Higgs Bosons — H^0 and H^{\pm} , Searches for

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STANDARD MODEL H⁰ (Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS

These limits apply to the Higgs boson of the three-generation Standard Model with the minimal Higgs sector. For a review and a bibliography, see the Note above on "Searches for Higgs Bosons."

H⁰ Direct Search Limits

Limits on the Standard Model Higgs obtained from the study of Z^0 decays rule out conclusively its existence in the whole mass region $m_{H^0} \lesssim 60$ GeV. These limits, as well as stronger limits obtained from e^+e^- collisions at LEP at energies up to 202 GeV, and weaker limits obtained from other sources, have been superseded by the more recent data of LEP. They have been removed from this compilation, and are documented in previous editions of this Review of Particle Physics. The same holds for limits obtained from $p\overline{p}$ collisions at the Tevatron that have been superseded by more recent results incorporating a larger integrated luminosity.

In this Section, unless otherwise stated, limits from the four LEP experiments (ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, and OPAL) are obtained from the study of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ process, at center-of-mass energies reported in the comment lines.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
none 162–166	95	¹ AALTONEN	10F TEVA	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$
>114.1	95	² ABDALLAH	04 DLPH	$E_{\rm cm} \le 209 { m GeV}$
>112.7	95	² ABBIENDI	03B OPAL	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 { m GeV}$
>114.4	95	^{2,3} HEISTER	03D LEP	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 {\rm GeV}$
>111.5	95	^{2,4} HEISTER	02 ALEP	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 {\rm GeV}$
>112.0	95	² ACHARD	01C L3	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 {\rm GeV}$
• • • We do no	ot use tl	he following data for	averages, fits	, limits, etc. ● ● ●
		⁵ AALTONEN		$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 Z X$
		⁶ AALTONEN		$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		⁷ AALTONEN	10J CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 W X$
		⁸ AALTONEN	10M TEVA	$p \overline{p} \rightarrow g g X \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow$
		0		$WW^{(*)}$
		⁹ ABAZOV	10B D0	
		¹⁰ ABAZOV	10C D0	
		¹¹ ABAZOV		
		¹² AALTONEN	09A CDF	$p \overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		¹³ AALTONEN	09AG CDF	$p \overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W X$
		¹⁴ AALTONEN	09AI CDF	$p \overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W X$
		¹⁵ AALTONEN	09AO CDF	$p \overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 Z X$
		¹⁶ AALTONEN	09AS CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X$
		¹⁷ ABAZOV	09C D0	$p \overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W X$

Citation: K. Nakamura et al. (Particle Data Group), JP G 37, 075021 (2010) and 2011 partial update for the 2012 edition (URL: http://pdg.lbl.gov)

09Q D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
09U D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
08X CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 W X$
08A0 D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 W X$
08Y D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W X$
07X D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 Z X$
06 D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$
060 D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^*$
	09U D0 08X CDF 08A0 D0 08Y D0 07X D0 06 D0

¹AALTONEN 10F combine searches for H^0 decaying to W^+W^- in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm}$ = 1.96 TeV with 4.8 fb⁻¹ (CDF) and 5.4 fb⁻¹ (DØ).

²Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ in the final states $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ with $Z \rightarrow \ell\overline{\ell}, \nu\overline{\nu}, q\overline{q}, \tau^+\tau^$ and $H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with $Z \rightarrow q\overline{q}$.

³Combination of the results of all LEP experiments.

⁴ A 3σ excess of candidate events compatible with m_{H^0} near 114 GeV is observed in the combined channels $q \overline{q} q \overline{q}$, $q \overline{q} \ell \overline{\ell}$, $q \overline{q} \tau^+ \tau^-$.

⁵ AALTONEN 10AD search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in 4.1 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}, Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (4.5-43) \sigma \cdot B_{\rm (SM)}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 5.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.

⁶ AALTONEN 10G search for H^0 production in 4.8 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0)$ which is (1.3–39) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110-200$ GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is obtained for $m_{H^0} = 165$ GeV.

- ⁷ AALTONEN 10J search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production in 2.1 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the final state with (b) jets and missing p_T . A limit $\sigma < (5.8-50) \sigma_{\rm SM}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 110-150$ GeV. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 6.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ⁸ AALTONEN 10M combine searches for H^0 decaying to $W^+ W^-$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with 4.8 fb⁻¹ (CDF) and 5.4 fb⁻¹ (DØ) and derive limits $\sigma(p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow W^+ W^-) < (1.75-0.38)$ pb for $m_H = 120-165$ GeV, where H^0 is produced in gg fusion. In the Standard Model with an additional generation of heavy quarks, m_{H^0} between 131 and 204 GeV is excluded at 95% CL.
- ⁹ABAZOV 10B search for H^0 production in 5.4 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0)$ which is (1.6–21) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 115$ –200 GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is obtained for $m_{H^0} = 165$ GeV.
- ¹⁰ ABAZOV 10C search for associated $H^0 Z$ and $H^0 W$ production in 5.2 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the final states $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \nu\overline{\nu}$, and $W \rightarrow (\ell)\nu$, where ℓ is not identified. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (3.4-38) \sigma \cdot B_{\rm (SM)}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 3.7 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ¹¹ ABAZOV 10T search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in 4.2 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm}$ = 1.96 TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (3.0-49) \sigma \cdot B_{\rm (SM)}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 5.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ¹² AALTONEN 09A search for H^0 production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu \overline{\nu}$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)})$ between 0.7 and 2.5 pb (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 110$ –200 GeV, which is 1.7–45

times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The best limit is obtained for $m_{H^0} = 160$ GeV.

- ¹³ AALTONEN 09AG search for associated $H^0 W$ production in 1.9 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot$ $B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b})$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 110-150$ GeV, which is 7.5-101.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 9.0 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by AALTONEN 09AI.
- ¹⁴ AALTONEN 09AI search for associated $H^0 W$ production in 2.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b})$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV, which is 3.3-75.5 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 5.6 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ¹⁵ AALTONEN 09AO search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in 2.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0 Z) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b})$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV, which is 7.0-71.3 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 8.2 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by AALTONEN 10AD.
- ¹⁶ AALTONEN 09AS search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production in 2.0 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $W/Z \rightarrow q\overline{q}$. A limit (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV, which is 29.4–263 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 120$ GeV is 37.5 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ¹⁷ ABAZOV 09C search for associated $H^0 W$ production in 1 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$. A limit $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (2.1-0.95)$ pb (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV, which is 9.1–84 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ¹⁸ ABAZOV 09Q search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ in 2.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV. A limit (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 115-130$ GeV, which is about 20 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ¹⁹ ABAZOV 09U search for $H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ with $\tau \rightarrow$ hadrons in 1 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The production mechanisms include associated $W/Z + H^0$ production, weak boson fusion, and gluon fusion. A limit (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 105-145$ GeV, which is 20–82 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115$ GeV is 29 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ²⁰ AALTONEN 08X search for associated $H^0 Z$ and $H^0 W$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \nu\overline{\nu}$ and $W \rightarrow (\ell)\nu$, where ℓ is not detected. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (4.7-3.3)$ pb (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 110-140$ GeV, which is 18–66 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by AALTONEN 10J.
- ²¹ ABAZOV 08AO search for associated $H^0 Z$ and $H^0 W$ production in 0.9 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}, Z \rightarrow \nu\overline{\nu}$ and $W \rightarrow (\ell)\nu$, where ℓ is not detected. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (2.6-2.3)$ pb (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 105-135$ GeV, which is 8.7-34 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by ABAZOV 10C.
- ²² ABAZOV 08Y search for associated $H^0 W$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell \nu$. A limit $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < (1.9-1.6)$ pb (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 105-145$ GeV, which is 10–93 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. These results are combined with ABAZOV 06,

ABAZOV 060, ABAZOV 06Q, and ABAZOV 07X to give cross section limits for m_{H^0} = 100–200 GeV which are 6–24 times larger than the Standard Model expectation.

- ²³ ABAZOV 07X search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the final state $Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^-$; $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$. A limit $\sigma(ZH^0) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b})$ < (4.4-3.1) pb (95%CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 105-145$ GeV, which is more than 40 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by ABAZOV 10T.
- ²⁴ ABAZOV 06 search for Higgs boson production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\nu\ell'^{\mp}\overline{\nu}$. A limit $\sigma(H^0)\cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow WW^*) < (5.6-3.2)$ pb (95 %CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 120-200$ GeV, which far exceeds the expected Standard Model cross section.
- ²⁵ ABAZOV 060 search for associated $H^0 W$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$, in the final states $\ell^{\pm}\ell'^{\mp}\nu\nu'X$ where $\ell = e, \mu$. A limit $\sigma(H^0 W)$ · B($H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$) < (3.2–2.8) pb (95 %CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 115-175$ GeV, which far exceeds the expected Standard Model cross section.

H^0 Indirect Mass Limits from Electroweak Analysis

For limits obtained before the direct measurement of the top quark mass, see the 1996 (Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996)) Edition of this Review. Other studies based on data available prior to 1996 can be found in the 1998 Edition (The European Physical Journal **C3** 1 (1998)) of this Review. For indirect limits obtained from other considerations of theoretical nature, see the Note on "Searches for Higgs Bosons."

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	DOCUMENT ID				
91 <mark>+31</mark> -24	²⁶ ERLER	10A	RVUE			
\bullet \bullet We do not use the follow	ving data for averag	es, fits,	limits, etc			
80^{+30}_{-23}	²⁷ FLACHER	09	RVUE			
129^{+74}_{-49}	²⁸ LEP-SLC	06	RVUE			

²⁶ ERLER 10A makes Standard Model fits to Z and neutral current parameters, m_t , m_W measurements available in 2009 (using also preliminary data). The quoted result is obtained from a fit that does not include the limits from the direct Higgs searches. With direct search data from LEP2 and Tevatron added to the fit, the 90% CL (99% CL) interval is 115–148 (114–197) GeV.

²⁷ FLACHER 09 make Standard Model fits to Z and neutral current parameters, m_t , m_W , and Γ_W measurements available in 2008 (using also preliminary data). The 2σ (3σ) interval is 39–155 (26–209) GeV. The quoted results are obtained from a fit that does not include the limit from the direct Higgs searches.

²⁸ LEP-SLC 06 make Standard Model fits to Z parameters from LEP/SLC and m_t , m_W , and Γ_W measurements available in 2005 with $\Delta \alpha_{had}^{(5)}(m_Z) = 0.02758 \pm 0.00035$. The 95% CL limit is 285 GeV.

MASS LIMITS FOR NEUTRAL HIGGS BOSONS IN SUPERSYMMETRIC MODELS

The minimal supersymmetric model has two complex doublets of Higgs bosons. The resulting physical states are two scalars $[H_1^0 \text{ and } H_2^0$, where we define $m_{H_1^0} < m_{H_2^0}]$, a pseudoscalar (A^0) , and a charged Higgs pair (H^{\pm}) . H_1^0 and H_2^0 are also called *h* and *H* in the literature. There are two free parameters in the theory which can be chosen to be m_{A^0} and $\tan\beta =$

 v_2/v_1 , the ratio of vacuum expectation values of the two Higgs doublets.

Tree-level Higgs masses are constrained by the model to be $m_{H_1^0} \leq m_Z$, $m_{H_2^0} \geq m_Z$, $m_{A^0} \geq m_{H_1^0}$, and $m_{H^{\pm}} \geq m_W$. However, as described in the review on "Searches for Higgs Bosons" in this Volume these relations are violated by radiative corrections.

Unless otherwise noted, the experiments in $e^+\,e^-$ collisions search for the processes $e^+\,e^- \to ~H^0_1\,Z^0$ in the channels used for the Standard Model Higgs searches and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in the final states $b\overline{b}b\overline{b}$ and $b \overline{b} \tau^+ \tau^-$. In $p \overline{p}$ collisions the experiments search for a variety of processes, as explicitly specified for each entry. Limits on the A^0 mass arise from these direct searches, as well as from the relations valid in the minimal supersymmetric model between m_{A^0} and $m_{H_1^0}$. As discussed in the review on "Searches for Higgs Bosons" in this Volume, these relations depend, via potentially large radiative corrections, on the mass of the t quark and on the supersymmetric parameters, in particular those of the stop sector. The limits are weaker for larger t and \tilde{t} masses. To include the radiative corrections to the Higgs masses, unless otherwise stated, the listed papers use theoretical predictions incorporating two-loop corrections and examine the two scenarios of no scalar top mixing and the m_h^{max} benchmark scenario (which gives rise to the most conservative upper bound on the mass of H_1^0 for given values of m_{A^0} and $\tan\beta$), see CARENA 99B and CARENA 03.

Limits in the low-mass region of H_1^0 , as well as other by now obsolete limits from different techniques, have been removed from this compilation, and can be found in earlier editions of this Review. Unless otherwise stated, the following results assume no invisible H_1^0 or A^0 decays.

H_1^0 (Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS in Supersymmetric Models

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>89.7		²⁹ ABDALLAH	08B DLPI	H $E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; { m GeV}$
>92.8	95	³⁰ SCHAEL		$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; {\rm GeV}$
>84.5	95	^{31,32} ABBIENDI	04M OPAI	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; {\rm GeV}$
>86.0	95	^{31,33} ACHARD	02H L3	${m E_{\sf cm}} \le 209$ GeV, tan $eta > 0.4$
• • • We do not ι	ise the	e following data for av	verages, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
		³⁴ ABAZOV	10D D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0_{1,2}/A^0 + b + X,$
				$H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \to \tau^+ \tau^-$
		³⁵ AALTONEN	09AR CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0_{1,2}/A^0 + X,$
				$H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \to \tau^+ \tau^-$
		³⁶ ABAZOV	09F D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0_{1,2}/A^0 + b + X,$
				$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^{0}_{1,2}/A^{0} + b + X,$ $H^{0}_{1,2}/A^{0} \rightarrow \tau^{+}\tau^{-}$
		³⁷ ABAZOV	08aj D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$
				$p\overline{p} \xrightarrow{P} H^{0}_{1,2}/A^{0} + b + X,$ $H^{0}_{1,2}/A^{0} \xrightarrow{P} b\overline{b}$
				,

		³⁸ ABAZOV	08W D0	$p\overline{p} ightarrow H^0_{1,2}/A^0 + X,$
				$H^{0}_{1,2}/A^{0} \to \tau^{+}\tau^{-}$
>89.7	95	^{31,39} ABDALLAH	04 DLPH	$E_{cm} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta > 0.4$
		⁴⁰ ABBIENDI	03G OPAL	$H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
>89.8	95	^{31,41} HEISTER	02 ALEP	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; { m GeV}, \; { m tan}eta > 0.5$

²⁹ ABDALLAH 08B give limits in eight CP-conserving benchmark scenarios and some CPviolating scenarios. See paper for excluded regions for each scenario. Supersedes AB-DALLAH 04.

³⁰SCHAEL 06B make a combined analysis of the LEP data. The quoted limit is for the m_h^{max} scenario with $m_t = 174.3$ GeV. In the *CP*-violating CPX scenario no lower bound on $m_{H_1^0}$ can be set at 95% CL. See paper for excluded regions in various scenarios. See

Figs. 2–6 and Tabs. 14–21 for limits on $\sigma(ZH^0)$ · B($H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \tau^+\tau^-$) and $\sigma(H_1^0H_2^0)$ · B($H_1^0, H_2^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \tau^+\tau^-$).

³¹ Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in the final states $b\overline{b}b\overline{b}$ and $b\overline{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$. Universal scalar mass of 1 TeV, SU(2) gaugino mass of 200 GeV, and $\mu = -200$ GeV are assumed, and two-loop radiative corrections incorporated. The limits hold for $m_t = 175$ GeV, and for the m_b^{max} scenario.

 32 ABBIENDI 04M exclude 0.7 $< \tan\beta < 1.9$, assuming $m_t = 174.3$ GeV. Limits for other MSSM benchmark scenarios, as well as for CP violating cases, are also given.

- ³³ACHARD 02H also search for the final state $H_1^0 Z \rightarrow 2A^0 q \overline{q}$, $A^0 \rightarrow q \overline{q}$. In addition, the MSSM parameter set in the "large- μ " and "no-mixing" scenarios are examined.
- ³⁴ABAZOV 10D search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a *b* quark in 2.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV, with the decay $H_{1,2}^0 / A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. See their Fig. 1 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0 / A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ (for different Higgs masses) and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = -200$ GeV.
- ³⁵AALTONEN 09AR search for Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau^+ \tau^-$ in two doublet models in 1.8 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ³⁶ ABAZOV 09F search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a *b* quark in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ (for different Higgs masses) and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = \pm 200$ GeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 10D.
- ³⁷ ABAZOV 08AJ search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a *b* quark in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$. See their Tab. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b})$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = \pm 200$ GeV.

³⁸ABAZOV 08W search for Higgs boson production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 4 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.

³⁹ This limit applies also in the no-mixing scenario. Furthermore, ABDALLAH 04 excludes the range 0.54 $< \tan\beta < 2.36$. The limit improves in the region $\tan\beta < 6$ (see Fig. 28). Limits for $\mu = 1$ TeV are given in Fig. 30.

⁴⁰ABBIENDI 03G search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$ followed by $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow c \overline{c}$, gg, or $\tau^+ \tau^-$. In the no-mixing scenario, the region $m_{H_1^0} = 45-85$ GeV and $m_{A^0} = 2-9.5$

GeV is excluded at 95% CL.

^ .

 $^{41}\,{\rm HEISTER}$ 02 excludes the range 0.7 $<\!{\rm tan}\beta$ < 2.3. A wider range is excluded with different stop mixing assumptions. Updates BARATE 01C.

A ^v (Pseudosc	alar Higgs Boson) Mi	ASS LIMITS in S	upersymmetric Models
VALUE (GeV)	CL% DOCUMEN	T ID TECN	COMMENT
>90.4	⁴² ABDALL	AH 08B DLPH	$E_{ m cm} \leq$ 209 GeV
>93.4	95 ⁴³ SCHAEL	06B LEP	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 {\rm GeV}$
>85.0	95 ^{44,45} ABBIENI	DI 04M OPAL	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 {\rm GeV}$
>86.5	95 ^{44,46} ACHARD	02H L3	$E_{\rm cm}^{\rm onl} \leq 209 { m ~GeV}, { m tan}eta > 0.4$
>90.1	95 44,47 HEISTER	02 ALEP	$E_{ m cm} \leq$ 209 GeV, tan $eta > 0.5$
• • We do no	ot use the following data	for averages, fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •
	⁴⁸ ABAZOV	10D D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$
			$H_{1,2}^{0}/A^{0} \to \tau^{+}\tau^{-}$
	⁴⁹ AALTON	EN 09AR CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$
			$H_{1,2}^{0}/A^{0} \to \tau^{+}\tau^{-}$
	⁵⁰ ABAZOV	09F D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0_{1,2}/A^0 + b + X,$
			$H_{1,2}^{0}/A^{0} \to \tau^{+}\tau^{-}$
	⁵¹ ABAZOV	08AJ D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^0_{1,2}/A^0 + b + X,$
			$H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$
	⁵² ABAZOV	08w D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$
			$H_{1,2}^{0}/A^{0} \to \tau^{+}\tau^{-}$
	⁵³ ACOSTA	05Q CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X$
>90.4	95 ^{44,54} ABDALL		$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; {\rm GeV}, \; {\rm tan}\beta > 0.4$
	⁵⁵ ABBIENI		$H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
	⁵⁶ AKEROY		T
40	,EI(01		

A⁰ (I	Pseudoscal	ar Higgs Bo	son) MASS	LIMITS in	Supers	ymmetric	Models
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 42 ABDALLAH 08B give limits in eight CP-conserving benchmark scenarios and some CPviolating scenarios. See paper for excluded regions for each scenario. Supersedes AB-DALLAH 04.

⁴³SCHAEL 06B make a combined analysis of the LEP data. The quoted limit is for the m_h^{max} scenario with $m_t = 174.3$ GeV. In the *CP*-violating CPX scenario no lower bound on $m_{H_1^0}$ can be set at 95% CL. See paper for excluded regions in various scenarios. See

Figs. 2–6 and Tabs. 14–21 for limits on $\sigma(ZH^0)$ · B($H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \tau^+\tau^-$) and $\sigma(H_1^0H_2^0)$ · $\mathsf{B}(H_1^0, H_2^0 \to b\overline{b}, \tau^+ \tau^-).$

⁴⁴Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in the final states $b\overline{b}b\overline{b}$ and $b\overline{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ $H_1^0 Z$. Universal scalar mass of 1 TeV, SU(2) gaugino mass of 200 GeV, and $\mu = -200$ GeV are assumed, and two-loop radiative corrections incorporated. The limits hold for m_t =175 GeV, and for the m_h^{max} scenario.

⁴⁵ ABBIENDI 04M exclude 0.7 $< \tan\beta < 1.9$, assuming $m_t = 174.3$ GeV. Limits for other MSSM benchmark scenarios, as well as for *CP* violating cases, are also given. ⁴⁶ ACHARD 02H also search for the final state $H_1^0 Z \rightarrow 2A^0 q \overline{q}, A^0 \rightarrow q \overline{q}$. In addition, the MSSM parameter set in the "large- μ " and "no-mixing" scenarios are examined.

⁴⁷ HEISTER 02 excludes the range 0.7 $< \tan \beta < 2.3$. A wider range is excluded with different stop mixing assumptions. Updates BARATE 01C.

- ⁴⁸ ABAZOV 10D search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a *b* quark in 2.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV, with the decay $H_{1,2}^0 / A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. See their Fig. 1 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0 / A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ (for different Higgs masses) and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = -200$ GeV.
- ⁴⁹ AALTONEN 09AR search for Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau^+ \tau^-$ in two doublet models in 1.8 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ⁵⁰ ABAZOV 09F search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a *b* quark in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ (for different Higgs masses) and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = \pm 200$ GeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 10D.
- ⁵¹ ABAZOV 08AJ search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a *b* quark in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$. See their Tab. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b})$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = \pm 200$ GeV.
- ⁵² ABAZOV 08W search for Higgs boson production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 4 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ⁵³ACOSTA 05Q search for $H_{1,2}^0/A^0$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.8$ TeV with $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. At $m_{A^0} = 100$ GeV, the obtained cross section upper limit is above theoretical expectation.
- ⁵⁴ This limit applies also in the no-mixing scenario. Furthermore, ABDALLAH 04 excludes the range 0.54 $< \tan\beta < 2.36$. The limit improves in the region $\tan\beta < 6$ (see Fig. 28). Limits for $\mu = 1$ TeV are given in Fig. 30.

⁵⁵ ABBIENDI 03G search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$ followed by $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow c \overline{c}$, gg, or $\tau^+\tau^-$. In the no-mixing scenario, the region $m_{H_1^0} = 45-85$ GeV and $m_{A^0} = 2-9.5$

__ GeV is excluded at 95% CL.

⁵⁶ AKEROYD 02 examine the possibility of a light A^0 with tan $\beta < 1$. Electroweak measurements are found to be inconsistent with such a scenario.

H^0 (Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS in Extended Higgs Models

This Section covers models which do not fit into either the Standard Model or its simplest minimal Supersymmetric extension (MSSM), leading to anomalous production rates, or nonstandard final states and branching ratios. In particular, this Section covers limits which may apply to generic two-Higgs-doublet models (2HDM), or to special regions of the MSSM parameter space where decays to invisible particles or to photon pairs are dominant (see the Note on 'Searches for Higgs Bosons' at the beginning of this Chapter). See the footnotes or the comment lines for details on the nature of the models to which the limits apply.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUME	ENT ID	TI	ECN	COMMENT	
• • • We do no	ot use the	e following da	ata for ave	rages	, fits,	limits, etc. • • •	
>108.2	95					invisible H^0 $H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0_1 \tilde{\chi}^0_2$	
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>106	95	⁵⁹ SCHAEL ⁶⁰ AALTONEN ⁶¹ AALTONEN	10 ALEP 09ab CDF 09ar CDF	
>101	95	⁶² ABAZOV ⁶³ ABAZOV	09Q D0 09∨ D0	$ \begin{array}{ccc} H^0 \rightarrow & \gamma \gamma \\ H^0 \rightarrow & A^0 A^0 \end{array} $
		⁶⁴ AUBERT ⁶⁵ AUBERT	09P BABR 09z BABR	
		⁶⁶ AUBERT		$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow A^{\circ} \gamma$ $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^{0} \gamma$
		⁶⁷ ABAZOV	092 DABN 080 D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
		⁶⁸ LOVE	08 CLEO	
		⁶⁹ ABBIENDI	07 OPAL	
		⁷⁰ BESSON		$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta_{m h} \gamma$
>105.8	95	⁷¹ SCHAEL	07 ALEP	$e^+e^- ightarrow H^0$ Z, $H^0 ightarrow$
none 1–55	95	⁷² ABBIENDI	05A OPAL	1
none 3–63	95	72 ABBIENDI	05A OPAL	
>110.6	95	73 ABDALLAH	05D DLPH	5
>112.3	95	74 ACHARD	05 L3	invisible H ⁰
>104	95	⁷⁵ ABBIENDI	04K OPAL	
. 110 1	05	⁷⁶ ABDALLAH	04 DLPH	
>112.1	95 05	⁷⁴ ABDALLAH ^{77,78} ABDALLAH	04B DLPH	
>104.1	95	⁷⁹ ABDALLAH	04L DLPH 040 DLPH	
		⁸⁰ ABDALLAH		$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 A^0$
>110.3	95	⁸¹ ACHARD	040 DEITI 04B L3	^
/ 110.0	50	⁸² ACHARD	04F L3	Anomalous coupling
		⁸³ ABBIENDI	03F OPAL	
		⁸⁴ ABBIENDI	03G OPAL	$H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
>107	95	⁸⁵ ACHARD	03C L3	$H^{ar{0}} \rightarrow WW^*$, ZZ^* , $\gamma\gamma$
		⁸⁶ ABBIENDI	02D OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow b\overline{b}H$
>105.5	95	^{77,87} ABBIENDI	02F OPAL	$H_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
>105.4	95	⁸⁸ ACHARD	02C L3	$H_1^{ar 0} ightarrow \gamma \gamma$
>114.1	95	⁷⁴ HEISTER	02 ALEP	Invisible H^0 , $E_{\rm cm} \leq 209$ GeV
>105.4	95	^{77,89} HEISTER	02L ALEP	$H_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
>109.1	95	⁹⁰ HEISTER	02м ALEP	${\it H}^{ar{f 0}} ightarrow $ 2 jets or $ au^+ au^-$
none 1–44	95	⁹¹ ABBIENDI	01E OPAL	H ⁰ 1, Type-II model
none 12–56	95	⁹¹ ABBIENDI	01E OPAL	А ^Ŏ , Туре-II model
> 98	95	⁹² AFFOLDER	01H CDF	$p \overline{p} ightarrow H^0 W/Z, H^0 ightarrow \gamma \gamma$
>106.4	95	⁷⁴ BARATE	01C ALEP	
> 89.2	95	⁹³ ACCIARRI	00M L3	Invisible H^0
		⁹⁴ ACCIARRI	00r L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$ and/or $H^0 \rightarrow$
		⁹⁵ ACCIARRI	00r L3	$e^+ \stackrel{\gamma \gamma}{e^-} \rightarrow e^+ e^- H^0$
> 94.9	95	⁹⁶ ACCIARRI	00K L3	
>100.7	95 95	97 BARATE	001 ALEP	
> 68.0	95	98 ABBIENDI	99E OPAL	

I

> 96.2	95	⁹⁹ ABBIENDI			$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
> 78.5	95	¹⁰⁰ АВВОТТ			$p \overline{p} \rightarrow H^0 W/Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
		¹⁰¹ ABREU	99 P	DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma \text{ and/or } H^0 \rightarrow$
		¹⁰² GONZALEZ-G. ¹⁰³ KRAWCZYK	.98B 97	RVUE RVUE	$\gamma \gamma$ Anomalous coupling $(\sigma - 2)$
		¹⁰⁴ ALEXANDER	96H	OPAL	
		100			$Z \rightarrow H^{\circ} Z^{\circ}$, $H^{\circ} A^{\circ}$ Very light Higgs

⁵⁷ ABBIENDI 10 earch for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with H^0 decaying invisibly. The limit assumes SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{ invisible}) = 1$. ⁵⁸ ABBIENDI 10 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ with the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow$

- ⁵⁰ ABBIENDI 10 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ with the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 + (\gamma \text{ or } Z^*)$, when $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ are nearly degenerate. For a mass difference of 2 (4) GeV, a lower limit on m_{H^0} of 108.4 (107.0) GeV (95% CL) is obtained for SM ZH^0 cross section and B($H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$) = 1.
- ⁵⁹SCHAEL 10 search for the process $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ followed by the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- \tau^+ \tau^-$ with $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$, $\nu \overline{\nu}$ at $E_{\rm cm} = 183$ -209 GeV. For a $H^0 Z Z$ coupling equal to the SM value, $B(H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0) = B(A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-) = 1$, and $m_{A^0} = 4$ -10 GeV, m_{H^0} up to 107 GeV is excluded at 95% CL.
- ⁶⁰ AALTONEN 09AB search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ in 3.0 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 70-150$ GeV. Associated $H^0 W$, $H^0 Z$ production and W W, ZZ fusion are considered. The limit assumes that all fermion Yukawa couplings vanish.
- ⁶¹AALTONEN 09AR search for Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau^+ \tau^-$ in two doublet models in 1.8 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ⁶²ABAZOV 09Q search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ in 2.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 100-150$ GeV. The limit assumes that all fermion Yukawa couplings vanish.
- ⁶³ ABAZOV 09V search for H^0 production followed by the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^- \tau^+ \tau^-$ in 4.2 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for limits on $\sigma(H^0) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0)$ for $m_{A^0} = 3.6$ –19 GeV.
- ⁶⁴ AUBERT 09P search for the process $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ for 4.03 $< m_{A^0} < 9.52$ and 9.61 $< m_{A^0} < 10.10$ GeV, and give limits on B($\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$)·B($A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$) in the range (1.5–16) $\times 10^{-5}$ (90% CL).
- ⁶⁵ AUBERT 09Z search for the process $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ for 0.212 $< m_{A^0} < 9.3$ GeV and give limits on B($\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$)·B($A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$) in the range (0.3–8) $\times 10^{-6}$ (90% CL).
- ⁶⁶AUBERT 09Z search for the process $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ for 0.212 $< m_{A^0} < 9.3$ GeV and give limits on B($\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$)·B($A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$) in the range (0.3–5) × 10⁻⁶ (90% CL).
- ⁶⁷ ABAZOV 08U search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 70-150$ GeV. Associated $H^0 W$, $H^0 Z$ production and W W, ZZ fusion are considered. See their Tab. 1 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the $m_{H^0} - B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$ plane.

- ⁶⁸LOVE 08 search for the process $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ (for $m_{A^0} < 2m_{ au}$) and $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. Limits on B($\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$) · B($A^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$) in the range 10^{-6} -10⁻⁴ (90% CL) are given.
- ⁶⁹ ABBIENDI 07 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with $Z \rightarrow q \overline{q}$ and H^0 decaying to invisible final states. The H^0 width is varied between 1 GeV and 3 TeV. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{ invisible})$ < (0.07–0.57) pb (95%CL) is obtained at $E_{\rm cm} = 206$ GeV for $m_{H^0} = 60-114$ GeV.
- 70 BESSON 07 give a limit B($\Upsilon(1S)
 ightarrow \eta_b \gamma) \cdot$ B($\eta_b
 ightarrow au^+ au^-) <$ 0.27% (95% CL), which constrains a possible A^0 exchange contribution to the η_b decay.
- 71 SCHAEL 07 search for Higgs bosons in association with a fermion pair and decaying to WW^* . The limit is from this search and HEISTER 02L for a H^0 with SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow f\overline{f}) = 0$ for all fermions f.
- ⁷² ABBIENDI 05A search for $e^+e^-
 ightarrow H^0_1 A^0$ in general Type-II two-doublet models, with decays H_1^0 , $A^0 \rightarrow q \overline{q}$, g g, $\tau^+ \tau^-$, and $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$.
- ⁷³ABDALLAH 05D search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ and $H^0 A^0$ with H^0 , A^0 decaying to two jets of any flavor including gg. The limit is for SM $H^0 Z$ production cross section with $\mathsf{B}(H^0 \to jj) = 1.$
- ⁷⁴ Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with H^0 decaying invisibly. The limit assumes SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{ invisible}) = 1$.
- ⁷⁵ ABBIENDI 04K search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with H^0 decaying to two jets of any flavor including g.g. The limit is for SM production cross section with $B(H^0 \rightarrow jj) = 1$.
- ⁷⁶ABDALLAH 04 consider the full combined LEP and LEP2 datasets to set limits on the Higgs coupling to W or Z bosons, assuming SM decays of the Higgs. Results in Fig. 26.
- 77 Search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a Z boson, followed by Z ightarrow $q \overline{q}$, $\ell^+ \ell^-$, or $\nu \overline{\nu}$, at $E_{cm} \leq 209$ GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow f\overline{f})=0$ for all fermions f.
- 78 Updates ABREU 01F.
- ⁷⁹ABDALLAH 040 search for $Z \rightarrow b \overline{b} H^0$, $b \overline{b} A^0$, $\tau^+ \tau^- H^0$ and $\tau^+ \tau^- A^0$ in the final states 4b, $b\overline{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and 4τ . See paper for limits on Yukawa couplings.
- ⁸⁰ ABDALLAH 040 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ and $H^0 A^0$, with H^0 , $A^{\bar{0}}$ decaying to $b \overline{b}$, $\tau^+ \tau^-$, or $H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$ at $E_{\rm cm} = 189-208$ GeV. See paper for limits on couplings. ⁸¹ ACHARD 04B search for $e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with H^0 decaying to $b\overline{b}$, $c\overline{c}$, or gg. The limit
- is for SM production cross section with $B(H^0 \rightarrow jj) = 1$.
- 82 ACHARD 04F search for H^0 with anomalous coupling to gauge boson pairs in the processes $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$, $e^+e^-H^0$, H^0Z with decays $H^0 \rightarrow f\bar{f}$, $\gamma\gamma$, $Z\gamma$, and W^*W at $E_{\rm cm} =$ 189–209 GeV. See paper for limits.
- ⁸³ABBIENDI 03F search for $H^0 \rightarrow$ anything in $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z$, using the recoil mass spectrum of $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ or $\mu^+\mu^-$. In addition, it searched for $Z \rightarrow \nu \overline{\nu}$ and $H^0 \rightarrow$ e^+e^- or photons. Scenarios with large width or continuum H^0 mass distribution are considered. See their Figs. 11-14 for the results.
- ⁸⁴ABBIENDI 03G search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$ followed by $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow c\overline{c}$, gg, or $\tau^+ \tau^-$ in the region $m_{H^0_1} =$ 45-86 GeV and $m_{A^0} =$ 2-11 GeV. See their Fig. 7 for the limits.
- ⁸⁵ ACHARD 03C search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ followed by $H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$ or ZZ^* at $E_{cm}=$ 200-209 GeV and combine with the ACHARD 02C result. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow f\bar{f}) = 0$ for all f. For $B(H^0 \rightarrow WW^*) + H^0$ $B(H^0 \rightarrow ZZ^*) = 1$, $m_{\mu 0} > 108.1$ GeV is obtained. See fig. 6 for the limits under different BR assumptions.
- ⁸⁶ ABBIENDI 02D search for $Z \to b\overline{b}H_1^0$ and $b\overline{b}A^0$ with $H_1^0/A^0 \to \tau^+\tau^-$, in the range $4 < m_H < 12$ GeV. See their Fig. 8 for limits on the Yukawa coupling.

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⁸⁷ For B($H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$)=1, $m_{H^0} > 117$ GeV is obtained.

- ⁸⁸ ACHARD 02C search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a Z boson, followed by $Z \rightarrow q \overline{q}$, $\ell^+ \ell^-$, or $\nu \overline{\nu}$, at $E_{\rm cm} \leq 209$ GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and B($H^0 \rightarrow f \overline{f}$)=0 for all fermions f. For B($H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)=1, $m_{H^0} > 114$ GeV is obtained.
- ⁸⁹ For B($H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$)=1, $m_{H^0} > 113.1$ GeV is obtained.
- ⁹⁰ HEISTER 02M search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$, assuming that H^0 decays to $q \overline{q}, g g$, or $\tau^+ \tau^-$ only. The limit assumes SM production cross section.
- ⁹¹ABBIENDI 01E search for neutral Higgs bosons in general Type-II two-doublet models, at $E_{\rm cm} \leq 189$ GeV. In addition to usual final states, the decays H_1^0 , $A^0 \rightarrow q \overline{q}$, g g are searched for. See their Figs. 15,16 for excluded regions.
- ⁹² AFFOLDER 01H search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance and a W or Z (tagged by two jets, an isolated lepton, or missing E_T). The limit assumes Standard Model values for the production cross section and for the couplings of the H^0 to W and Z bosons. See their Fig. 11 for limits with B($H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)< 1. ⁹³ ACCIARRI 00M search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ with H^0 decaying invisibly at
- ⁹³ ACCIARRI 00M search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ with H^0 decaying invisibly at $E_{\rm cm}$ =183–189 GeV. The limit assumes SM production cross section and B($H^0 \rightarrow$ invisible)=1. See their Fig. 6 for limits for smaller branching ratios.
- ⁹⁴ ACCIARRI 00R search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$ with $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$, $Z\gamma$, or $\gamma\gamma$. See their Fig. 3 for limits on $\sigma \cdot B$. Explicit limits within an effective interaction framework are also given, for which the Standard Model Higgs search results are used in addition.
- ⁹⁵ ACCIARRI 00R search for the two-photon type processes $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-H^0$ with $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ or $\gamma\gamma$. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $\Gamma(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \text{ or } b\overline{b})$ for $m_{H^0} = 70 170$ GeV.
- ⁹⁶ ACCIARRI 00S search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a $q\overline{q}$, $\nu\overline{\nu}$, or $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair in e^+e^- collisions at $E_{\rm cm}=$ 189 GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and B($H^0 \rightarrow f\overline{f}$)=0 for all fermions f. For B($H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)=1, $m_{H^0} >$ 98 GeV is obtained. See their Fig. 5 for limits on B($H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)· $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\overline{f})/\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\overline{f})$ (SM).
- ⁹⁷ BARATE 00L search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a $q\overline{q}$, $\nu\overline{\nu}$, or $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair in e^+e^- collisions at $E_{\rm cm}=$ 88–202 GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and B($H^0 \rightarrow f\overline{f}$)=0 for all fermions f. For B($H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)=1, $m_{H^0} > 109$ GeV is obtained. See their Fig. 3 for limits on B($H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)· $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\overline{f})/\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\overline{f})$ (SM).
- ⁹⁸ ABBIENDI 99E search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 A^0$ and $H^0 Z$ at $E_{\rm cm} = 183$ GeV. The limit is with $m_H = m_A$ in general two Higgs-doublet models. See their Fig. 18 for the exclusion limit in the $m_H m_A$ plane. Updates the results of ACKERSTAFF 98S.
- ⁹⁹ ABBIENDI 990 search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a $q\overline{q}$, $\nu\overline{\nu}$, or $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair in e^+e^- collisions at 189 GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow f\overline{f})=0$, for all fermions f. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z^0)\times B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)\times B(X^0 \rightarrow f\overline{f})$ for various masses. Updates the results of ACKERSTAFF 98Y.
- ¹⁰⁰ ABBOTT 99B search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance and a dijet pair. The limit assumes Standard Model values for the production cross section and for the couplings of the H^0 to W and Z bosons. Limits in the range of $\sigma(H^0 + Z/W) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.80-0.34$ pb are obtained in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 65-150$ GeV.
- ¹⁰¹ ABREU 99P search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$ with $H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ or $\gamma\gamma$, and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0q\overline{q}$ with $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $\sigma\times B$. Explicit limits within an effective interaction framework are also given.

- ¹⁰² GONZALEZ-GARCIA 98B use DØ limit for $\gamma\gamma$ events with missing E_T in $p\overline{p}$ collisions (ABBOTT 98) to constrain possible ZH or WH production followed by unconventional $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ decay which is induced by higher-dimensional operators. See their Figs. 1 and 2 for limits on the anomalous couplings.
- 103 KRAWCZYK 97 analyse the muon anomalous magnetic moment in a two-doublet Higgs model (with type II Yukawa couplings) assuming no $H_1^0 ZZ$ coupling and obtain $m_{H_2^0}\gtrsim$

5 GeV or $m_{A^0} \gtrsim$ 5 GeV for tan β > 50. Other Higgs bosons are assumed to be much heavier.

¹⁰⁴ ALEXANDER 96H give $B(Z \rightarrow H^0 \gamma) \times B(H^0 \rightarrow q\overline{q}) < 1-4 \times 10^{-5}$ (95%CL) and $B(Z \rightarrow H^0 \gamma) \times B(H^0 \rightarrow b\overline{b}) < 0.7-2 \times 10^{-5}$ (95%CL) in the range 20 $< m_{H^0} < 80$ and GeV.

GeV. 105 See Fig. 4 of ABREU 95H for the excluded region in the $m_{H^0} - m_{A^0}$ plane for general two-doublet models. For tan $\beta > 1$, the region $m_{H^0} + m_{A^0} \lesssim 87$ GeV, $m_{H^0} < 47$ GeV is excluded at 95% CL.

excluded at 95% CL. 106 PICH 92 analyse H^0 with $m_{H^0} < 2m_{\mu}$ in general two-doublet models. Excluded regions in the space of mass-mixing angles from LEP, beam dump, and π^{\pm} , η rare decays are shown in Figs. 3,4. The considered mass region is not totally excluded.

H^{\pm} (Charged Higgs) MASS LIMITS

Unless otherwise stated, the limits below assume $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) + B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$, and hold for all values of $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_{\tau})$, and assume H^+ weak isospin of $T_3 = +1/2$. In the following, $\tan\beta$ is the ratio of the two vacuum expectation values in two-doublet models (2HDM).

The limits are also applicable to point-like technipions. For a discussion of techniparticles, see the Review of Dynamical Electroweak Symmetry Breaking in this Review.

For limits obtained in hadronic collisions before the observation of the top quark, and based on the top mass values inconsistent with the current measurements, see the 1996 (Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996)) Edition of this Review.

Searches in e^+e^- collisions at and above the Z pole have conclusively ruled out the existence of a charged Higgs in the region $m_{H^+} \lesssim 45$ GeV, and are now superseded by the most recent searches in higher energy e^+e^- collisions at LEP. Results by now obsolete are therefore not included in this compilation, and can be found in the previous Edition (The European Physical Journal **C15** 1 (2000)) of this Review.

In the following, and unless otherwise stated, results from the LEP experiments (ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, and OPAL) are assumed to derive from the study of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^-$ process. Limits from $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ decays are usually stronger in generic 2HDM models than in Supersymmetric models.

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
> 74.4	95	ABDALLAH	041	DLPH	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 {\rm GeV}$
> 76.5	95	ACHARD			$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; {\rm GeV}$
> 79.3	95	HEISTER	0 2P	ALEP	$E_{\rm cm} \leq 209 \; {\rm GeV}$
• • • We do not	use the fo	llowing data for a	averag	ges, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
>316	95 10	⁷ DESCHAMPS	10	RVUE	Type II, flavor physics data
		⁸ AALTONEN	09AJ	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		⁹ ABAZOV	09AC	: D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
	11	⁰ ABAZOV	09AG	5 D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
	11	¹ ABAZOV	09AI	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
	11	² ABAZOV	09 P	D0	$H^+ \rightarrow t \overline{b}$
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>240	95	¹¹³ FLACHER ¹¹⁴ ABULENCIA	09 06⊧	RVUE CDE	Type II, flavor physics data $t \rightarrow bH^+$
> 92.0	95	ABBIENDI	04		$B(\tau\nu) = 1$
> 76.7	95	¹¹⁵ ABDALLAH			
		¹¹⁶ ABBIENDI			$\tau \rightarrow \mu \overline{\nu} \nu, e \overline{\nu} \nu$
		¹¹⁷ ABAZOV	0 2B	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H \rightarrow \tau \nu$
		¹¹⁸ BORZUMATI	02	RVUE	
		¹¹⁹ ABBIENDI	01Q	OPAL	$B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau} X$
		¹²⁰ BARATE	01e	ALEP	$B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}$
>315	99	¹²¹ GAMBINO	01	RVUE	$b ightarrow s \gamma$
					$t ightarrow b H^+$, $H ightarrow au u$
> 59.5	95	ABBIENDI	99E	OPAL	$E_{\sf cm} \le 183 \; {\sf GeV}$
		¹²³ ABBOTT	99E	D0	$t \rightarrow b H^+$
		¹²⁴ ACKERSTAFF	99 D	OPAL	$ au ightarrow {f e} u u, \mu u u$
		¹²⁵ ACCIARRI	97f	L3	$B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}$
		¹²⁶ AMMAR	97 B	CLEO	$ au ightarrow \ \mu u u$
		¹²⁷ COARASA	97	RVUE	$B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau} X$
		¹²⁸ GUCHAIT	97	RVUE	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H \rightarrow \tau \nu$
		¹²⁹ MANGANO	97	RVUE	$B_{u(c)} \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}$
		¹³⁰ STAHL	97	RVUE	$ au ightarrow \mu u u$
>244	95	¹³¹ ALAM	95	CLE2	$b ightarrow s \gamma$
		¹³² BUSKULIC	95	ALEP	$b \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau} X$

- ¹⁰⁷ DESCHAMPS 10 make Type II two Higgs doublet model fits to weak leptonic and semileptonic decays, $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, B, B_s mixings, and $Z \rightarrow b\overline{b}$. The limit holds irrespective of tan β .
- ¹⁰⁸ AALTONEN 09AJ search for $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow c\overline{s}$ in $t\overline{t}$ events in 2.2 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. Upper limits on B($t \rightarrow bH^+$) between 0.08 and 0.32 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 60\text{--}150$ GeV and B($H^+ \rightarrow c\overline{s}$) = 1.
- ¹⁰⁹ ABAZOV 09AC search for $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$ in $t\bar{t}$ events in 0.9 fb⁻¹ of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. Upper limits on B($t \rightarrow bH^+$) between 0.19 and 0.25 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 80$ –155 GeV and B($H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$) = 1. See their Fig. 4 for an excluded region in a MSSM scenario.
- ¹¹⁰ ABAZOV 09AG measure $t\overline{t}$ cross sections in final states with ℓ + jets ($\ell = e, \mu$), $\ell\ell$, and $\tau\ell$ in 1 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV, which constrains possible $t \rightarrow bH^+$ branching fractions. Upper limits (95% CL) on B($t \rightarrow bH^+$) between 0.15 and 0.40 (0.48 and 0.57) are given for B($H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$) = 1 (B($H^+ \rightarrow c\overline{s}$) = 1) for $m_{H^+} = 80-155$ GeV.
- ¹¹¹ ABAZOV 09AI search for $t \to bH^+$ in $t\bar{t}$ events in 1 fb⁻¹ of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. Final states with ℓ + jets ($\ell = e, \mu$), $\ell\ell$, and $\tau\ell$ are examined. Upper limits on B($t \to bH^+$) (95% CL) between 0.15 and 0.19 (0.19 and 0.22) are given for B($H^+ \to \tau^+ \nu$) = 1 (B($H^+ \to c\bar{s}$) = 1) for $m_{H^+} = 80$ -155 GeV. For B($H^+ \to \tau^+ \nu$) = 1 also a simultaneous extraction of B($t \to bH^+$) and the $t\bar{t}$ cross section is performed, yielding a limit on B($t \to bH^+$) between 0.12 and 0.26 for $m_{H^+} = 80$ -155 GeV. See their Figs. 5–8 for excluded regions in several MSSM scenarios.
- ¹¹² ABAZOV 09P search for H^+ production by $q \overline{q}'$ annihilation followed by $H^+ \rightarrow t \overline{b}$ decay in 0.9 fb⁻¹ of $p \overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. Cross section limits in several two-doublet models are given for $m_{H^+} = 180{-}300$ GeV. A region with 20 $\lesssim \tan\beta \lesssim$ 70 is excluded (95% CL) for 180 GeV $\lesssim m_{H^+} \lesssim$ 184 GeV in type-I models.

- ¹¹³ FLACHER 09 make Type II two Higgs doublet model fits to weak leptonic and semileptonic decays, $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, and $Z \rightarrow b\overline{b}$. The limit holds irrespective of tan β .
- ¹¹⁴ ABULENCIA 06E search for associated $H^0 W$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$ TeV. A fit is made for $t\overline{t}$ production processes in dilepton, lepton + jets, and lepton + τ final states, with the decays $t \to W^+ b$ and $t \to H^+ b$ followed by $H^+ \to \tau^+ \nu$, $c\overline{s}$, $t^*\overline{b}$, or $W^+ H^0$. Within the MSSM the search is sensitive to the region $\tan\beta < 1$ or > 30 in the mass range $m_{H^+} = 80-160$ GeV. See Fig. 2 for the excluded region in a certain MSSM scenario.
- ¹¹⁵ ABDALLAH 04I search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^-$ with H^{\pm} decaying to $\tau\nu$, *cs*, or W^*A^0 in Type-I two-Higgs-doublet models.
- $^{116}\,{\rm ABBIENDI}$ 03 give a limit $m_{H^+}>1.28{\rm tan}\beta$ GeV (95%CL) in TypeII two-doublet models.
- ¹¹⁷ ABAZOV 02B search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays with $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$ at $E_{\rm cm}$ =1.8 TeV. For m_{H^+} =75 GeV, the region tan β > 32.0 is excluded at 95%CL. The excluded mass region extends to over 140 GeV for tan β values above 100.
- ¹¹⁸ BORZUMATI 02 point out that the decay modes such as $b\overline{b}W$, A^0W , and supersymmetric ones can have substantial branching fractions in the mass range explored at LEP II and Tevatron.
- ¹¹⁹ABBIENDI 01Q give a limit $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.53 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ (95%CL) in Type II two-doublet roo models.
- ¹²⁰ BARATE 01E give a limit $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.40 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ (90% CL) in Type II two-doublet models. An independent measurement of $B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau} X$ gives $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.49 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ (90% CL).
- ¹²¹ GAMBINO 01 use the world average data in the summer of 2001 B($b \rightarrow s\gamma$)= (3.23 ± 0.42) × 10⁻⁴. The limit applies for Type-II two-doublet models.
- ¹²² AFFOLDER 00I search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays with $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm}$ =1.8 TeV. The excluded mass region extends to over 120 GeV for tan β values above 100 and B($\tau \nu$)=1. If B($t \rightarrow bH^+$) \gtrsim 0.6, m_{H^+} up to 160 GeV is excluded. Updates ABE 97L.
- ¹²³ ABBOTT 99E search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $E_{\rm cm}$ =1.8 TeV, by comparing the observed $t\overline{t}$ cross section (extracted from the data assuming the dominant decay $t \rightarrow bW^+$) with theoretical expectation. The search is sensitive to regions of the domains $\tan\beta \lesssim 1$, 50 $< m_{H^+}$ (GeV) \lesssim 120 and $\tan\beta \gtrsim$ 40, 50 $< m_{H^+}$ (GeV) \lesssim 160. See Fig. 3 for the details of the excluded region.
- ¹²⁴ ACKERSTAFF 99D measure the Michel parameters ρ , ξ , η , and $\xi\delta$ in leptonic τ decays from $Z \rightarrow \tau \tau$. Assuming $e_{-\mu}$ universality, the limit $m_{H^+} > 0.97 \tan\beta$ GeV (95%CL) is obtained for two-doublet models in which only one doublet couples to leptons.
- $^{125}\,{\rm ACCIARRI}$ 97F give a limit $m_{H^+}>2.6\,\tan\beta$ GeV (90% CL) from their limit on the exclusive $B\to~\tau\nu_{\tau}$ branching ratio.
- ¹²⁶ AMMAR 97B measure the Michel parameter ρ from $\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$ decays and assumes e/μ universality to extract the Michel η parameter from $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$ decays. The measurement is translated to a lower limit on m_{H^+} in a two-doublet model $m_{H^+} > 0.97 \tan\beta$ GeV (90% CL).
- ¹²⁷COARASA 97 reanalyzed the constraint on the $(m_{H^{\pm}}, \tan\beta)$ plane derived from the inclusive $B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau} X$ branching ratio in GROSSMAN 95B and BUSKULIC 95. They show that the constraint is quite sensitive to supersymmetric one-loop effects.
- ¹²⁸ GUCHAIT 97 studies the constraints on m_{H^+} set by Tevatron data on $\ell \tau$ final states in $t\overline{t} \rightarrow (Wb)(Hb), W \rightarrow \ell \nu, H \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}$. See Fig. 2 for the excluded region.
- ¹²⁹ MANGANO 97 reconsiders the limit in ACCIARRI 97F including the effect of the potentially large $B_c \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}$ background to $B_{\mu} \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}$ decays. Stronger limits are obtained.
- ¹³⁰ STAHL 97 fit τ lifetime, leptonic branching ratios, and the Michel parameters and derive limit $m_{H^+} > 1.5 \tan\beta$ GeV (90% CL) for a two-doublet model. See also STAHL 94.

- ¹³¹ALAM 95 measure the inclusive $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ branching ratio at $\Upsilon(4S)$ and give B($b \rightarrow s\gamma$)< 4.2 × 10⁻⁴ (95% CL), which translates to the limit $m_{H^+} > [244 + 63/(\tan\beta)^{1.3}]$ GeV in the Type II two-doublet model. Light supersymmetric particles can invalidate this bound.
- ¹³² BUSKULIC 95 give a limit $m_{H^+} > 1.9 \tan\beta$ GeV (90% CL) for Type-II models from $b \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau} X$ branching ratio, as proposed in GROSSMAN 94.

– MASS LIMITS for $H^{\pm\pm}$ (doubly-charged Higgs boson) -

This section covers searches for a doubly-charged Higgs boson with couplings to lepton pairs. Its weak isospin T_3 is thus restricted to two possibilities depending on lepton chiralities: $T_3(H^{\pm\pm}) = \pm 1$, with the coupling $g_{\ell\ell}$ to $\ell_L^- \ell_L'^-$ and $\ell_R^+ \ell_R'^+$ ("left-handed") and $T_3(H^{\pm\pm}) = 0$, with the coupling to $\ell_R^- \ell_R'^-$ and $\ell_L^+ \ell_L'^+$ ("right-handed"). These Higgs bosons appear in some left-right symmetric models based on the gauge group $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$. These two cases are listed separately in the following. Unless noted, one of the lepton flavor combinations is assumed to be dominant in the decay.

LIMITS for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = \pm 1$

VALUE	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
>114	95	¹³³ AALTONEN	08AA	CDF	eτ
>112	95	¹³³ AALTONEN	08AA	CDF	μau
>150	95	¹³⁴ ABAZOV	08V	D0	$\mu\mu$
>136	95	¹³⁵ ACOSTA	0 4G	CDF	$\mu\mu$
> 98.1	95	¹³⁶ ABDALLAH	03	DLPH	ττ
> 99.0	95	¹³⁷ ABBIENDI	02C	OPAL	au au
ullet $ullet$ $ullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $ullet$ $ullet$					
		¹³⁸ AKTAS	06A	H1	single $H^{\pm\pm}$
>133	95	¹³⁹ ACOSTA	05L	CDF	stable
>118.4	95	¹⁴⁰ ABAZOV	04E	D0	$\mu\mu$
		¹⁴¹ ABBIENDI	03Q	OPAL	$E_{\rm cm} \leq$ 209 GeV, single $H^{\pm\pm}$
		¹⁴² GORDEEV	97	SPEC	muonium conversion
		¹⁴³ ASAKA	95	THEO	
> 45.6	95	¹⁴⁴ ACTON	92M	OPAL	
> 30.4	95	¹⁴⁵ ACTON	92M	OPAL	
none 6.5–36.6	95	¹⁴⁶ SWARTZ	90	MRK2	
100					

¹³³ AALTONEN 08AA search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at E_{cm} = 1.96 TeV. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.

- ¹³⁴ABAZOV 08v search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at E_{cm} = 1.96 TeV. The limit is for B($H \rightarrow \mu\mu$) = 1.
- ¹³⁵ ACOSTA 04G search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions with muon and electron final states. The limit holds for $\mu\mu$. For ee and $e\mu$ modes, the limits are 133 and 115 GeV, respectively. The limits are valid for $g_{\ell\ell'} \gtrsim 10^{-5}$.

¹³⁶ABDALLAH 03 search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production either followed by $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^+$, or decaying outside the detector.

¹³⁷ ABBIENDI 02C searches for pair production of $H^{++}H^{--}$, with $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ (ℓ,ℓ' = e,μ,τ). The limit holds for $\ell = \ell' = \tau$, and becomes stronger for other combinations of leptonic final states. To ensure the decay within the detector, the limit only applies for $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.

- ¹³⁸ AKTAS 06A search for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ production in ep collisions at HERA. Assuming that H^{++} only couples to $e^+\mu^+$ with $g_{e\mu} = 0.3$ (electromagnetic strength), a limit $m_{H^{++}} > 141$ GeV (95% CL) is derived. For the case where H^{++} couples to $e\tau$ only
- the limit is 112 GeV. ¹³⁹ ACOSTA 05L search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions. The limit is valid
- for $g_{\ell \ell'} < 10^{-8}$ so that the Higgs decays outside the detector. ¹⁴⁰ABAZOV 04E search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$. The limit is

valid for $g_{\mu\mu} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.

- ¹⁴¹ ABBIENDI 03Q searches for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ via direct production in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\mp e^\mp H^{\pm\pm}$, and via *t*-channel exchange in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$. In the direct case, and assuming $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}) = 1$, a 95% CL limit on $h_{ee} < 0.071$ is set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 160$ GeV (see Fig. 6). In the second case, indirect limits on h_{ee} are set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 2$ TeV (see Fig. 8).
- ¹⁴² GORDEEV 97 search for muonium-antimuonium conversion and find $G_{M\overline{M}}/G_F < 0.14$ (90% CL), where $G_{M\overline{M}}$ is the lepton-flavor violating effective four-fermion coupling. This limit may be converted to $m_{H^{++}} > 210$ GeV if the Yukawa couplings of H^{++} to *ee* and $\mu\mu$ are as large as the weak gauge coupling. For similar limits on muonium-antimuonium conversion, see the muon Particle Listings.
- ¹⁴³ASAKA 95 point out that H^{++} decays dominantly to four fermions in a large region of parameter space where the limit of ACTON 92M from the search of dilepton modes does not apply.
- ¹⁴⁴ ACTON 92M limit assumes $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $H^{\pm\pm}$ does not decay in the detector. Thus the region $g_{\ell \ell} \approx 10^{-7}$ is not excluded.

¹⁴⁵ ACTON 92M from $\Delta\Gamma_Z$ <40 MeV.

¹⁴⁶ SWARTZ 90 assume $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ (any flavor). The limits are valid for the Higgslepton coupling g($H\ell\ell$) $\gtrsim 7.4 \times 10^{-7} / [m_H/\text{GeV}]^{1/2}$. The limits improve somewhat for ee and $\mu\mu$ decay modes.

		- J -			
VALUE	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
>127	95	¹⁴⁷ ABAZOV	08V	D0	$\mu\mu$
>113	95	¹⁴⁸ ACOSTA	0 4G	CDF	$\mu\mu$
> 97.3	95	¹⁴⁹ ABDALLAH	03	DLPH	au au
> 97.3	95	¹⁵⁰ ACHARD	03F	L3	au au
> 98.5	95	¹⁵¹ ABBIENDI	0 2C	OPAL	au au
• ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ●					
		¹⁵² AKTAS	06A	H1	single $H^{\pm\pm}$
>109	95	¹⁵³ ACOSTA	05L	CDF	stable
> 98.2	95	¹⁵⁴ ABAZOV	04E	D0	$\mu\mu$
		¹⁵⁵ ABBIENDI	03Q	OPAL	$E_{\rm cm} \le$ 209 GeV, single $H^{\pm\pm}$
		¹⁵⁶ GORDEEV	97	SPEC	muonium conversion
> 45.6	95	¹⁵⁷ ACTON	9 2м	OPAL	
> 25.5	95	¹⁵⁸ ACTON	9 2м	OPAL	
none 7.3-34.3	95	¹⁵⁹ SWARTZ	90	MRK2	

LIMITS for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = 0$

- ¹⁴⁷ ABAZOV 08V search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at E_{cm} = 1.96 TeV. The limit is for B($H \rightarrow \mu \mu$) = 1.
- ¹⁴⁸ ACOSTA 04G search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions with muon and electron final states. The limit holds for $\mu\mu$.
- ¹⁴⁹ABDALLAH 03 search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production either followed by $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^+$, or decaying outside the detector.
- ¹⁵⁰ ACHARD 03F search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^{++}H^{--}$ with $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell'^{\pm}$. The limit holds for $\ell = \ell' = \tau$, and slightly different limits apply for other flavor combinations. The limit is valid for $g_{\ell \ell'} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.
- ¹⁵¹ ABBIENDI 02C searches for pair production of $H^{++}H^{--}$, with $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ ($\ell,\ell' = e,\mu,\tau$). the limit holds for $\ell = \ell' = \tau$, and becomes stronger for other combinations of leptonic final states. To ensure the decay within the detector, the limit only applies for $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.
- ¹⁵² AKTAS 06A search for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ production in ep collisions at HERA. Assuming that H^{++} only couples to $e^+\mu^+$ with $g_{e\mu} = 0.3$ (electromagnetic strength), a limit $m_{H^{++}} > 141$ GeV (95% CL) is derived. For the case where H^{++} couples to $e\tau$ only the limit is 112 GeV.
- ¹⁵³ACOSTA 05L search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $p\overline{p}$ collisions. The limit is valid for $g_{\rho \rho \prime} < 10^{-8}$ so that the Higgs decays outside the detector.
- ¹⁵⁴ABAZOV 04E search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$. The limit is valid for $g_{\mu\mu} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.
- ¹⁵⁵ ABBIENDI 03Q searches for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ via direct production in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^{\mp}e^{\mp}H^{\pm\pm}$, and via *t*-channel exchange in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$. In the direct case, and assuming $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}) = 1$, a 95% CL limit on $h_{ee} < 0.071$ is set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 160$ GeV (see Fig. 6). In the second case, indirect limits on h_{ee} are set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 2$ TeV (see Fig. 8).
- ¹⁵⁶ GORDEEV 97 search for muonium-antimuonium conversion and find $G_{M\overline{M}}/G_F < 0.14$ (90% CL), where $G_{M\overline{M}}$ is the lepton-flavor violating effective four-fermion coupling. This limit may be converted to $m_{H^{++}} > 210$ GeV if the Yukawa couplings of H^{++} to *ee* and $\mu\mu$ are as large as the weak gauge coupling. For similar limits on muonium-antimuonium conversion, see the muon Particle Listings.
- ¹⁵⁷ ACTON 92M limit assumes $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $H^{\pm\pm}$ does not decay in the detector. Thus the region $g_{\ell\ell} \approx 10^{-7}$ is not excluded.
- $^{158}\,\text{ACTON}$ 92M from $\Delta\Gamma_Z$ <40 MeV.
- ¹⁵⁹SWARTZ 90 assume $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ (any flavor). The limits are valid for the Higgslepton coupling $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 7.4 \times 10^{-7} / [m_H/\text{GeV}]^{1/2}$. The limits improve somewhat for *ee* and $\mu\mu$ decay modes.

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AALTONEN	10F	PRL 104 061802
AALTONEN	10G	PRL 104 061803
AALTONEN	10J	PRL 104 141801
AALTONEN	10M	PR D82 011102R
ABAZOV	10B	PRL 104 061804
ABAZOV	10C	PRL 104 071801
ABAZOV	10D	PRL 104 151801
ABAZOV	10T	PRL 105 251801
ABBIENDI	10	PL B682 381
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SCHAEL	10	JHEP 1005 049

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(D0 Collab.)

(D0 Collab.)

(UNAM) (ALEPH Collab.)

(OPAL Collab.)

AALTONEN	09A	PRL 102 021802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AB	PRL 103 061803	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AG	PR D80 012002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
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ABAZOV ABAZOV	09AG	PL B682 278	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.) (D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09C	PRL 102 051803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09E	PRL 102 051804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
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ABAZOV	09U	PRL 102 251801	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09V	PRL 103 061801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AUBERT	09P	PRL 103 181801	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
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AALTONEN AALTONEN	08AA 08X	PRL 101 121801 PRL 100 211801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV		PRL 100 211801 PRL 101 221802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV		PRL 101 251802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08U	PRL 101 051801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08V	PRL 101 071803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08W	PRL 101 071804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08Y	PL B663 26	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABDALLAH	08B	EPJ C54 1	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
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LOVE	08	PRL 101 151802	W. Love <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ABAZOV	07X	PL B655 209	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI BESSON	07 07	EPJ C49 457 PRL 98 052002	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i> D. Besson <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
SCHAEL	07	EPJ C49 439	S. Schael <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
ABAZOV	06	PRL 96 011801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	060	PRL 97 151804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06Q	PRL 97 161803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06E	PRL 96 042003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AKTAS	06A	PL B638 432	A. Aktas <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
LEP-SLC	06	PRPL 427 257		PAL, SLD and working groups
SCHAEL	06B	EPJ C47 547	S. Schael <i>et al.</i>	(LEP Collabs.)
ABBIENDI	05A	EPJ C40 317	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH ACHARD	05D 05	EPJ C44 147 PL B609 35	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i> P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACOSTA	05 05L	PRL 95 071801	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05Q	PR D72 072004	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	04E	PRL 93 141801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04	EPJ C32 453	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04K	PL B597 11	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04M	EPJ C37 49	G. Abbiendi et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04	EPJ C32 145	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
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ABDALLAH	041	EPJ C34 399	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04L	EPJ C35 313 EPJ C38 1	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i> J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH ACHARD	04O 04B	PL B583 14	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.) (L3 Collab.)
ACHARD	04B 04F	PL B589 89	P. Achard <i>et al.</i> P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACOSTA	04G	PRL 93 221802	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03	PL B551 35	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(ÒPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03B	EPJ C26 479	G. Abbiendi et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03F	EPJ C27 311	G. Abbiendi et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
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ABBIENDI	03Q	PL B577 93	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	03	PL B552 127	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	03C	PL B568 191	P. Achard <i>et al.</i> P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACHARD ACHARD	03E 03F	PL B575 208 PL B576 18	P. Achard <i>et al.</i> P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.) (L3 Collab.)
CARENA	03	EPJ C26 601	M.S. Carena <i>et al.</i>	(LS Conab.)
HEISTER	03D	PL B565 61	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH, DELPHI, L3+)
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ABAZOV	02B	PRL 88 151803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02D 02C	PL B526 221	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02C	EPJ C23 397	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02D 02F	PL B544 44	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	
ACHARD	02F 02C	PL B534 28	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
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ACHARD AKEROYD		PL B545 30		(L3 Collab.)
	02	PR D66 037702	A.G. Akeroyd <i>et al.</i>	
BORZUMATI	02	PL B549 170	F.M. Borzumati, A. Djouadi	
HEISTER	02	PL B526 191	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
HEISTER	02L	PL B544 16	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
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HEISTER	02P	PL B543 1	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABBIENDI	01E	EPJ C18 425	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
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ABREU	01F	PL B507 89	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	01C	PL B517 319	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01H	PR D64 092002	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	01C	PL B499 53	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARATE	01E	EPJ C19 213	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
GAMBINO	01	NP B611 338	P. Gambino, M. Misiak	
ACCIARRI	00M	PL B485 85	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	00R	PL B489 102	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	00S	PL B489 115	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AFFOLDER	001	PR D62 012004	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	00L	PL B487 241	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
PDG	00	EPJ C15 1	D.E. Groom <i>et al.</i>	
ABBIENDI	99E	EPJ C7 407	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	99O	PL B464 311	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBOTT	99B	PRL 82 2244	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>) (D0 Collab.)
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ABREU	99P	PL B458 431	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	99D	EPJ C8 3	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
CARENA	99B	hep-ph/9912223	M.S. Carena <i>et al.</i>	()
CERN-TH	/99-374	/		
ABBOTT	98	PRL 80 442	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF		EPJ C5 19	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
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GONZALEZ-G		PR D57 7045	M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia, S.M. Lietti, S.F.	
PDG	98	EPJ C3 1	C. Caso <i>et al.</i>	
ABE	97L	PRL 79 357	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACCIARRI	97F	PL B396 327	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AMMAR	97B	PRL 78 4686	R. Ammar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
COARASA	97	PL B406 337	J.A. Coarasa, R.A. Jimenez, J. Sola	(CEEO COND.)
GORDEEV	97	PAN 60 1164	V.A. Gordeev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
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GUCHAIT	97	PR D55 7263	M. Guchait, D.P. Roy	(TATA)
KRAWCZYK	97	PR D55 6968	M. Krawczyk, J. Zochowski	(WARS)
MANGANO	97	PL B410 299	M. Mangano, S. Slabospitsky	()
STAHL	97	ZPHY C74 73	A. Stahl, H. Voss	(BONN)
ALEXANDER	96H	ZPHY C71 1	G. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
PDG	96	PR D54 1	R. M. Barnett et al.	(
ABREU	95H	ZPHY C67 69	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ALAM	95	PRL 74 2885	M.S. Alam <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ASAKA	95	PL B345 36	T. Asaka, K.I. Hikasa	(TOHOK)
BUSKULIC	95	PL B343 444	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
GROSSMAN	95B	PL B357 630	Y. Grossman, H. Haber, Y. Nir	(
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STAHL	94	PL B324 121	A. Stahl	(BONN)
ACTON	92M	PL B295 347	P.D. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
PICH	92	NP B388 31	A. Pich, J. Prades, P. Yepes	(CERN, CPPM)
SWARTZ	92 90	PRL 64 2877	M.L. Swartz <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
JWANTZ	50	I NE 07 2011	WILL OWNILL CL DI.	(Mark II Collab.)