# b' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

### b'-quark/hadron mass limits in $p\overline{p}$ and pp collisions

<i>VALUE</i> (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
>480	95	1	AAD	12AT	ATLS	$B(b'\to Wt)=1$
>400	95	2	AAD	<b>12</b> AU	ATLS	$B(b'\to\ Zb)=1$
>350	95	3	AAD	<b>12</b> BC	ATLS	$B(b' \to W q) = 1 \; (q{=}u,c)$
>685	95	4	CHATRCHYAN	<b>12</b> BH	CMS	$m_{t'} = m_{b'}$
>611	95	5	CHATRCHYAN	12X		$B(b'\to Wt)=1$
>190	95	6	ABAZOV	X80	D0	c au= 200mm
>190	95	7	ACOSTA	03	CDF	quasi-stable $b'$
● ● We do not	use th	e fol	lowing data for	avera	ges, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
>450	95	8	AAD	12BE	ATLS	$B(b'\to Wt)=1$
>372	95	9	AALTONEN	<b>11</b> J	CDF	$b' \rightarrow Wt$
>361	95					Repl. by CHATRCHYAN 12X
>338	95	11	AALTONEN	10H	CDF	$b' \rightarrow W t$
> 380–430	95	12	FLACCO	10	RVUE	$m_{b'} > m_{t'}$
>268	95 1	3,14	AALTONEN	07C		B(b'  o Zb) = 1 assumed
>199	95			00	CDF	NC: $b' \rightarrow Zb$
>148	95			98N	CDF	NC: $b' \rightarrow Zb$ +decay vertex
> 96	95	17			D0	NC: $b' \rightarrow b\gamma$
>128	95		ABACHI		D0	$\ell\ell$ + jets, $\ell$ + jets
> 75	95	19	MUKHOPAD	93	RVUE	NC: $b' \rightarrow b\ell\ell$
> 85	95			92	CDF	CC: ℓℓ
> 72	95	21				CC: $e + \mu$
> 54	95					CC: $e + \text{jets} + \text{missing } E_T$
> 43	95					CC: $\mu$ + jets
> 34	95	∠4	ALBAJAR	88	UA1	CC: $e$ or $\mu$ + jets

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on 1.04 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data at LHC7. No signal is found for the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into W and a t quark in the events with a high  $p_T$  isolated lepton, large  $\not\!\!E_T$ , and at least 6 jets in which one, two or more dijets are from W.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on 2.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data at LHC7. No  $b' \rightarrow Zb$  invariant mass peak is found in the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into Z and a b quark in events with  $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$  and at least one b-jet. The lower mass limit is 358 GeV for a vector-like singlet b' mixing solely with the third SM generation.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$  of data at LHC7. No signal is found for the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into W and a quark in the events with dileptons, large  $E_T$ , and  $\geq 2$  jets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Based on 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data at LHC7. CHATRCHYAN 12BH searched for QCD and EW production of single and pair of degenerate 4'th generation quarks that decay to bW or tW. Absence of signal in events with one lepton, same-sign dileptons or tri-leptons gives the bound. With a mass difference of 25 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> between  $m_{t'}$  and  $m_{b'}$ , the corresponding limit shifts by about  $\pm 20 \text{ GeV/c}^2$ .

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  Based on 4.9 fb $^{-1}$  of data at LHC7. CHATRCHYAN 12X looked for events with trileptons or same-sign dileptons and at least one b jet.

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  Result is based on  $1.1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$  of data. No signal is found for the search of long-lived particles which decay into final states with two electrons or photons, and upper bound

- on the cross section times branching fraction is obtained for  $2 < c\tau < 7000$  mm; see Fig. 3. 95% CL excluded region of b' lifetime and mass is shown in Fig. 4.
- <sup>7</sup> ACOSTA 03 looked for long-lived fourth generation quarks in the data sample of 90 pb<sup>-1</sup> of  $\sqrt{s}$ =1.8 TeV  $p\bar{p}$  collisions by using the muon-like penetration and anomalously high ionization energy loss signature. The corresponding lower mass bound for the charge (2/3)e quark (t') is 220 GeV. The t' bound is higher than the b' bound because t' is more likely to produce charged hadrons than b'. The 95% CL upper bounds for the production cross sections are given in their Fig. 3.
- $^8 \, \rm Based$  on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$  of data at LHC7. AAD 12BE looked for events with two isolated like-sign leptons and at least 2 jets, large  $E_T$  and H $_T~>350$  GeV.
- <sup>9</sup> Based on 4.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at 1.96 TeV. AALTONEN 11J looked for events with  $\ell + E_T + \geq 5$ j (  $\geq 1$  b or c). No signal is observed and the bound  $\sigma(b'\overline{b}') < 30$  fb for  $m_{b'} > 375$  GeV is found for B( $b' \rightarrow Wt$ ) = 1.
- $^{10}$  Based on 34 pb $^{-1}$  of data in pp collisions at 7 TeV. CHATRCHYAN 11L looked for multijet events with trileptons or same-sign dileptons. No excess above the SM background excludes  $m_{b'}$  between 255 and 361 GeV at 95% CL for B( $b' \to W t$ ) = 1.
- <sup>11</sup> Based on 2.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=1.96$  TeV. AALTONEN 10H looked for pair production of heavy quarks which decay into  $tW^-$  or  $tW^+$ , in events with same sign dileptons (e or  $\mu$ ), several jets and large missing  $E_T$ . The result is obtained for b' which decays into  $tW^-$ . For the charge 5/3 quark ( $T_{5/3}$ ) which decays into  $tW^+$ ,  $m_{T_{5/3}}>365$  GeV (95% CL) is found when it has the charge -1/3 partner B of the same mass.
- <sup>12</sup> FLACCO 10 result is obtained from AALTONEN 10H result of  $m_{b'} > 338$  GeV, by relaxing the condition B( $b' \rightarrow Wt$ ) = 100% when  $m_{b'} > m_{t'}$ .
- <sup>13</sup> Result is based on 1.06 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data. No excess from the SM Z+jet events is found when Z decays into ee or  $\mu\mu$ . The  $m_{b'}$  bound is found by comparing the resulting upper bound on  $\sigma(b'\overline{b}')$  [1-(1-B( $b' \to Zb$ ))<sup>2</sup>] and the LO estimate of the b' pair production cross section shown in Fig. 38 of the article.
- $^{14}$  HUANG 08 reexamined the b' mass lower bound of 268 GeV obtained in AALTONEN 07C that assumes B( $b' \to Z\,b$ ) = 1, which does not hold for  $m_{b'} >$  255 GeV. The lower mass bound is given in the plane of  $\sin^2(\theta_{t\,b'})$  and  $m_{b'}$ .
- <sup>15</sup> AFFOLDER 00 looked for b' that decays in to b+Z. The signal searched for is bbZZ events where one Z decays into  $e^+e^-$  or  $\mu^+\mu^-$  and the other Z decays hadronically. The bound assumes  $B(b'\to Zb)=100\%$ . Between 100 GeV and 199 GeV, the 95%CL upper bound on  $\sigma(b'\to \overline{b'})\times B^2(b'\to Zb)$  is also given (see their Fig. 2).
- <sup>16</sup> ABE 98N looked for  $Z \to e^+e^-$  decays with displaced vertices. Quoted limit assumes B( $b' \to Zb$ )=1 and  $c\tau_{b'}$ =1 cm. The limit is lower than  $m_Z+m_b$  ( $\sim$  96 GeV) if  $c\tau>$  22 cm or  $c\tau<$  0.009 cm. See their Fig. 4.
- <sup>17</sup> ABACHI 97D searched for b' that decays mainly via FCNC. They obtained 95%CL upper bounds on B( $b'\overline{b}' \to \gamma + 3$  jets) and B( $b'\overline{b}' \to 2\gamma + 2$  jets), which can be interpreted as the lower mass bound  $m_{b'} > m_Z + m_b$ .
- $^{18}$  ABACHI 95F bound on the top-quark also applies to b' and t' quarks that decay predominantly into W. See FROGGATT 97.
- <sup>19</sup> MUKHOPADHYAYA 93 analyze CDF dilepton data of ABE 92G in terms of a new quark decaying via flavor-changing neutral current. The above limit assumes B( $b' \rightarrow b\ell^+\ell^-$ )=1%. For an exotic quark decaying only via virtual Z [B( $b\ell^+\ell^-$ ) = 3%], the limit is 85 GeV.
- $^{20}$  ABE 92 dilepton analysis limit of >85 GeV at CL=95% also applies to  $b^\prime$  quarks, as discussed in ABE 90B.

#### b' mass limits from single production in $p\overline{p}$ and pp collisions

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
>693	95	<sup>25</sup> ABAZOV	11F	D0	qu  ightarrow q'b'  ightarrow q'(Wu)
>430	95	<sup>25</sup> ABAZOV	11F	D0	$\widetilde{\kappa}_{u  b'} = 1, \; B(b' \to W  u) = 1$ $q  d \to q  b' \to q  (Z  d)$
					$\widetilde{\kappa}_{d b'} = \sqrt{2}$ , B( $b' \rightarrow Z d$ )=1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Based on 5.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data in ppbar collisions at 1.96 TeV. ABAZOV 11F looked for single production of b' via the W or Z coupling to the first generation up or down quarks, respectively. Model independent cross section limits for the single production processes  $p\overline{p} \rightarrow b'q \rightarrow Wuq$ , and  $p\overline{p} \rightarrow b'q \rightarrow Zdq$  are given in Figs. 3 and 4, respectively, and the mass limits are obtained for the model of ATRE 09 with degenerate bi-doublets of vector-like quarks.

## MASS LIMITS for b' (4<sup>th</sup> Generation) Quark or Hadron in $e^+e^-$ Collisions

Search for hadrons containing a fourth-generation -1/3 quark denoted b'.

The last column specifies the assumption for the decay mode (CC denotes the conventional charged-current decay) and the event signature which is looked for.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT		
>46.0	95	<sup>26</sup> DECAMP	90F	ALEP	any decay		
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $ullet$ $ullet$							
none 96-103	95	<sup>27</sup> ABDALLAH	07	DLPH	$b' \rightarrow bZ, cW$		
		<sup>28</sup> ADRIANI	<b>93</b> G	L3	Quarkonium		
>44.7	95	ADRIANI	93M	L3	$\Gamma(Z)$		
>45	95	ABREU	91F	DLPH	$\Gamma(Z)$		
none 19.4-28.2	95	ABE	<b>90</b> D	VNS	Any decay; event shape		
>45.0	95	ABREU	<b>90</b> D	DLPH			
		20		5.5	shape		
>44.5	95	<sup>29</sup> ABREU	<b>90</b> D	DLPH	$b' \rightarrow cH^-, H^- \rightarrow$		
>40.5	95	<sup>30</sup> ABREU	<b>90</b> D	DI DH	$\overline{c}s$ , $\tau^-\nu$ $\Gamma(Z  o hadrons)$		
>28.3	95	ADACHI	90	TOPZ	B(FCNC)=100%; isol. $\gamma$ or 4 jets		
>41.4	95	<sup>31</sup> AKRAWY	<b>90</b> B	OPAL	, ,		
>45.2	95	<sup>31</sup> AKRAWY	90B	OPAL			
<i>y</i>	50	,	302	0.7.2	narity		
>46	95	<sup>32</sup> AKRAWY	90J	OPAL	$b'  ightarrow \gamma + any$		
>27.5	95	<sup>33</sup> ABE	89E	VNS	$B(\mathit{CC}) = 1;  \mu,  e$		
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> ABE 90B exclude the region 28–72 GeV.

 $<sup>^{22}</sup>$  AKESSON 90 searched for events having an electron with  $p_T>12$  GeV, missing momentum > 15 GeV, and a jet with  $E_T>10$  GeV,  $\left|\eta\right|<2.2$ , and excluded  $m_{b'}$  between 30 and 69 GeV.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> For the reduction of the limit due to non-charged-current decay modes, see Fig. 19 of ALBAJAR 90B.

ALBAJAR 88 study events at  $E_{\rm cm}=546$  and 630 GeV with a muon or isolated electron, accompanied by one or more jets and find agreement with Monte Carlo predictions for the production of charm and bottom, without the need for a new quark. The lower mass limit is obtained by using a conservative estimate for the  $b' \, \overline{b}'$  production cross section and by assuming that it cannot be produced in W decays. The value quoted here is revised using the full  $O(\alpha_s^2)$  cross section of ALTARELLI 88.

none 11.4–27.3	95	<sup>34</sup> ABE	89G	VNS	$B(b' \to b\gamma) > 10\%;$
>44.7	95	<sup>35</sup> ABRAMS	<b>89</b> C	MRK2	isolated $\gamma$ B( $CC$ )= 100%; isol.
>42.7	95	<sup>35</sup> ABRAMS	<b>89</b> C	MRK2	track $B(bg) = 100\%$ ; event shape
>42.0	95	<sup>35</sup> ABRAMS	89C	MRK2	Any decay; event shape
>28.4	95	<sup>36,37</sup> ADACHI	89C	TOPZ	$B(CC) = 1; \mu$
>28.8	95	<sup>38</sup> ENO	89	AMY	$B(CC) \gtrsim 90\%$ ; $\mu$ , e
>27.2	95	<sup>38,39</sup> ENO	89	AMY	any decay; event shape
>29.0	95	<sup>38</sup> ENO	89	AMY	$B(b' \rightarrow bg) \gtrsim 85\%;$ event shape
>24.4	95	<sup>40</sup> IGARASHI	88	AMY	$\mu$ ,e
>23.8	95	<sup>41</sup> SAGAWA	88	AMY	event shape
>22.7	95	<sup>42</sup> ADEVA	86	MRKJ	$\mu$
>21		<sup>43</sup> ALTHOFF	84C	TASS	R, event shape
>19		<sup>44</sup> ALTHOFF	841	TASS	Aplanarity

- <sup>26</sup> DECAMP 90F looked for isolated charged particles, for isolated photons, and for four-jet final states. The modes  $b' \to bg$  for B( $b' \to bg$ ) > 65%  $b' \to b\gamma$  for B( $b' \to b\gamma$ ) > 5% are excluded. Charged Higgs decay were not discussed.
- <sup>27</sup> ABDALLAH 07 searched for b' pair production at  $E_{\rm cm} = 196$ –209 GeV, with 420 pb<sup>-1</sup>. No signal leads to the 95% CL upper limits on B( $b' \rightarrow bZ$ ) and B( $b' \rightarrow cW$ ) for  $m_{b'} = 96$  to 103 GeV.
- ADRIANI 93G search for vector quarkonium states near Z and give limit on quarkonium-Z mixing parameter  $\delta m^2 < (10-30) \text{ GeV}^2$  (95%CL) for the mass 88–94.5 GeV. Using Richardson potential, a 1S  $(b'\overline{b}')$  state is excluded for the mass range 87.7–94.7 GeV. This range depends on the potential choice.
- $^{29}\,\mathrm{ABREU}$  90D assumed  $m_{\ensuremath{H^-}} < m_{\ensuremath{b^\prime}} 3$  GeV.
- <sup>30</sup> Superseded by ABREU 91F.
- $^{31}$  AKRAWY 90B search was restricted to data near the Z peak at  $E_{\rm cm}=91.26$  GeV at LEP. The excluded region is between 23.6 and 41.4 GeV if no  $H^+$  decays exist. For charged Higgs decays the excluded regions are between ( $m_{H^+}+1.5$  GeV) and 45.5 GeV.
- GeV.  $^{32}$  AKRAWY 90J search for isolated photons in hadronic Z decay and derive B(Z  $\rightarrow$   $b'\overline{b}')\cdot$ B(b'  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$ X)/B(Z  $\rightarrow$  hadrons)  $<2.2\times10^{-3}$ . Mass limit assumes B(b'  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$ X) > 10%.
- $^{33} \rm ABE$  89E search at  $E_{\rm cm}=56\text{--}57$  GeV at TRISTAN for multihadron events with a spherical shape (using thrust and acoplanarity) or containing isolated leptons.
- $^{34}\,\mathrm{ABE}$  89G search was at  $E_\mathrm{cm}=$  55–60.8 GeV at TRISTAN.
- <sup>35</sup> If the photonic decay mode is large (B( $b' \rightarrow b\gamma$ ) > 25%), the ABRAMS 89C limit is 45.4 GeV. The limit for For Higgs decay ( $b' \rightarrow cH^-, H^- \rightarrow \overline{c}s$ ) is 45.2 GeV.
- $^{36}\,\mathrm{ADACHI}$  89C search was at  $E_\mathrm{cm}=56.5\text{--}60.8$  GeV at TRISTAN using multi-hadron events accompanying muons.
- $^{
  m 37}$  ADACHI 89C also gives limits for any mixture of  $\it CC$  and  $\it bg$  decays.
- $^{38}\,\mathrm{ENO}$  89 search at  $E_\mathrm{cm}=$  50–60.8 at TRISTAN.
- $^{39}$  ENO 89 considers arbitrary mixture of the charged current, bg, and  $b\gamma$  decays.
- <sup>40</sup> IGARASHI 88 searches for leptons in low-thrust events and gives  $\Delta R(b') < 0.26$  (95% CL) assuming charged current decay, which translates to  $m_{h'} > 24.4$  GeV.
- $^{41}\,\text{SAGAWA}$  88 set limit  $\sigma(\text{top})<6.1$  pb at CL=95% for top-flavored hadron production from event shape analyses at  $E_{\text{Cm}}=52$  GeV. By using the quark parton model cross-section formula near threshold, the above limit leads to lower mass bounds of 23.8 GeV for charge -1/3 quarks.

## REFERENCES FOR Searches for (Fourth Generation) b' Quark

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 $<sup>^{42}</sup>$  ADEVA 86 give 95%CL upper bound on an excess of the normalized cross section,  $\Delta R_{\rm c}$  as a function of the minimum c.m. energy (see their figure 3). Production of a pair of 1/3 charge quarks is excluded up to  $E_{\rm cm}=45.4$  GeV.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> ALTHOFF 84C narrow state search sets limit  $\Gamma(e^+e^-)$ B(hadrons) <2.4 keV CL = 95% and heavy charge 1/3 quark pair production m >21 GeV, CL = 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> ALTHOFF 84I exclude heavy quark pair production for 7 < m < 19 GeV (1/3 charge) using aplanarity distributions (CL = 95%).