

**$K_0^*(1950)$**  $I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^+)$ 

## OMMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE

Seen in partial-wave analysis of the  $K^- \pi^+$  system. Needs confirmation.

 **$K_0^*(1950)$  MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b><math>1945 \pm 10 \pm 20</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> ASTON	88	LASS	$0 \quad 11 \ K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1917 $\pm$ 12	<sup>2</sup> ZHOU	06	RVUE	$K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
1820 $\pm$ 40	<sup>3</sup> ANISOVICH	97C	RVUE	$11 \ K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$

<sup>1</sup> We take the central value of the two solutions and the larger error given.

<sup>2</sup> S-matrix pole. Using ASTON 88 and assuming  $K_0^*(800)$ ,  $K_0^*(1430)$ .

<sup>3</sup> T-matrix pole. Reanalysis of ASTON 88 data.

 **$K_0^*(1950)$  WIDTH**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b><math>201 \pm 34 \pm 79</math></b>	<sup>4</sup> ASTON	88	LASS	$0 \quad 11 \ K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
145 $\pm$ 38	<sup>5</sup> ZHOU	06	RVUE	$K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
250 $\pm$ 100	<sup>6</sup> ANISOVICH	97C	RVUE	$11 \ K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$

<sup>4</sup> We take the central value of the two solutions and the larger error given.

<sup>5</sup> S-matrix pole. Using ASTON 88 and assuming  $K_0^*(800)$ ,  $K_0^*(1430)$ .

<sup>6</sup> T-matrix pole. Reanalysis of ASTON 88 data.

 **$K_0^*(1950)$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 \ K\pi$	(52 $\pm$ 14) %

 **$K_0^*(1950)$  BRANCHING RATIOS**

$\Gamma(K\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
<b><math>0.52 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.12</math></b>	<sup>7</sup> ASTON	88	LASS	$0 \quad 11 \ K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$\sim 0.60$	<sup>8</sup> ZHOU	06	RVUE	$K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
7 We take the central value of the two solutions and the larger error given. 8 S-matrix pole. Using ASTON 88 and assuming $K_0^*(800)$ , $K_0^*(1430)$ .				

## **$K_0^*(1950)$ REFERENCES**

ZHOU	06	NP A775 212	Z.Y. Zhou, H.Q. Zheng
ANISOVICH	97C	PL B413 137	A.V. Anisovich, A.V. Sarantsev
ASTON	88	NP B296 493	D. Aston <i>et al.</i> (SLAC, NAGO, CINC, INUS)

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