. Based on 109 ± 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV (run I).

F_{V+A}

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
< 0.29	95	$^{ m 1}$ ABULENCIA	07G	CDF	$F_{V+A} = B(t \rightarrow W b_R)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

- ¹ Based on 700 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 2 ACOSTA 05D measures the $m_{\ell_-+b}^2$ distribution in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one or both W's decay leptonically to $\ell=e$ or μ_+ and finds a bound on the V+A coupling of the $t\,b\,W$ vertex. By assuming the SM value of the longitudinal W fraction $F_0=\mathrm{B}(t\to W_0\,b)=0.70$, the bound on F_+ is obtained. If the results are combined with those of AFFOLDER 00B, the bounds become $F_{V+A}<0.61$ (95% CL) and $F_+<0.18$ (95% CL), respectively. Based on 109 \pm 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV (run I).

f_1^R

<u>V</u> ALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fo	ollowing	data for averages,	, fits,	limits, e	tc. • • •
$-0.20 < \mathrm{Re}(V_{tb} \ \mathrm{f}_1^R) < 0.23$	95	¹ AAD	12BG	ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{tb} f_1^R)^2 < 0.93$		² ABAZOV	12E	D0	Single-top
$ f_1^R ^2 < 0.30$	95	³ ABAZOV	121	D0	single-t + W helicity
$ f_1^{ar{R}} ^2 < 1.01$	95	⁴ ABAZOV	09J	D0	$ \mathbf{f}_1^L = 1$, $ \mathbf{f}_2^L = \mathbf{f}_2^R = 0$
$ f_1^{\bar{R}} ^2 < 2.5$	95	⁵ ABAZOV	08AI	D0	$ f_1^{\tilde{L}} ^2 = 1.8^{+1.0}_{-1.3}$

- 1 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j.
- 2 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ³ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.
- ⁴Based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous tbW couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when \mathbf{f}_1^L and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.
- 5 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\rm f}_1^L={\rm V}_{t\,h}^*$.

${\sf f}_{f 2}^L$

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=0
)

- 1 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either ℓ + \geq 4j or $\ell\ell$ + \geq 2j.
- 2 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ³ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.
- 4 Based on $1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous $t\,b\,W$ couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when ${\rm f}_1^L$ and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.
- 5 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\rm f}_1^L={\rm V}_{t\,b}^*.$

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12

CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TEC	N COMMENT
following	data for averages	, fits, limit	s, etc. • • •
95	¹ AAD	12BG ATL	S Constr. on Wtb vtx
95	² ABAZOV	12E D0	Single-top
95	³ ABAZOV	12ı D0	single- $t + W$ helicity
95	⁴ ABAZOV	09J D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} = 1$, $ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{R} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{L} = 0$
95	⁵ ABAZOV	08AI D0	$ \mathbf{f}_1^L ^2 = 1.4 {+0.9 \atop -0.8}^2$
	following 95 95 95 95	following data for averages 95	following data for averages, fits, limit 95

 $^{^1}$ Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either ℓ + \geq 4j or $\ell\ell$ + \geq 2j.

Spin Correlation in $t\overline{t}$ Production in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions

C is the correlation strength parameter, f is the ratio of events with correlated t and \overline{t} spins (SM prediction: f=1), and κ is the spin correlation coefficient. See "The Top Quark" review for more information.

quant review	ioi illoic illioilliatioil.		
<u>VALUE</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use	the following data for a	averages, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
0.85 ± 0.29	$^{ m 1}$ ABAZOV	12B D0	f ($\ell\ell+\geq 2$ jets, $\ell+\geq 4$ jets)
$1.15 ^{+ 0.42}_{- 0.43}$	² ABAZOV	12B D0	f ($\ell + ot \!$
$0.60^{+0.50}_{-0.16}$	³ AALTONEN	11AR CDF	$\kappa\;(\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T\;+\;\geq$ 4 jets)
$0.74^{+0.40}_{-0.41}$	⁴ ABAZOV	11AE D0	f ($\ell\ell$ + $ ot\!$
0.10 ± 0.45	⁵ ABAZOV	11AF D0	C $(\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \ge 2 \text{ jets})$

¹ This is a combination of the lepton + jets analysis presented in ABAZOV 12B and the dilepton measurement of ABAZOV 11AE. It provides a 3.1 σ evidence for the $t\bar{t}$ spin correlation.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.

³ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.

Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous tbW couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when \mathbf{f}_1^L and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.

⁵ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\bf f}_1^L={\bf V}_{t\,b}^*$.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. A matrix element method is used.

³ Based on 4.3 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is based on the angular study of the top quark decay products in the helicity basis. The theory prediction is $\kappa \approx 0.40$.

 $^{^4}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data using a matrix element method. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The no-correlation hypothesis is excluded at the 97.7% CL.

 $^{^5}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The NLO QCD prediction is C = 0.78 \pm 0.03. The neutrino weighting method is used for reconstruction of kinematics.

Spin Correlation in $t\bar{t}$ Production in pp Collisions

Spin correlation, \mathbf{f}_{SM} , measures the strength of the correlation between the spins of the pair produced $t\overline{t}$. $\mathbf{f}_{SM}=1$ for the SM, while $\mathbf{f}_{SM}=0$ for no spin correlation.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use t	he following data for ave	erages, fits, lim	its, etc. • • •
$1.19\!\pm\!0.09\!\pm\!0.18$	¹ AAD	14BB ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell\ell)$ in $\ell\ell$ + \geq 2j events
$1.12 \!\pm\! 0.11 \!\pm\! 0.22$	¹ AAD	14BB ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell j)$ in $\ell+\geq$ 4j events
$0.87 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14$	1,2 AAD	14BB ATLS	S-ratio in $\ell\ell + \geq 2j$ events
$0.75\!\pm\!0.19\!\pm\!0.23$	1,3 AAD	14BB ATLS	$\cos\! heta(\ell^+)\!\cos\! heta(\ell^-)$ in $\ell\ell$ +
$0.83 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.18$	1,4 AAD	14BB ATLS	\geq 2j events $\cos heta(\ell^+)\!\cos\! heta(\ell^-)$ in $\ell\ell$ $+$
			\geq 2j events

¹ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of pp data at \sqrt{s} =7 TeV. The results are for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.

t-quark FCNC Couplings κ^{utg}/Λ and κ^{ctg}/Λ

$VALUE$ (TeV $^{-1}$)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECI	N COMMENT
• • • We do not use th	e following	data for averages	s, fits, limit	s, etc. • • •
< 0.0069	95	¹ AAD	12BP ATL	S t^{tug}/Λ $(t^{tcg}=0)$
< 0.016	95	¹ AAD	12BP ATL	S $t^{tcg}/\Lambda (t^{tug} = 0)$
< 0.013	95	² ABAZOV	10K D0	κ^{tug}/Λ
< 0.057	95	² ABAZOV	10K D0	κ^{tcg}/Λ
< 0.018	95	³ AALTONEN	09N CDF	/ (
< 0.069	95	³ AALTONEN	09N CDF	$\kappa^{tcg}/\Lambda \ (\kappa^{tug}=0)$
< 0.037	95	⁴ ABAZOV	07V D0	κ^{utg}/Λ
< 0.15	95	⁴ ABAZOV	07V D0	κ^{ctg}/Λ

 $^{^{1}}$ Based on 2.05 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The results are obtained from the 95% CL upper limit on the single top-quark production $\sigma(q\,g\to\,t)\cdot \mathrm{B}(t\to\,b\,W)<3.9$ pb, for $q{=}u$ or $q{=}c,~\mathrm{B}(t\to\,u\,g)<~5.7\times10^{-5}$ and $\mathrm{B}(t\to\,u\,g)<~2.7\times10^{-4}$.

$\sigma(Ht\overline{t})/\sigma(Ht\overline{t})_{SM}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following	data for averages	, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •
<6.7	95	¹ AAD	15	ATLS	$Ht\overline{t}; H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
2.8 ± 1.0		² KHACHATRY	14H	CMS	$H \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \tau_h\tau_h, \gamma\gamma, \ WW/ZZ(\text{leptons})$

² The S-ratio is defined as the SM spin correlation in the like-helicity gluon-gluon collisions normalized to the no spin correlation case; see eq.(6) for the LO expression.

³The polar angle correlation along the helicity axis.

⁴ The polar angle correlation along the direction which maximizes the correlation.

² Based on 2.3 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Upper limit of single top quark production cross section 0.20 pb and 0.27 pb via FCNC t-u-g and t-c-g couplings, respectively, lead to the bounds without assuming the absence of the other coupling. B($t \rightarrow u + g$) < 2.0×10^{-4} and B($t \rightarrow c + g$) < 3.9×10^{-3} follow.

³ Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Upper limit of single top quark production cross section $\sigma(u(c)+g\to t)<1.8$ pb (95% CL) via FCNC t-u-g and t-c-g couplings lead to the bounds. B($t\to u+g$) $<3.9\times10^{-4}$ and B($t\to c+g$) $<5.7\times10^{-3}$ follow.

Result is based on 230 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Absence of single top quark production events via FCNC *t-u-g* and *t-c-g* couplings lead to the upper bounds on the dimensioned couplings, κ^{utg}/Λ and κ^{ctg}/Λ , respectively.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV

Direct probe of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT IE)	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We	do not use the fo	ollowing data for a	verages,	fits, lir	mits, etc. • • •
<24	95	$^{ m 1}$ ACOSTA	04н	CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X, tqb + X$
<18	95	² ACOSTA	02	CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X$
<13	95	³ ACOSTA	02	CDF	$p\overline{p} ightarrow tqb + X$

¹ ACOSTA 04H bounds single top-quark production from the s-channel W-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \to t\overline{b}$, and the t-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \to qt\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \, \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

Direct probes of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use	the followi	ng data for avera	ages,	fits, limi	ts, etc. • • •
$1.12 ^{+ 0.61}_{- 0.57}$	1	AALTONEN	14K	CDF	s-channel $(0\ell+ ot\!$
$1.41 ^{+\ 0.44}_{-\ 0.42}$	2	AALTONEN	14L	CDF	s-channel $(\ell+ ot\!$
$1.29 {+0.26\atop -0.24}$	3	³ AALTONEN	14M	TEVA	s-channel (CDF $+$ D0)
$3.04^{+0.57}_{-0.53}$	4	AALTONEN	140	CDF	$s+t+Wt \ (\ell+\cancel{E}_T+2 \ ext{or 3 jets } (\geq 1b ext{-tag}))$
$1.10 {}^{+ 0.33}_{- 0.31}$	5	ABAZOV	130	D0	s-channel
$3.07 {+0.54 \atop -0.49}$	5	ABAZOV	130	D0	t-channel
$4.11 ^{+ 0.60}_{- 0.55}$	5	ABAZOV	130	D0	s- + t-channels
0.98 ± 0.63	6	ABAZOV	11 AA	D0	s-channel
2.90 ± 0.59	6	ABAZOV	11 AA	. D0	t-channel
$3.43^{igoplus 0.73}_{igoplus 0.74}$	7	ABAZOV	11 AD	D0	s- + t-channels
$1.8 \begin{array}{l} +0.7 \\ -0.5 \end{array}$	8	³ AALTONEN	10 AB	CDF	s-channel
0.8 ± 0.4	8	B AALTONEN	10 AB	CDF	t-channel
$4.9 \begin{array}{l} +2.5 \\ -2.2 \end{array}$	9	AALTONEN	10 U	CDF	$ ot\!\!E_T + jets \; decay$

 $^{^1}$ Based on 4.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 7 TeV and 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The result is for $m_H=125.4$ GeV. The measurement constrains the top quark Yukawa coupling strength parameter $\kappa_t=Y_t/Y_t^{SM}$ to be $-1.3~<~\kappa_t~<8.0$ (95% CL).

 $^{^2}$ Based on 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at 7 TeV and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The results are obtained by assuming the SM decay branching fractions for the Higgs boson of mass 125.6 GeV. The signal strength for individual Higgs decay channels are given in Fig. 13, and the preferred region in the $(\kappa_V,\,\kappa_f)$ space is given in Fig. 14.

² ACOSTA 02 bounds the cross section for single top-quark production via the s-channel W-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of data.

³ACOSTA 02 bounds the cross section for single top-quark production via the *t*-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \, \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data.

$3.14 ^{+ 0.94}_{- 0.80}$		¹⁰ ABAZOV	10 D0	t-channel
1.05 ± 0.81		¹⁰ ABAZOV	10 D0	s-channel
< 7.3	95	11 ABAZOV	10J D0	au+ jets decay
$2.3 \begin{array}{l} +0.6 \\ -0.5 \end{array}$		¹² AALTONEN	09AT CDF	s- $+$ t -channel
3.94 ± 0.88		¹³ ABAZOV	09z D0	s- $+$ t -channel
$2.2 \begin{array}{c} +0.7 \\ -0.6 \end{array}$		¹⁴ AALTONEN	08ан CDF	s- + t-channel
4.7 ± 1.3		¹⁵ ABAZOV	08ı D0	s- $+$ t -channel
4.9 ± 1.4		¹⁶ ABAZOV	07H D0	s- $+$ t -channel
< 6.4	95	¹⁷ ABAZOV	05P D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X$
< 5.0	95	¹⁷ ABAZOV	05P D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$
<10.1	95	¹⁸ ACOSTA	05N CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$
<13.6	95	¹⁸ ACOSTA	05N CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X$
<17.8	95	¹⁸ ACOSTA	05N CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X, tqb + X$

- 1 Based on 9.45 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks to separate signal from backgrounds. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. Combination of this result with the CDF measurement in the 1 lepton channel AALTONEN 14L gives $1.36 {+0.37 \atop -0.32}$ pb, consistent with the SM prediction, and is 4.2 sigma away from the background only hypothesis.
- 2 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks to separate signal from backgrounds. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The result is 3.8 sigma away from the background only hypothesis.
- 3 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data per experiment. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and is a combination of the CDF measurements AALTONEN 14L, AALTONEN 14K and the D0 measurement ABAZOV 130 on the s-channel single t-quark production cross section. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 1.05 ± 0.06 pb and the significance of the observation is of 6.3 standard deviations.
- of the observation is of 6.3 standard deviations. ⁴ Based on 7.5 fb⁻¹ of data. Neural network is used to discriminate signals (s-, t- and Wt-channel single top production) from backgrounds. The result is consistent with the SM prediction, and gives $|V_{tb}| = 0.95 \pm 0.09 ({\rm stat + syst}) \pm 0.05 ({\rm theory})$ and $|V_{tb}| > 0.78$ (95% CL). The result is for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.
- 5 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+2$ or 3 jets (1 or 2 b-tag) are analysed, assuming $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The combined s- + t-channel cross section gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}\ f_1^L|=1.12^{+0.09}_{-0.08},$ or $|V_{tb}|\ >0.92$ at 95% CL for $f_1^L=1$ and a flat prior within 0 \leq $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^2 \leq 1.$
- 6 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical + systematic combined. The results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. Results for other m_t values are given in Table 2 of ABAZOV 11AA.
- ⁷ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data and for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The error is statistical + systematic combined. Results for other m_t values are given in Table III of ABAZOV 11AD. The result is obtained by assuming the SM ratio between tb (s-channel) and tqb (t-channel) productions, and gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^L = 1.02^{+0.10}_{-0.11}$, or $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| > 0.79$ at 95% CL for a flat prior within $0 < |\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^2 < 1$.
- ⁸ Based on 3.2 fb⁻¹ of data. For combined s- t-channel result see AALTONEN 09AT.
- ⁹ Result is based on 2.1 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with large missing E_T and jets with at least one b-jet without identified electron or muon are selected. Result is obtained when observed 2.1 σ excess over the background originates from the signal for $m_t=175$ GeV, giving $|V_{tb}|=1.24^{+0.34}_{-0.29}\pm0.07$ (theory).
- 10 Result is based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+E_T+2$,3, 4 jets with one or two b-tags are selected. The analysis assumes $m_t=170$ GeV.

- 11 Result is based on 4.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with an isolated reconstructed tau lepton, missing E_T + 2, 3 jets with one or two *b*-tags are selected. When combined with ABAZOV 09Z result for e + $\,\mu$ channels, the *s* and *t*-channels combined cross section is 3.84 $^{+0.89}_{-0.83}$ pb.
- 12 Based on $3.2~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!E_T$ + jets with at least one b-tag are analyzed and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using the likelihood function, matrix element, neural-network, boosted decision tree, likelihood function optimized for s-channel process, and neural-networked based analysis of events with $\not\!E_T$ that has sensitivity for $W\to \tau\nu$ decays. The result is for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$, and the mean value decreases by 0.02 pb/GeV for smaller m_t . The signal has 5.0 sigma significance. The result gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=0.91\pm0.11~{\rm (stat+syst)}\pm0.07~{\rm (theory)},$ or $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.71$ at 95% CL.
- 13 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!\! E_T+\geq 2$ jets with 1 or 2 b-tags are analyzed and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using boosted decision tree, Bayesian neural networks and the matrix element method. The signal has 5.0 sigma significance. The result gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=1.07\pm0.12$, or $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.78$ at 95% CL. The analysis assumes $m_t=170~{\rm GeV}.$
- Result is based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+E_T+2$, 3 jets with at least one b-tag are selected, and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using likelihood, matrix element, and neural network discriminants. The result can be interpreted as $\left|V_{tb}\right|=0.88^{+0.13}_{-0.12}(\mathrm{stat}+\mathrm{syst})\pm0.07(\mathrm{theory})$, and $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.66$ (95% CL) under the $\left|V_{tb}\right|<1$ constraint.
- Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+E_T+2$, 3, 4 jets with one or two b-vertex-tag are selected, and contributions from W+ jets, $t\overline{t}$, s- and t-channel single top events are identified by using boosted decision trees, Bayesian neural networks, and matrix element analysis. The result can be interpreted as the measurement of the CKM matrix element $|V_{tb}|=1.31^{+0.25}_{-0.21}$, or $|V_{tb}|>0.68$ (95% CL) under the $|V_{tb}|<1$ constraint.
- 16 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This result constrains V_{tb} to 0.68 $<|V_{tb}|\leq 1$ _ at 95% CL.
- ¹⁷ ABAZOV 05P bounds single top-quark production from either the *s*-channel *W*-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b}$, or the *t*-channel *W*-exchange process, $q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b}$, based on \sim 230 pb⁻¹ of data.
- ¹⁸ ACOSTA 05N bounds single top-quark production from the *t*-channel *W*-exchange process $(q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b})$, the *s*-channel *W*-exchange process $(q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b})$, and from the combined cross section of *t* and *s*-channel. Based on $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data.

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in $p\,p$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

Direct probe of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the	following data for	averages, fits, l	limits, etc. • • •
$68 \pm 2 \pm 8$	¹ AAD	14BI ATLS	$\ell + ot \!$
83 \pm 4 $^{+20}_{-19}$	² AAD	12CH ATLS	t -channel $\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+$ (2,3)j (1 b)
67.2± 6.1			t -channel $\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T+\ \ge 2j$ (1 b)
$83.6 \pm 29.8 \pm 3.3$	⁴ CHATRCHYA	AN 11R CMS	t-channel

 $^{^1}$ Based on 4.59 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks for signal and background separation. $\sigma(t\,q)=46\pm1\pm6$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=23\pm1\pm3$ pb are separately measured, as well as their ratio $R=\sigma(t\,q)/\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=2.04\pm0.13\pm0.12.$ The results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and those for other m_t values are given by eq.(4) and Table IV. The measurements give $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1.02\pm0.07$ or $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|>0.88$ (95% CL).

- 2 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1.13^{+0.14}_{-0.13}$ from the ratio $\sigma(\exp)/\sigma(\mathsf{th})$, where $\sigma(\mathsf{th})$ is the SM prediction for $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1$. The 95% CL lower bound of $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| > 0.75$ is found if $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| < 1$ is assumed. $\sigma(t) = 59^{+18}_{-16}$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t}) = 33^{+13}_{-12}$ pb are found for the separate single t and \overline{t} production cross sections, respectively. The results assume $m_t = 172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.
- 3 Based on 1.17 fb $^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=\mu$, 1.56 fb $^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=e$ at 7 TeV collected during 2011. The result gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1.020\pm0.046(\mathsf{meas})\pm0.017(\mathsf{th}).$ The 95% CL lower bound of $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|>0.92$ is found if $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|<1$ is assumed. The results assume $m_t=172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.
- ⁴ Based on 36 pb⁻¹ of data. The first error is statistical + systematic combined, the second is luminosity. The result gives $|V_{tb}|=1.114\pm0.22(\exp)\pm0.02(th)$ from the ratio $\sigma(\exp)/\sigma(th)$, where $\sigma(th)$ is the SM prediction for $|V_{tb}|=1$. The 95% CL lower bound of $|V_{tb}|>0.62$ (0.68) is found from the 2D (BDT) analysis under the constraint $0<|V_{tb}|^2<1$.

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

 VALUE (pb)
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

s-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

23.4 \pm 5.4 CHATRCHYAN 14AC CMS t+W channel, $2\ell+E_T+1b$

 $^{^1}$ Based on 4.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives V $_{tb}=1.01^{+0.16}_{-0.13}(\exp)^{+0.03}_{-0.04}(\text{th}).$ V $_{tb}>0.79$ (95% CL) if V $_{tb}<1$ is assumed. The results assume $m_t=172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.

 $^{^1}$ Based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The t and \overline{t} production cross sections are measured separately as $\sigma_{t-ch.}(t)=53.8\pm1.5\pm4.4$ pb and $\sigma_{t-ch.}(\overline{t})=27.6\pm1.3\pm3.7$ pb, respectively, as well as their ratio $R_{t-ch}=\sigma_{t-ch.}(t)/\sigma_{t-ch.}(\overline{t})=1.95\pm0.10\pm0.19$, in agreement with the SM predictions. Combination with a previous CMS result at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV [CHATRCHYAN 12BQ] gives $|V_{tb}|=0.998\pm0.038\pm0.016$. Also obtained is the ratio $R_{8/7}=\sigma_{t-ch.}(8\text{TeV})/\sigma_{t-ch.}(7\text{TeV})=1.24\pm0.08\pm0.12$.

 $^{^1}$ Based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal and backgrounds. The 95% CL upper bound of the cross section is 14.6 pb. The results are consistent with the SM prediction of 5.61 \pm 0.22 pb at approximate NNLO.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in ep Collisions

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
• • • We do not us	se the followin	g data for average	s, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •	
< 0.25	95	¹ AARON				
< 0.55	95	² AKTAS	04	H1	$e^{\pm} p \rightarrow e^{\pm} t X$	
< 0.225	95	³ CHEKANOV	03	ZEUS	$e^{\pm} p \rightarrow e^{\pm} t X$	

 $^{^1}$ AARON 09A looked for single top production via FCNC in $e^{\pm}p$ collisions at HERA with 474 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 301–319 GeV. The result supersedes that of AKTAS 04.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.8 TeV

Only the final combined $t\bar{t}$ production cross sections obtained from Tevatron Run I by the CDF and D0 experiments are quoted below.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	g data for average	s, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •
$5.69 \pm 1.21 \pm 1.04$	$^{ m 1}$ ABAZOV	03A	D0	Combined Run I data
$6.5 \begin{array}{c} +1.7 \\ -1.4 \end{array}$	² AFFOLDER	01A	CDF	Combined Run I data

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties

idililiosity is iliciade	d iii the systematic	uncertainties.
VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following data for av	verages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
8.1 ±2.1	¹ AALTONEN	14A CDF $\ell+ au_h+ ext{ }\geq ext{ 2jets}$ ($\geq ext{1}b ext{-tag}$)
$7.60 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.21$	² AALTONEN	14H TEVA $\ell\ell$, ℓ +jets, all-jets channels
$8.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5$	³ ABAZOV	14K D0 $\ell + ot\!$
7.09 ± 0.84	⁴ AALTONEN	13AB CDF $\;\ell\ell+ ot\!$
7.5 ± 1.0	⁵ AALTONEN	13G CDF $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge$ 3jets ($\ge 1b$ -tag)
$8.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 2.2$	⁶ AALTONEN	12AL CDF $ au_h + \overline{\not}\!\!\!E_T + 4j \; (\geq 1b)$
$8.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.7$	⁷ AALTONEN	11D CDF $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+$ jets ($\geq 1b$ -tag)
$7.64 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.45$	⁸ AALTONEN	11W CDF $\ell+ ot\!$
$7.99\!\pm\!0.55\!\pm\!0.76\!\pm\!0.46$	⁹ AALTONEN	11Y CDF $ ot\!\!\!E_T + \ge 4 \text{jets (0,1,2 } b\text{-tag)}$
$7.78^{igoplus 0.77}_{-0.64}$	¹⁰ ABAZOV	11E D0 $\ell + ot \!$
$7.56^{igoplus 0.63}_{igoplus 0.56}$	¹¹ ABAZOV	11Z D0 Combination

 $^{^1}$ Based on 12.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with two oppositely charged leptons, large E_T and a b-tagged jet are selected, and a multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 22.2 \pm $0.6(\text{scale}) \pm 1.4(\text{PDF})$ pb at approximate NNLO.

 $^{^2}$ AKTAS 04 looked for single top production via FCNC in e^\pm collisions at HERA with 118.3 pb $^{-1}$, and found 5 events in the e or μ channels while 1.31 \pm 0.22 events are expected from the Standard Model background. No excess was found for the hadronic channel. The observed cross section of $\sigma(ep\to etX)=0.29^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$ pb at $\sqrt{s}=319$ GeV gives the quoted upper bound if the observed events are due to statistical fluctuation.

 $^{^3}$ CHEKANOV 03 looked in 130.1 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 301 and 318 GeV. The limit is for $\sqrt{s}=$ 318 GeV and assumes $m_t=$ 175 GeV.

 $^{^1}$ Combined result from 110 pb $^{-1}$ of Tevatron Run I data. Assume $m_t=172.1$ GeV. 2 Combined result from 105 pb $^{-1}$ of Tevatron Run I data. Assume $m_t=175$ GeV.

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<sup>12</sup> AALTONEN
6.27 \pm 0.73 \pm 0.63 \pm 0.39
                                                                 10AA CDF Repl. by AALTONEN 13AB
                                      <sup>13</sup> AALTONEN
7.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.4
                                                                 10E CDF
                                                                                \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                      <sup>14</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                 10V CDF \ell + \geq 3 jets, soft-e b-tag
7.8 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.5
                                       <sup>15</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                 10W CDF \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 3 jets + b-tag,
7.70 \pm 0.52
                                                                                      norm. to \sigma(Z \to \ell \ell)_{TH}
                                      <sup>16</sup> ABAZOV
6.9\ \pm2.0
                                                                 10I D0
                                                                                   \geq 6 jets with 2 b-tags
6.9\ \pm 1.2\ ^{+0.8}_{-0.7}\ \pm 0.4
                                      <sup>17</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 10Q D0
                                                                                 \tau_h + jets
9.6 \pm 1.2 \, ^{+0.6}_{-0.5} \pm 0.6
                                      <sup>18</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                 09AD CDF \ell\ell+\not\!\!E_T / vtx b-tag
9.1 \pm 1.1 \stackrel{+1.0}{-0.9} \pm 0.6
                                      <sup>19</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                 09H CDF \ell + \geq 3 jets+
ot\!\!\!E_T/soft \mu b-tag
8.18^{igoplus 0.98}_{igoplus 0.87}
                                       <sup>20</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 09AG D0 \ell + jets, \ell\ell and \ell\tau + jets
7.5 \ \pm 1.0 \ ^{+0.7}_{-0.6} \ ^{+0.6}_{-0.5}
                                      <sup>21</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 09R D0 \ell\ell and \ell\tau + jets
8.18^{\,+\,0.90}_{\,-\,0.84}\,{\pm}\,0.50
                                      <sup>22</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 08M D0
                                                                                 \ell + n jets with 0,1,2 b-tag
                                       <sup>23</sup> ABAZOV
7.62 \pm 0.85
                                                                 08N D0
                                                                                 \ell + n \text{ jets} + b \text{-tag or kinematics}
8.5 \begin{array}{l} +2.7 \\ -2.2 \end{array}
                                      <sup>24</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                                        CDF \ell^+\ell^- (\ell=e,\mu)
                                                                 80
8.3\ \pm 1.0\ ^{+2.0}_{-1.5}\ \pm 0.5
                                      <sup>25</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                 07D CDF \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
7.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0
                                       <sup>26</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 070 D0
                                                                                 \ell\ell + jets, vtx b-tag
4.5 \  \, {}^{+\, 2.0}_{-\, 1.9} \  \, {}^{+\, 1.4}_{-\, 1.1} \  \, \pm 0.3
                                      <sup>27</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 07P D0
                                                                                  > 6 jets, vtx b-tag
6.4 \ ^{+1.3}_{-1.2} \ \pm 0.7 \ \pm 0.4
                                      <sup>28</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 07R D0
                                                                                 \ell + \geq 4 jets
6.6 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.4
                                      <sup>29</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 06x D0
                                                                                 \ell + jets, vtx b-tag
8.7 \pm 0.9 \begin{array}{c} +1.1 \\ -0.0 \end{array}
                                      <sup>30</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                                 06Z CDF \ell + jets, vtx b-tag
5.8 \pm 1.2 \, ^{+0.9}_{-0.7}
                                      ^{31} ABULENCIA,A 06C CDF missing E_T + jets, vtx \emph{b}-tag
7.5 \pm 2.1 \begin{array}{c} +3.3 & +0.5 \\ -2.2 & -0.4 \end{array}
                                       <sup>32</sup> ABULENCIA,A 06E CDF 6–8 jets, b-tag
8.9 \pm 1.0 \begin{array}{c} +1.1 \\ -1.0 \end{array}
                                       ^{33} ABULENCIA,A 06F CDF \ell + \geq 3 jets, \emph{b}-tag
8.6 \begin{array}{c} +1.6 \\ -1.5 \end{array} \pm 0.6
                                      <sup>34</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 05Q D0 \ell + n jets
8.6^{+3.2}_{-2.7}\pm1.1\pm0.6
                                      35 ABAZOV
                                                                 05R D0
                                                                                 di-lepton + n jets
<sup>36</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                 05X D0 \ell + jets / kinematics
5.3 \pm 3.3 \, ^{+1.3}_{-1.0}
                                      <sup>37</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                 05S CDF \ell + jets / soft \mu b-tag
                                      <sup>38</sup> ACOSTA
6.6 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.5
                                                                 05T CDF \ell + jets / kinematics
6.0 \begin{array}{l} +1.5 \\ -1.6 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} +1.2 \\ -1.3 \end{array}
                                      <sup>39</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                 050 CDF \ell + jets/kinematics + vtx b-tag
5.6 \begin{array}{c} +1.2 & +0.9 \\ -1.1 & -0.6 \end{array}
                                      <sup>40</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                 05V CDF \ell + n jets
<sup>41</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                 04I CDF di-lepton + jets + missing ET
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¹ Based on 9 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) , and ℓ (e or μ) include ℓ from τ decays (τ_ℓ) . The result is for $m_t=173$ GeV.

- 2 Based on 8.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Combination of CDF and D0 measurements given, respectively, by $\sigma(t\overline{t};$ CDF) = 7.63 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.16 pb, $\sigma(t\overline{t};$ D0) = 7.56 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.46 pb. All the results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The m_t dependence of the mean value is parametrized in eq. (1) and shown in Fig. 2.
- ³Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of data. Differential cross sections with respect to m_{tt} , |y(top)|, $E_T(top)$ are shown in Figs. 9, 10, 11, respectively, and are compared to the predictions of MC models.
- ⁴Based on 8.8 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 5 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Measure the $t\overline{t}$ cross section simultaneously with the fraction of $t\to Wb$ decays. The correlation coefficient between those two measurements is -0.434. Assume unitarity of the 3×3 CKM matrix and set $|V_{tb}|>0.89$ at 95% CL.
- ⁶ Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The result assumes the acceptance for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- ⁷ Based on 1.12 fb⁻¹ and assumes $m_t=175$ GeV, where the cross section changes by ± 0.1 pb for every ∓ 1 GeV shift in m_t . AALTONEN 11D fits simultaneously the $t\bar{t}$ production cross section and the b-tagging efficiency and find improvements in both measurements.
- ⁸ Based on 2.7 fb⁻¹. The first error is from statistics and systematics, the second is from luminosity. The result is for $m_t = 175$ GeV. AALTONEN 11W fits simultaneously a jet flavor discriminator between b-, c-, and light-quarks, and find significant reduction in the systematic error.
- ⁹ Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV. AALTONEN 11Y selects multi-jet events with large $\not\!\!E_T$, and vetoes identified electrons and muons.
- 10 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$. The error is statistical + systematic + luminosity combined. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The results for other m_t values are given in Table XII and eq.(10) of ABAZOV 11E.
- 11 Combination of a dilepton measurement presented in ABAZOV 11Z (based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$), which yields $7.36 {+0.90 \atop -0.79}$ (stat+syst) pb, and the lepton + jets measurement of ABAZOV 11E. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The results for other m_t values is given by eq.(5) of ABAZOV 11A.
- 12 Based on 2.8 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- 13 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$. Result is obtained from the fraction of signal events in the top quark mass measurement in the all hadronic decay channel.
- 14 Based on 1.7 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. AALTONEN 10V uses soft electrons from b-hadron decays to suppress $W+{\rm jets}$ background events.
- ¹⁵ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The ratio $\sigma(t \bar{t} \to \ell + {\rm jets}) / \sigma(Z/\gamma^* \to \ell\ell)$ is measured and then multiplied by the theoretical $Z/\gamma^* \to \ell\ell$ cross section of $\sigma(Z/\gamma^* \to \ell\ell)=251.3 \pm 5.0$ pb, which is free from the luminosity error.
- 16 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. 7.9 \pm 2.3 pb is found for $m_t=170$ GeV. ABAZOV 10I uses a likelihood discriminant to separate signal from background, where the background model was created from lower jet-multiplicity data.
- ¹⁷ Based on 1 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV. For $m_t=175$ GeV, the result is $6.3^{+1.2}_{-1.1}(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.7(\mathrm{syst})\pm0.4(\mathrm{lumi})$ pb. Cross section of $t\overline{t}$ production has been measured in the $t\overline{t}\to\tau_h+\mathrm{jets}$ topology, where τ_h denotes hadronically decaying τ leptons. The result for the cross section times the branching ratio is $\sigma(t\overline{t})\cdot\mathrm{B}(t\overline{t}\to\tau_h+\mathrm{jets})=0.60^{+0.23}_{-0.22}+0.15_{-0.14}\pm0.04$ pb for $m_t=170$ GeV.
- 18 Based on $1.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$. The result is for B(W $\to \ell \nu) = 10.8\%$ and $m_t = 175~{\rm GeV};$ the mean value is 9.8 for $m_t = 172.5~{\rm GeV}$ and 10.1 for $m_t = 170~{\rm GeV}.$ AALTONEN 09AD used high p_T e or μ with an isolated track to select $t\bar{t}$ decays into dileptons including $\ell = \tau.$ The result is based on the candidate event samples with and without vertex b-tag.
- $^{19}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 2 fb $^{-1}.$ The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV; the mean value is 3% higher for $m_t=170$ GeV and 4% lower for $m_t=180$ GeV.

- Result is based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV, and the mean value decreases with increasing m_t ; see their Fig. 2. The result is obtained after combining ℓ + jets, $\ell\ell$, and $\ell\tau$ final states, and the ratios of the extracted cross sections are $\mathrm{R}^{\ell\ell/\ell j}=0.86^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$ and $\mathrm{R}^{\ell\tau/\ell\ell-\ell j}=0.97^{+0.32}_{-0.29}$, consistent with the SM expectation of R = 1. This leads to the upper bound of B($t\to bH^+$) as a function of m_{H^+} . Results are shown in their Fig. 1 for B($H^+\to \tau\nu$) = 1 and B($H^+\to c\overline{s}$) = 1 cases. Comparison of the m_t dependence of the extracted cross section and a partial NNLO prediction gives $m_t=169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2}$ GeV.
- Result is based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV, and the mean value changes by -0.07 $[m_t(\text{GeV})-170]$ pb near the reference m_t value. Comparison of the m_t dependence of the extracted cross section and a partial NNLO QCD prediction gives $m_t=171.5^{+9.9}_{-8.8}$ GeV. The $\ell\tau$ channel alone gives $7.6^{+4.9}_{-4.3}+3.5^{+1.4}_{-3.4}$ pb and the $\ell\ell$ channel gives $7.5^{+1.2}_{-1.1}+0.7+0.7_{-0.5}$ pb.
- ²² Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data. The first error is from stat + syst, while the latter error is from luminosity. The result is for m_t =175 GeV, and the mean value changes by $-0.09 \text{ pb} \cdot [m_t(\text{GeV}) 175]$.
- ²³ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data. The cross section is obtained from the $\ell+\geq 3$ jet event rates with 1 or 2 *b*-tag, and also from the kinematical likelihood analysis of the $\ell+3$, 4 jet events. The result is for $m_t=172.6$ GeV, and its m_t dependence shown in Fig. 3 leads to the constraint $m_t=170\pm 7$ GeV when compared to the SM prediction.
- ²⁴ Result is based on 360 pb⁻¹ of data. Events with high p_T oppositely charged dileptons $\ell^+\ell^-$ ($\ell=e,\,\mu$) are used to obtain cross sections for $t\overline{t},\,W^+W^-$, and $Z\to\,\tau^+\tau^-$ production processes simultaneously. The other cross sections are given in Table IV.
- ²⁵ Based on 1.02 fb⁻¹ of data. Result is for $m_t = 175$ GeV. Secondary vertex *b*-tag and neural network selections are used to achieve a signal-to-background ratio of about 1/2.
- 26 Based on 425 pb $^{-1}$ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. For $m_t=170.9$ GeV, $7.8\pm1.8 ({\rm stat}+{\rm syst})$ pb is obtained.
- 27 Based on $^{405}\pm ^{25}$ pb $^{-1}$ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. The last error is for luminosity. Secondary vertex b-tag and neural network are used to separate the signal events from the background.
- $^{28}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 425 pb $^{-1}$ of data. Assumes $m_t=175$ GeV.
- ²⁹ Based on \sim 425 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t=175$ GeV. The first error is combined statistical and systematic, the second one is luminosity.
- 30 Based on $\sim 318~{
 m pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178~{
 m GeV}$. The cross section changes by $\pm 0.08~{
 m pb}$ for each \mp GeV change in the assumed m_t . Result is for at least one b-tag. For at least two b-tagged jets, $t\,\overline{t}$ signal of significance greater than 5σ is found, and the cross section is $10.1^{+1.6}_{-1.4}^{+2.0}_{-1.3}$ pb for $m_t=178~{
 m GeV}$.
- 31 Based on $\sim 311~{\rm pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178~{\rm GeV}$. For $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$, the result is $6.0\pm 1.2^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$. This is the first CDF measurement without lepton identification, and hence it has sensitivity to the $W\to \tau\nu$ mode.
- 32 ABULENCIA,A 06E measures the $t\overline{t}$ production cross section in the all hadronic decay mode by selecting events with 6 to 8 jets and at least one b-jet. S/B = 1/5 has been achieved. Based on 311 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178$ GeV.
- 33 Based on \sim 318 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178$ GeV. Result is for at least one b-tag. For at least two b-tagged jets, the cross section is $11.1^{+2.3}_{-1.9} + 2.5_{-1.9}$ pb.
- 34 ABAZOV 05Q measures the top-quark pair production cross section with \sim 230 pb $^{-1}$ of data, based on the analysis of W plus n-jet events where W decays into e or μ plus neutrino, and at least one of the jets is b-jet like. The first error is statistical and systematic, and the second accounts for the luminosity uncertainty. The result assumes

- $m_t=175$ GeV; the mean value changes by (175- $m_t({\rm GeV}))\times 0.06\,{\rm pb}$ in the mass range 160 to 190 GeV.
- 35 ABAZOV 05R measures the top-quark pair production cross section with 224–243 pb $^{-1}$ of data, based on the analysis of events with two charged leptons in the final state. The result assumes $m_t=175~\text{GeV}$; the mean value changes by $(175-m_t(\text{GeV}))\times 0.08~\text{pb}$ in the mass range 160 to 190 GeV.
- ³⁶ Based on 230 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- 37 Based on 194 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- ³⁸ Based on 194 \pm 11 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- ³⁹ Based on 162 \pm 10 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- 40 ACOSTA 05V measures the top-quark pair production cross section with $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ data, based on the analysis of W plus n-jet events where W decays into e or μ plus neutrino, and at least one of the jets is b-jet like. Assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.
- ⁴¹ ACOSTA 04I measures the top-quark pair production cross section with 197 \pm 12 pb⁻¹ data, based on the analysis of events with two charged leptons in the final state. Assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.

Ratio of the Production Cross Sections of $t \, \overline{t} \, \gamma$ to $t \, \overline{t}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

VALUE <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

- \bullet \bullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. \bullet \bullet
- 0.024 \pm 0.009 1 AALTONEN 11Z CDF $E_{T}(\gamma) >$ 10 GeV, $\left|\eta(\gamma)\right| <$ 1.0
 - 1 Based on 6.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. Events with lepton $+ \not\!\!E_T + \ge 3$ jets($\ge 1b$) with and without central, high E_T photon are measured. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 0.024 \pm 0.005. The absolute production cross section is measured to be 0.18 \pm 0.08 fb. The statistical significance is 3.0 standard deviations.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fo	ollowing data for averages, fits,	imits, etc. • • •
$182.9 \pm \ 3.1 \pm \ 6.4$	AAD 14AY ATLS	$e + \mu + 1$ or $2b$ jets
194 \pm 18 \pm 46	² AAD 13X ATLS	$ au_{m h} + ot \!$
$139 \pm 10 \pm 26$	³ CHATRCHYAN 13AY CMS	\geq 6 jets with 2 b-tags
$158.1 \pm 2.1 \pm 10.8$	⁴ CHATRCHYAN 13BB CMS	$\ell + ot \!$
152 ± 12 ± 32	⁵ CHATRCHYAN 13BE CMS	$ au_{m{h}}\!+\!\not\!\!E_T\!+\!$
177 ± 20 ± 14 ± 7	⁶ AAD 12B ATLS	Repl. by AAD 12BF
$176 \pm 5 {+14 \atop -11} \pm 8$	⁷ AAD 12BF ATLS	$\ell\ell\!+\!E_T\!+\!\geq 2\mathrm{j}$
$187 \pm 11 \begin{array}{c} +18 \\ -17 \end{array} \pm 6$	8 AAD 12B0 ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$
$186 \pm 13 \pm 20 \pm 7$	⁹ AAD 12CG ATLS	$\ell + au_{m h} + ot \!$
$143 \hspace{0.1cm} \pm 14 \hspace{0.1cm} \pm 22 \hspace{0.1cm} \pm \hspace{0.1cm} 3$	¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 12AC CMS	$\ell + \tau_h + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\ge 1b)$
$161.9 \pm \ 2.5 {+\atop -}\ {5.1\atop 5.0} \pm \ 3.6$	¹¹ CHATRCHYAN 12AX CMS	$\ell\ell+ ot\!\!E_T + \geq 2b$
145 $\pm 31 \begin{array}{c} +42 \\ -27 \end{array}$	¹² AAD 11A ATLS	$\ell + E_T + \geq$ 4j, $\ell \ell + E_T + \geq 2$ j
$173 \begin{array}{c} +39 \\ -32 \end{array} \pm \ 7$	¹³ CHATRCHYAN 11AA CMS	$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 3 jets
168 ± 18 ± 14 ± 7	¹⁴ CHATRCHYAN 11F CMS	$\ell\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+{\sf jets}$
154 ± 17 \pm 6	¹⁵ CHATRCHYAN 11z CMS	Combination
194 ± 72 ± 24 ± 21	¹⁶ KHACHATRY11A CMS	$\ell\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+\geq$ 2 jets

- 1 AAD 14AY reports 182.9 \pm 3.1 \pm 4.2 \pm 3.6 \pm 3.3 pb value based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and the 0.66% beam energy uncertainty. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is for $m_t=172.5 \text{GeV}$; for other m_t , $\sigma(m_t)=\sigma(172.5 \text{GeV})\times[1-0.0028\times(m_t-172.5 \text{GeV})]$. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NNLO.
- 2 Based on 1.67 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.

- 3 Based on 3.54 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 4 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 5 Based on 3.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 6 Based on 35 pb $^{-1}$ of data for an assumed top quark mass of $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- 7 Based on 0.70 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}.$
- ⁸ Based on 35 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and $173\pm17^{+18}_{-16}\pm6$ pb is found
- 9 Based on 2.05 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The hadronic au candidates are selected using a BDT technique. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.
- 10 Based on 2.0 fb $^{-1}$ and 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=e$ and $\ell=\mu$, respectively. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for m_t $= 172.5 \; \text{GeV}.$
- 11 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the profile likelihood-ratio (PLB) method and an assumed m_t of 172.5
- 12 Based on 2.9 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The result for single lepton channels is $142 \pm 34 {+50 \atop -31}$ pb, while for the dilepton channels is 151 + 78 + 37 pb.
- 13 Result is based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The first uncertainty corresponds to the statistical and systematic uncertainties, and the second corresponds to the luminosity.
- 14 Based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The ratio of $t \, \overline{t}$ and Z/γ^* cross sections is measured as $\sigma(pp \to t\bar{t})/\sigma(pp \to Z/\gamma^* \to e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-) = 0.175 \pm 0.018(\text{stat}) \pm 0.015(\text{syst})$ for $60 < m_{\ell\ell} < 120$ GeV, for which they use an NNLO prediction for the denominator cross section of 972 ± 42 pb.
- 15 Result is based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The first error is from statistical and systematic uncertainties, and the second from luminosity. This is a combination of a measurement in the dilepton channel (CHATRCHYAN 11F) and the measurement in the $\ell+$ jets channel (CHATRCHYAN 11z) which yields 150 \pm 9 \pm 17 \pm 6 pb.
- 16 Result is based on 3.1 \pm 0.3 pb $^{-1}$ of data.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

DOCUMENT ID

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1_{AAD} 14AY ATLS $e+\mu+1$ or 2b jets $242.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 10.2$ 2 CHATRCHYAN 14F CMS $\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 2\mathrm{j}$ (≥ 1 b-tag) 3 KHACHATRY...14S CMS $\ell\ell+\tau_h+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 2\mathrm{j}$ ($\ge 1b$) 239 ± 2 ± 11 ± 6 $257 \pm 3 \pm 24 \pm 7$

tt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 VALUE (pb)
 CL%
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

 • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

<1.7 95 1 AAD 12BE ATLS $\ell^{+}\ell^{+}+\cancel{E}_{T}+\ge 2j+HT$

$t\overline{t}$ $t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (fb) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

< 32 95 1 KHACHATRY...14R CMS $\ell+\cancel{E}_{T}+\geq$ 6j (\geq 2 b)

$t\overline{t}W$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

ALUE (fb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$170 {+90\atop -80} \pm 70 \hspace{1.5cm} 1 \hspace{0.1cm} \text{KHACHATRY...14N CMS} \hspace{0.5cm} t \hspace{0.1cm} \overline{t} \hspace{0.1cm} W \to \text{same sign dilepton} \\ \hspace{0.5cm} + \hspace{0.1cm} \cancel{E}_T \hspace{0.1cm} + \hspace{0.1cm} \text{jets}$$

$t\overline{t}Z$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (fb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$1 \text{ KHACHATRY...14N CMS} \quad t \, \overline{t} \, Z o 3,4 \; \ell + E_T + \text{jets}$$

 $^{^1}$ AAD 14AY reports 242.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 5.5 \pm 7.5 \pm 4.2 pb value based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and the 0.66% beam energy uncertainty. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is for $m_t=172.5 {\rm GeV}$; for other m_t , $\sigma(m_t)=\sigma(172.5 {\rm GeV})\times[1-0.0028\times(m_t-172.5 {\rm GeV})]$. Also measured is the ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t};~8{\rm TeV})/\sigma(t\,\overline{t};~7{\rm TeV})=1.326\pm0.024\pm0.015\pm0.049\pm0.001$. The results are consistent with the SM predictions at NNLO.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and a parametrization is given in eq.(6.1) for the mean value at other m_t values. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction $252.9^{+6.4}_{-8.6}$ pb at NNLO.

³ Based on 19.6 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) . The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. For $m_t=173.3$ GeV, the cross section is lower by 3.1 pb.

¹ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The upper bounds are the same for LL, LR and RR chiral components of the two top quarks.

¹ Based on 19.6 fb⁻¹ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal from backgrounds. About $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t}) = 1$ fb is expected in the SM.

¹ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $\sigma(t\overline{t}W)$ = 206 $^{+21}_{-23}$ fb.

¹Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $\sigma(t\overline{t}Z)$ = 197 $^{+22}_{-25}$ fb.

$f(Q_0)$: $t\overline{t}$ Fraction of Events with a Veto on Additional Central Jet Activity in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

VALUE (%)

DOCUMENT ID

TECN
COMMENT

TECN
COMMENT

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

 1 AAD 1 12BL ATLS 1 Q $_{0}$ = 25 GeV (|y| <2.1) 1 84.7 ± 0.9 ± 1.0 1 AAD 1 12BL ATLS 1 Q $_{0}$ = 75 GeV (|y| <2.1) 1 AAD 1 12BL ATLS 1 Q $_{0}$ = 75 GeV (|y| <2.1)

 $95.2^{+0.5}_{-0.6}\pm0.4$ 12BL ATLS $Q_0=150~{
m GeV}~(|{
m y}|<2.1)$

Fraction of $t\bar{t}$ + multi-jet Events in pp Collisions at \sqrt{s} = 7 TeV

VALUE <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 1 Based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Fiducial $t\,\overline{t}$ production cross section is presented as a function of the jet multiplicity for up to eight jets with the jet p_T threshold of 25, 40, 60, and 80 GeV, and as a function of jet p_T up to the 5th jet. MC models can be discriminated by using data for high jet multiplicity and by p_T distributions of the leading and 5th jet.

$t\,\overline{t}$ Charge Asymmetry (A $_C$) in $p\,p$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 $\begin{array}{l} A_C = (N(\Delta|y|>0)-N(\Delta|y|<0) \) \ / \ (N(\Delta|y|>0)+N(\Delta|y|<0) \) \ \text{where} \ \Delta|y| \\ = |y_t| \ - \ |y_{\overline{t}}| \ \text{is the difference between the absolute values of the top and antitop} \\ \text{rapidities and N is the number of events with} \ \Delta|y| \ \text{positive or negative}. \end{array}$

VALUE (%) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.

0.6 ± 1.0	¹ AAD 1	4ı ATLS	$\ell + \not\!\! E_T + \geq$ 4j (\geq 1b)
$-1.0\!\pm\!1.7\!\pm\!0.8$		4D CMS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2j\;(\geq 1b)$
$-1.9\!\pm\!2.8\!\pm\!2.4$	³ AAD 1	2BK ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$
$0.4 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.1$	⁴ CHATRCHYAN 1	2BB CMS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \ge 4j \; (\ge 1b)$
$-1.3\pm2.8^{+2.9}_{-3.1}$	⁵ CHATRCHYAN 1	2BS CMS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}}_T + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$

 1 Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of A $_C=0.0123\pm0.0005$. The asymmetry is 0.011 \pm 0.018 if restricted to those events where $\beta_Z(t\,\overline{t})>$ 0.6, which is also consistent with the SM prediction of 0.020 $^+_{-0.007}$.

 2 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as $\mathsf{A}_C^\ell=0.009\pm0.0010\pm0.006$. A_C^ℓ dependences on $m_{t\,\overline{t}},\,|\mathsf{y}(t\,\overline{t})|,$ and $p_T(t\,\overline{t})$ are given in Fig. 5. All measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.

 3 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with A $_C=$ 0.006 \pm 0.002 (MC at NLO). No significant dependence of A $_C$ on $m_{t\bar{t}}$ is observed.

¹ Based on 2.05 fb⁻¹ of data. The $t\bar{t}$ events are selected in the dilepton decay channel with two identified *b*-jets.

² Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with two oppositely charged leptons, large \mathbb{Z}_T and jets with at least 1 *b*-tag are used to measure the fraction of $t\bar{t}$ plus additional jets. The gap fraction (n=0 jet rate) as a function of the jet p_T and that of H_T , the scalar sum of the p_T 's of additional jets, is shown in Fig. 8.

 $^{^4}$ Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 7 TeV.

 $^{^{5}}$ Based on 1.09 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM predictions.

t-quark Polarization in $t\bar{t}$ Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

The double differential distribution in polar angles, θ_1 (θ_2) of the decay particle of the top (anti-top) decay products, is parametrized as $(1/\sigma)\mathrm{d}\sigma/(\mathrm{d}\cos\theta_1\ \mathrm{d}\cos\theta_2)=(1/4)$ ($1+\mathrm{A}_t\cos\theta_1+\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}\cos\theta_2-\mathrm{C}\cos\theta_1\cos\theta_2$). The charged lepton is used to tag t or \overline{t} . The coefficient A_t and $\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}$ measure the average helicity of t and \overline{t} , respectively. A_{CPC} assumes CP conservation, whereas A_{CPV} corresponds to maximal CP violation.

<u>VALUE</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$gg \rightarrow t\overline{t}$ Fraction in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

VALUE <u>CL%</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.33 68 1 AALTONEN 09F CDF $t\,\overline{t}$ correlations 0.07 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.07 2 AALTONEN 08AG CDF low p_T number of tracks

A_{FB} of $t\bar{t}$ in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use	the following data f	or averages, f	its, limits, etc. • • •
7.2± 6.0	¹ AALTONEN	14F CDF	A_{FB}^{ℓ} in dilepton channel $(\ell\ell+E_{TT}+>2\mathrm{i})$
7.6± 8.2	¹ AALTONEN	14F CDF	$(\ell\ell+\cancel{\!\!E}_T+\ge 2\mathrm{j})$ $A_{FB}^{\ell\ell}$ in dilepton channel $(\ell\ell+\cancel{\!\!E}_T+\ge 2\mathrm{j})$
$4.2 \pm 2.3 {+1.7 \atop -2.0}$	² ABAZOV	14G D0	A_{FB}^{ℓ} ($\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+\geq$ 3j (0,1 \geq 2b))
$10.6\pm~3.0$	³ ABAZOV	14H D0	$A_{FB}\;(\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T\;+\;\geq$ 3j $(\;\geq 1b))$
$20.1\pm$ 6.7	⁴ AALTONEN	13AD CDF	a_1/a_0 in $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq$ 4j ($\geq 1b$)
$-$ 0.2 \pm 3.1	⁴ AALTONEN	13AD CDF	a_3, a_5, a_7 in $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4$ j $(\ge 1b)$
$16.4\pm~4.7$	⁵ AALTONEN	13s CDF	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq$ 4 jets($\geq 1b$ -tag)
$9.4^{+}_{-} \begin{array}{l} 3.2 \\ 2.9 \end{array}$	⁶ AALTONEN	13X CDF	$\ell + ot\!$
11.8 ± 3.2	⁷ ABAZOV	13A D0	$\ell\ell$ & $\ell+$ jets comb.
-11.6 ± 15.3	⁸ AALTONEN	11F CDF	$m_{t\overline{t}}$ < 450 GeV
47.5 ± 11.4	⁸ AALTONEN	11F CDF	$m_{t\overline{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}$
$19.6\pm~6.5$	⁹ ABAZOV	11AH D0	$\ell+ ot\!$
17 ± 8	¹⁰ AALTONEN	08AB CDF	$p\overline{p}$ frame
24 ± 14	¹⁰ AALTONEN	08AB CDF	$t \overline{t}$ frame
$12 \pm 8 \pm 1$	¹¹ ABAZOV	08L D0	$\ell + \not\!\!E_T + >$ 4 jets

 $^{^{1}}$ Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data using the final states containing one or two isolated electrons or muons and jets with at least one b-tag.

¹ Based on 955 pb⁻¹. AALTONEN 09F used differences in the $t\overline{t}$ production angular distribution and polarization correlation to descriminate between $gg \to t\overline{t}$ and $q\overline{q} \to t\overline{t}$ subprocesses. The combination with the result of AALTONEN 08AG gives $0.07 {+0.15 \atop -0.07}$.

 $^{^2}$ Result is based on 0.96 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The contribution of the subprocesses $g\,g\to\,t\,\overline{t}$ and $q\,\overline{q}\to\,t\,\overline{t}$ is distinguished by using the difference between quark and gluon initiated jets in the number of small p_T (0.3 GeV $<~p_T~<$ 3 GeV) charged particles in the central region ($|\eta|~<$ 1.1).

- 1 Based on 9.1 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Both results are consistent with the SM predictions. By combining with the previous CDF measurement in the $\ell+$ jet channel AALTONEN 13X, $A_{FB}^\ell=0.090^{+0.028}_{-0.026}$ is obtained. The combined result is about two sigma larger than the SM prediction of $A_{FB}^\ell=0.038\pm0.003$.
- 2 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The asymmetry is corrected for the production level for events with $|\mathbf{y}_l|<1.5.$ Asymmetry as functions of $E_T(\ell)$ and $|\mathbf{y}_l|$ are given in Figs. 7 and 8, respectively. Combination with the asymmetry measured in the dilepton channel [ABAZOV 13P] gives $A_{FB}^\ell=4.2\pm2.0\pm1.4$ %, in agreement with the SM prediction of 2.0%.
- 3 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}{=}1.96$ TeV. The measured asymmetry is in agreement with the SM predictions of 8.8 \pm 0.9 % [BERNREUTHER 12], which includes the EW effects. The dependences of the asymmetry on $|{\bf y}(t)-{\bf y}(\overline{t})|$ and $m_{t\,\overline{t}}$ are shown in Figs. 9 and 10, respectively.
- in Figs. 9 and 10, respectively. ⁴ Based on 9.4 fb⁻¹ of data. Reported A_{FB} values come from the determination of a_i coefficients of $\mathrm{d}\sigma/\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{cos}\theta_t) = \Sigma_i \ a_i \mathrm{P}_i(\mathrm{cos}(\theta_t))$ measurement. The result of $a_1/a_0 = (40 \pm 12)\%$ seems higher than the NLO SM prediction of $(15 \frac{+7}{3})\%$.
- 5 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The quoted result is the asymmetry at the parton level.
- 6 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The observed asymmetry is to be compared with the SM prediction of ${\it A}_{FB}^\ell=0.038\pm0.003.$
- ⁷ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. ABAZOV 13A studied the dilepton channel of the $t\overline{t}$ events and measured the leptonic forward-backward asymmetry to be $A_{FB}^{\ell}=5.8\pm5.1\pm1.3\%$, which is consistent with the SM (QCD+EW) prediction of 4.7 \pm 0.1%. The result is obtained after combining the measurement (15.2 \pm 4.0%) in the ℓ + jets channel ABAZOV 11AH. The top quark helicity is measured by using the neutrino weighting method to be consistent with zero in both dilepton and ℓ + jets channels.
- 8 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. Events with lepton $+\not\!\!E_T + \ge 4 \mathrm{jets} (\ \ge 1b)$ are used. AALTONEN 11F also measures the asymmetry as a function of the rapidity difference $|\mathsf{y}_t \mathsf{y}_{\overline{t}}|$. The NLO QCD predictions [MCFM] are $(4.0\pm0.6)\%$ and $(8.8\pm1.3)\%$ for $m_{t\,\overline{t}} < 450$ and >450 GeV, respectively.
- ⁹ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The quoted asymmetry is obtained after unfolding to be compared with the MC@NLO prediction of $(5.0 \pm 0.1)\%$. No significant difference between the $m_{t\,\overline{t}} < 450$ and > 450 GeV data samples is found. A corrected asymmetry based on the lepton from a top quark decay of $(15.2 \pm 4.0)\%$ is measured to be compared to the MC@NLO prediction of $(2.1 \pm 0.1)\%$.
- Result is based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The FB asymmetry in the $t\overline{t}$ events has been measured in the ℓ + jets mode, where the lepton charge is used as the flavor tag. The asymmetry in the $p\overline{p}$ frame is defined in terms of $\cos(\theta)$ of hadronically decaying t-quark momentum, whereas that in the $t\overline{t}$ frame is defined in terms of the t and \overline{t} rapidity difference. The results are consistent ($\leq 2 \sigma$) with the SM predictions.
- ¹¹ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data. The asymmetry in the number of $t\overline{t}$ events with $y_t>y_{\overline{t}}$ and those with $y_t< y_{\overline{t}}$ has been measured in the lepton + jets final state. The observed value is consistent with the SM prediction of 0.8% by MC@NLO, and an upper bound on the $Z'\to t\overline{t}$ contribution for the SM Z-like couplings is given in in Fig. 2 for 350 GeV $< m_{Z'}< 1$ TeV.

t-Quark Electric Charge

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.64 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08$	¹ AAD	13AY ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.

- ¹ AAD 13AY result is based on 2.05 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, the result is obtained by reconstructing $t\bar{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the jet-charge algorithm. This measurement excludes the charge -4/3 assignment to the top quark at more than 8 standard deviations.
- ² ABAZOV 14D result is based on 5.3 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at \sqrt{s} =1.96 TeV. The electric charge of b+W system in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events is measured from the charges of the leptons from W decay and in b jets. Under the assumption that the b+W system consists of the sum of the top quark and the charge -4/3 quark b'(-4/3) of the same mass, the top quark fraction is found to be $f=0.88\pm0.13$ (stat)±0.11 (syst), or the upper bound for the b'(-4/3) contamination of 1-f<0.46 (95% CL).
- ³ AALTONEN 13J excludes the charge -4/3 assignment to the top quark at 99% CL, using 5.6 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Result is obtained by reconstructing $t\overline{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the jet-charge algorithm.
- ⁴ AALTONEN 10s excludes the charge -4/3 assignment for the top quark [CHANG 99] at 95%CL, using 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Result is obtained by reconstructing $t\bar{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the SLT (soft lepton tag) algorithm.
- ⁵ ABAZOV 07C reports an upper limit $\rho < 0.80$ (90% CL) on the fraction ρ of exotic quark pairs $Q\overline{Q}$ with electric charge $|\mathbf{q}|=4\mathrm{e}/3$ in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with high p_T lepton, missing E_T and ≥ 4 jets. The result is obtained by measuring the fraction of events in which the quark pair decays into $W^- + b$ and $W^+ + \overline{b}$, where b and \overline{b} jets are discriminated by using the charge and momenta of tracks within the jet cones. The maximum CL at which the model of CHANG 99 can be excluded is 92%. Based on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.

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AALTONEN					Collab.)
AALTONEN	11Z	PR D84 031104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11A	PL B695 88	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV		PL B705 313	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV		PR D84 112001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11AE	PRL 107 032001	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV		PL B702 16	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
				,	- :
ABAZOV		PR D84 112005	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11B	PRL 106 022001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11C	PR D83 032009	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11E	PR D84 012008	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11M	PL B701 313	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11P	PR D84 032004	V.M. Abazov et al.	ÌDΩ	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11R		V.M. Abazov et al.	,	
		PRL 107 082004			Collab.)
ABAZOV	11S	PL B703 422	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11T	PR D84 052005	V.M. Abazov et al.	ÌDΩ	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11X	PRL 107 121802	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11Z	PL B704 403	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11AA	FP I C71 1721	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS	Collab.)
			•	`	
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1107 049	S. Chatrchyan et al.		Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11R	PRL 107 091802	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11Z	PR D84 092004	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS	Collab.)
KHACHATRY		PL B695 424	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
				`	
AALTONEN		PR D82 052002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
AALTONEN	10AB	PR D82 112005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 105 232003	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDE	Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 105 252001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	` .	Collab.)
AALTONEN	10C	PR D81 031102	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	10D	PR D81 032002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF	Collab.)
				(CDF	C-II-I-
AALTONEN	10E	PR D81 052011	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	10Q	PRL 105 042002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	10S	PRL 105 101801	T. Aaltonen et al.		Collab.)
AALTONEN	10U	PR D81 072003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
				``.	- :
AALTONEN	10V	PR D81 092002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	10W	PRL 105 012001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF	Collab.)
ABAZOV	10	PL B682 363	V.M. Abazov et al.	` .	Collab.)
ABAZOV	101	PR D82 032002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV	10J	PL B690 5	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV	10K	PL B693 81	V.M. Abazov et al.	(DO	Collab.)
				,	,
ABAZOV	10Q	PR D82 071102	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
AHRENS	10	JHEP 1009 097	V. Ahrens <i>et al.</i>	(MANZ,	HEIDH)
AHRENS	10A	NPBPS 205-206 48	V. Ahrens et al.	(MANZ,	HEIDH)
AALTONEN		PR D79 112007	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	`	Collab.)
				` .	
AALTONEN	09AK	PR D80 051104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AL	PR D80 052001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	ΛΩΔΤ	PRL 103 092002	T. Aaltonen et al.	` .	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09F	PR D79 031101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
AALTONEN	09H	PR D79 052007	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09J	PR D79 072001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09K	PR D79 072010	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	` .	Collab.)
				` .	
AALTONEN	09L	PR D79 092005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
AALTONEN	09M	PRL 102 042001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09N	PRL 102 151801	T. Aaltonen et al.		Collab.)
AALTONEN	090	PRL 102 152001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	` .	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09Q	PL B674 160	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF	Collab.)
AALTONEN	09X	PR D79 072005	T. Aaltonen et al.	` .	Collab.)
AARON	09A	PL B678 450	F.D. Aaron <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
				()	
ABAZOV		PRL 103 132001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0	Collab.)
ABAZOV ABAZOV	09AA	PRL 103 132001 PR D80 071102	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV	09AA 09AG	PR D80 071102	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0	Collab.)
	09AA 09AG			(D0	

ABAZOV ABAZOV ABAZOV LANGENFELD	09J 09R 09Z 09	PRL 102 092002 PL B679 177 PRL 103 092001 PR D80 054009	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> U. Langenfeld, S. Moch, P. Uwer	(D0 Collab.) (D0 Collab.) (D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 202001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 192002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN AALTONEN		PR D78 111101 PRL 101 252001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	08C	PRL 100 062005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV		PRL 101 182001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	IA80	PRL 101 221801	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08B	PRL 100 062004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	180	PR D78 012005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV ABAZOV	08L 08M	PRL 100 142002 PRL 100 192003	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.) (D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08N	PRL 100 192004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	08	PR D78 012003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
CACCIARI	80	JHEP 0809 127	M. Cacciari et al.	,
KIDONAKIS	08	PR D78 074005	N. Kidonakis, R. Vogt	(DEDL KADLE)
MOCH	08 07	PR D78 034003	S. Moch, P. Uwer	(BERL, KARLE)
AALTONEN AALTONEN	07 07B	PRL 98 142001 PR D75 111103	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07D	PR D76 072009	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07I	PRL 99 182002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	07C	PRL 98 041801	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07D	PR D75 031102	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV ABAZOV	07F 07H	PR D75 092001 PRL 98 181802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.) (D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	070	PR D76 052006	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07P	PR D76 072007	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07R	PR D76 092007	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07V	PRL 99 191802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07W 07D	PL B655 7	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA ABULENCIA	07G	PR D75 031105 PRL 98 072001	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07G	PR D75 052001	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07J	PR D75 071102	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	06K	PL B639 616	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06U	PR D74 092005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV ABULENCIA	06X 06D	PR D74 112004 PRL 96 022004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
Also	000	PR D73 032003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D73 092002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06G	PRL 96 152002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
Also	06D	PR D74 032009	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA ABULENCIA	06R 06U	PL B639 172 PR D73 111103	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i> A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06V	PR D73 112006	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06Z	PRL 97 082004	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A		PRL 96 202002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A ABULENCIA,A		PR D74 072005 PR D74 072006	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i> A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	05	PL B606 25	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05G	PL B617 1	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05L	PR D72 011104	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05P	PL B622 265	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
Also Also		PL B517 282 PR D63 031101	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.) (D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D75 092007	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05Q	PL B626 35	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05R	PL B626 55	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05X 05A	PL B626 45 PRI 05 102002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i> D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ACOSTA ACOSTA	05A 05D	PRL 95 102002 PR D71 031101	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i> D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05N	PR D71 012005	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05S	PR D72 032002	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05T	PR D72 052003	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA ACOSTA	05U 05V	PR D71 072005 PR D71 052003	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i> D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	04G	NAT 429 638	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04C	PL B590 21	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)