



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$
 Status: ****

We have omitted some results that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

***n* MASS (atomic mass units *u*)**

The mass is known much more precisely in *u* (atomic mass units) than in MeV. See the next data block.

<u>VALUE (<i>u</i>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.00866491597 ± 0.00000000043	MOHR	08	RVUE 2006 CODATA value
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
1.00866491560 ± 0.00000000055	MOHR	05	RVUE 2002 CODATA value
1.00866491578 ± 0.00000000055	MOHR	99	RVUE 1998 CODATA value
1.008665904 ± 0.000000014	COHEN	87	RVUE 1986 CODATA value

***n* MASS (MeV)**

The mass is known much more precisely in *u* (atomic mass units) than in MeV. The conversion from *u* to MeV, $1 \text{ u} = 931.494028 \pm 0.000023 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ (MOHR 08, the 2006 CODATA value), involves the relatively poorly known electronic charge.

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
939.565346 ± 0.000023	MOHR	08	RVUE 2006 CODATA value
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
939.565360 ± 0.000081	MOHR	05	RVUE 2002 CODATA value
939.565331 ± 0.000037	¹ KESSLER	99	SPEC $np \rightarrow d\gamma$
939.565330 ± 0.000038	MOHR	99	RVUE 1998 CODATA value
939.56565 ± 0.00028	^{2,3} DIFILIPPO	94	TRAP Penning trap
939.56563 ± 0.00028	COHEN	87	RVUE 1986 CODATA value
939.56564 ± 0.00028	^{3,4} GREENE	86	SPEC $np \rightarrow d\gamma$
939.5731 ± 0.0027	³ COHEN	73	RVUE 1973 CODATA value

¹We use the 1998 CODATA *u*-to-MeV conversion factor (see the heading above) to get this mass in MeV from the much more precisely measured KESSLER 99 value of $1.00866491637 \pm 0.00000000082 \text{ u}$.

²The mass is known much more precisely in *u*: $m = 1.0086649235 \pm 0.0000000023 \text{ u}$. We use the 1986 CODATA conversion factor to get the mass in MeV.

³These determinations are not independent of the $m_n - m_p$ measurements below.

⁴The mass is known much more precisely in *u*: $m = 1.008664919 \pm 0.000000014 \text{ u}$.

\bar{n} MASS

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
939.485 ± 0.051	59	⁵ CRESTI	86	HBC $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{n}n$

⁵This is a corrected result (see the erratum). The error is statistical. The maximum systematic error is 0.029 MeV.

$$(m_n - m_{\bar{n}}) / m_n$$

A test of *CPT* invariance. Calculated from the n and \bar{n} masses, above.

VALUE DOCUMENT ID
(9±5) × 10⁻⁵ OUR EVALUATION

$m_n - m_p$

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.29333214 ± 0.00000043	⁶ MOHR	08	RVUE 2006 CODATA value
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
1.2933317 ± 0.0000005	⁷ MOHR	05	RVUE 2002 CODATA value
1.2933318 ± 0.0000005	⁸ MOHR	99	RVUE 1998 CODATA value
1.293318 ± 0.000009	⁹ COHEN	87	RVUE 1986 CODATA value
1.2933328 ± 0.0000072	GREENE	86	SPEC $np \rightarrow d\gamma$
1.293429 ± 0.000036	COHEN	73	RVUE 1973 CODATA value

⁶ Calculated by us from the MOHR 08 ratio $m_n/m_p = 1.00137841918(46)$. In u, $m_n - m_p = 1.38844920(46) \times 10^{-3}$ u.

⁷ Calculated by us from the MOHR 05 ratio $m_n/m_p = 1.00137841870 \pm 0.00000000058$. In u, $m_n - m_p = (1.3884487 \pm 0.0000006) \times 10^{-3}$ u.

⁸ Calculated by us from the MOHR 99 ratio $m_n/m_p = 1.00137841887 \pm 0.00000000058$. In u, $m_n - m_p = (1.3884489 \pm 0.0000006) \times 10^{-3}$ u.

⁹ Calculated by us from the COHEN 87 ratio $m_n/m_p = 1.001378404 \pm 0.000000009$. In u, $m_n - m_p = 0.001388434 \pm 0.000000009$ u.

n MEAN LIFE

We now compile only direct measurements of the lifetime, not those inferred from decay correlation measurements. For the average, we only use measurements with an error less than 10 s.

The most recent result, that of SEREBROV 05 (for a more detailed account, see SEREBROV 08A), is so far from other results that it makes no sense to include it in the average. It is up to workers in this field to resolve this issue. Until this major disagreement is understood our present average of 885.7 ± 0.8 s must be suspect.

For recent reviews of neutron physics, see NICO 05A and SEVERIJNS 06.

Limits on lifetimes for *bound* neutrons are given in the section "*p* PARTIAL MEAN LIVES."

<u>VALUE (s)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
885.7 ± 0.8 OUR AVERAGE			
886.3 ± 1.2 ± 3.2	NICO	05	CNTR In-beam n , trapped p
885.4 ± 0.9 ± 0.4	ARZUMANOV	00	CNTR UCN double bottle
889.2 ± 3.0 ± 3.8	BYRNE	96	CNTR Penning trap
882.6 ± 2.7	¹⁰ MAMPE	93	CNTR Gravitational trap
888.4 ± 3.1 ± 1.1	NESVIZHEV...	92	CNTR Gravitational trap
887.6 ± 3.0	MAMPE	89	CNTR Gravitational trap
891 ± 9	SPIVAK	88	CNTR Beam

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

878.5 ± 0.7 ± 0.3	¹¹ SEREBROV	05	CNTR	Gravitational trap
886.8 ± 1.2 ± 3.2	DEWEY	03	CNTR	See NICO 05
888.4 ± 2.9	ALFIMENKOV	90	CNTR	See NESVIZHEVSKII 92
893.6 ± 3.8 ± 3.7	BYRNE	90	CNTR	See BYRNE 96
878 ± 27 ± 14	KOSSAKOW...	89	TPC	Pulsed beam
877 ± 10	PAUL	89	CNTR	Storage ring
876 ± 10 ± 19	LAST	88	SPEC	Pulsed beam
903 ± 13	KOSVINTSEV	86	CNTR	Gravitational trap
937 ± 18	¹² BYRNE	80	CNTR	
875 ± 95	KOSVINTSEV	80	CNTR	
881 ± 8	BONDAREN...	78	CNTR	See SPIVAK 88
918 ± 14	CHRISTENSEN	72	CNTR	

¹⁰ IGNATOVICH 95 calls into question some of the corrections and averaging procedures used by MAMPE 93. The response, BONDARENKO 96, denies the validity of the criticisms.

¹¹ This SEREBROV 05 result is 6.5 standard deviations from our average of previous results and 5.6 standard deviations from the previous most precise result (that of ARZUMANOV 00).

¹² This measurement has been withdrawn (J. Byrne, private communication, 1990).

n MAGNETIC MOMENT

See the “Note on Baryon Magnetic Moments” in the *Λ* Listings.

<u>VALUE (μ_N)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
−1.91304273 ± 0.00000045	MOHR	08	RVUE 2006 CODATA value

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

−1.91304273 ± 0.00000045	MOHR	05	RVUE	2002 CODATA value
−1.91304272 ± 0.00000045	MOHR	99	RVUE	1998 CODATA value
−1.91304275 ± 0.00000045	COHEN	87	RVUE	1986 CODATA value
−1.91304277 ± 0.00000048	¹³ GREENE	82	MRS	

¹³ GREENE 82 measures the moment to be $(1.04187564 \pm 0.00000026) \times 10^{-3}$ Bohr magnetons. The value above is obtained by multiplying this by $m_p/m_e = 1836.152701 \pm 0.000037$ (the 1986 CODATA value from COHEN 87).

n ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT

A nonzero value is forbidden by both *T* invariance and *P* invariance. A number of early results have been omitted. See RAMSEY 90 and GOLUB 94 for reviews.

<u>VALUE (10^{-25} ecm)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
< 0.29	90	¹⁴ BAKER	06	MRS UCN's, $h\nu = 2\mu_n B \pm 2d_n E$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.63	90	¹⁵ HARRIS	99	MRS	$d = (-0.1 \pm 0.36) \times 10^{-25}$
< 0.97	90	ALTAREV	96	MRS	$(+0.26 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-25}$
< 1.1	95	ALTAREV	92	MRS	See ALTAREV 96
< 1.2	95	SMITH	90	MRS	See HARRIS 99
< 2.6	95	ALTAREV	86	MRS	$d = (-1.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-25}$
0.3 ± 4.8		PENDLEBURY	84	MRS	Ultracold neutrons
< 6	90	ALTAREV	81	MRS	$d = (2.1 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-25}$
< 16	90	ALTAREV	79	MRS	$d = (4.0 \pm 7.5) \times 10^{-25}$

¹⁴ LAMOREAUX 07 faults BAKER 06 for not including in the estimate of systematic error an effect due to the Earth's rotation. BAKER 07 replies (1) that the effect was included implicitly in the analysis and (2) that further analysis confirms that the BAKER 06 limit is correct as is. See also SILENKO 07.

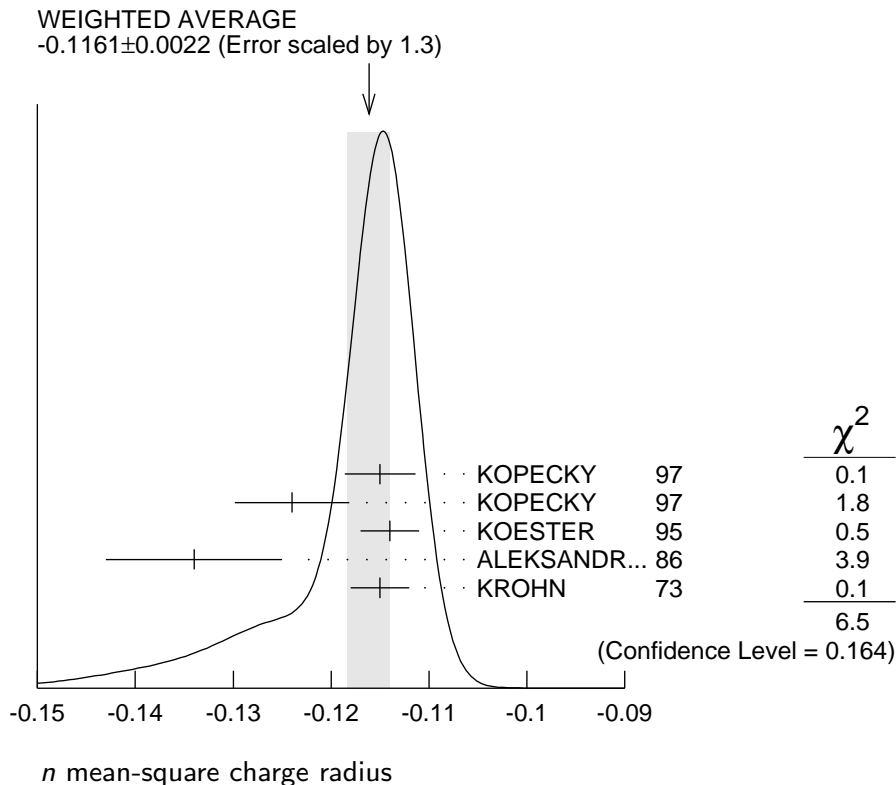
¹⁵ This HARRIS 99 result includes the result of SMITH 90. However, the averaging of the results of these two experiments has been criticized by LAMOREAUX 00.

n MEAN-SQUARE CHARGE RADIUS

The mean-square charge radius of the neutron, $\langle r_n^2 \rangle$, is related to the neutron-electron scattering length b_{ne} by $\langle r_n^2 \rangle = 3(m_e a_0 / m_n) b_{ne}$, where m_e and m_n are the masses of the electron and neutron, and a_0 is the Bohr radius. Numerically, $\langle r_n^2 \rangle = 86.34 b_{ne}$, if we use a_0 for a nucleus with infinite mass.

<u>VALUE (fm²)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
-0.1161 ± 0.0022 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.
-0.115 ± 0.002 ± 0.003	KOPECKY 97	<i>ne</i> scattering (Pb)
-0.124 ± 0.003 ± 0.005	KOPECKY 97	<i>ne</i> scattering (Bi)
-0.114 ± 0.003	KOESTER 95	<i>ne</i> scattering (Pb, Bi)
-0.134 ± 0.009	ALEKSANDR...86	<i>ne</i> scattering (Bi)
-0.115 ± 0.003	¹⁶ KROHN 73	<i>ne</i> scattering (Ne, Ar, Kr, Xe)
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •		
-0.113 ± 0.003 ± 0.004	KOPECKY 95	<i>ne</i> scattering (Pb)
-0.114 ± 0.003	KOESTER 86	<i>ne</i> scattering (Pb, Bi)
-0.118 ± 0.002	KOESTER 76	<i>ne</i> scattering (Pb)
-0.120 ± 0.002	KOESTER 76	<i>ne</i> scattering (Bi)
-0.116 ± 0.003	KROHN 66	<i>ne</i> scattering (Ne, Ar, Kr, Xe)

¹⁶ This value is as corrected by KOESTER 76.



n ELECTRIC POLARIZABILITY α_n

Following is the electric polarizability α_n defined in terms of the induced electric dipole moment by $\mathbf{D} = 4\pi\epsilon_0\alpha_n\mathbf{E}$. For a review, see SCHMIEDMAYER 89.

For a very complete review of the "polarizability of the nucleon and Compton scattering," see SCHUMACHER 05. His recommended values for the neutron are $\alpha_n = (12.5 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ and $\beta_n = (2.7 \mp 1.8) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$, which agree with our averages within errors.

VALUE (10^{-4} fm^3)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
11.6 ± 1.5 OUR AVERAGE			
12.5 ± 1.8 ^{+1.6} _{-1.3}	17 KOSSERT	03	CNTR $\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma pn$
8.8 ± 2.4 ± 3.0	18 LUNDIN	03	CNTR $\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma d$
12.0 ± 1.5 ± 2.0	SCHMIEDM...	91	CNTR n Pb transmission
10.7 ^{+3.3} _{-10.7}	ROSE	90B	CNTR $\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma np$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
13.6	19 KOLB	00	CNTR $\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma np$
0.0 ± 5.0	20 KOESTER	95	CNTR n Pb, n Bi transmission
11.7 ^{+4.3} _{-11.7}	ROSE	90	CNTR See ROSE 90B
8 ± 10	KOESTER	88	CNTR n Pb, n Bi transmission
12 ± 10	SCHMIEDM...	88	CNTR n Pb, n C transmission

- 17 KOSSERT 03 gets $\alpha_n - \beta_n = (9.8 \pm 3.6_{-1.1}^{+2.1} \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$, and uses $\alpha_n + \beta_n = (15.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ from LEVCHUK 00. Thus the errors on α_n and β_n are anti-correlated.
- 18 LUNDIN 03 measures $\alpha_N - \beta_N = (6.4 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ and uses accurate values for α_p and α_p and a precise sum-rule result for $\alpha_n + \beta_n$. The second error is a model uncertainty, and errors on α_n and β_n are anticorrelated.
- 19 KOLB 00 obtains this value with a lower limit of $7.6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ but no upper limit from this experiment alone. Combined with results of ROSE 90, the $1-\sigma$ range is $(7.6\text{--}14.0) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$.
- 20 KOESTER 95 uses natural Pb and the isotopes 208, 207, and 206. See this paper for a discussion of methods used by various groups to extract α_n from data.

***n* MAGNETIC POLARIZABILITY β_n**

<u>VALUE (10^{-4} fm^3)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.7 ± 2.0 OUR AVERAGE			
2.7 ± 1.8 ^{+1.3} _{-1.6}	21 KOSSERT	03 CNTR	$\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma p n$
6.5 ± 2.4 ± 3.0	22 LUNDIN	03 CNTR	$\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma d$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
1.6	23 KOLB	00 CNTR	$\gamma d \rightarrow \gamma n p$
21 KOSSERT 03 gets $\alpha_n - \beta_n = (9.8 \pm 3.6_{-1.1}^{+2.1} \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$, and uses $\alpha_n + \beta_n = (15.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ from LEVCHUK 00. Thus the errors on α_n and β_n are anti-correlated.			
22 LUNDIN 03 measures $\alpha_N - \beta_N = (6.4 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ and uses accurate values for α_p and α_p and a precise sum-rule result for $\alpha_n + \beta_n$. The second error is a model uncertainty, and errors on α_n and β_n are anticorrelated.			
23 KOLB 00 obtains this value with an upper limit of $7.6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$ but no lower limit from this experiment alone. Combined with results of ROSE 90, the $1-\sigma$ range is $(1.2\text{--}7.6) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$.			

***n* CHARGE**

See also “ $|q_p + q_e|/e$ ” in the proton Listings.

<u>VALUE ($10^{-21} e$)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
− 0.4 ± 1.1	24 BAUMANN	88	Cold <i>n</i> deflection
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
− 15 ± 22	25 GAEHLER	82 CNTR	Cold <i>n</i> deflection
24 The BAUMANN 88 error ± 1.1 gives the 68% CL limits about the the value − 0.4.			
25 The GAEHLER 82 error ± 22 gives the 90% CL limits about the the value − 15.			

LIMIT ON $n\bar{n}$ OSCILLATIONS

Mean Time for $n\bar{n}$ Transition in Vacuum

A test of $\Delta B=2$ baryon number nonconservation. MOHAPATRA 80 and MOHAPATRA 89 discuss the theoretical motivations for looking for $n\bar{n}$ oscillations. DOVER 83 and DOVER 85 give phenomenological analyses. The best limits come from looking for the decay of neutrons bound in nuclei. However, these analyses require model-dependent corrections for nuclear effects. See KABIR 83, DOVER 89, ALBERICO 91, and GAL 00 for discussions. Direct searches for $n \rightarrow \bar{n}$ transitions using reactor neutrons are cleaner but give somewhat poorer limits. We include limits for both free and bound neutrons in the Summary Table.

VALUE (s)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$>1.3 \times 10^8$	90	CHUNG	02B	SOU2 n bound in iron
$>8.6 \times 10^7$	90	BALDO-...	94	CNTR Reactor (free) neutrons
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$>1 \times 10^7$	90	BALDO-...	90	CNTR See BALDO-CEOLIN 94
$>1.2 \times 10^8$	90	BERGER	90	FREJ n bound in iron
$>4.9 \times 10^5$	90	BRESSI	90	CNTR Reactor neutrons
$>4.7 \times 10^5$	90	BRESSI	89	CNTR See BRESSI 90
$>1.2 \times 10^8$	90	TAKITA	86	CNTR n bound in oxygen
$>1 \times 10^6$	90	FIDECARO	85	CNTR Reactor neutrons
$>8.8 \times 10^7$	90	PARK	85B	CNTR
$>3 \times 10^7$		BATTISTONI	84	NUSX
$>2.7 \times 10^7 - 1.1 \times 10^8$		JONES	84	CNTR
$>2 \times 10^7$		CHERRY	83	CNTR

LIMIT ON nn' OSCILLATIONS

Lee and Yang (LEE 56) proposed the existence of mirror world in an attempt to restore global parity symmetry. See BEREZHIANI 06 for a recent discussion.

VALUE (s)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>414	90	SEREBROV	08	CNTR UCN, B field on & off
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
>103	95	BAN	07	CNTR UCN, B field on & off

n DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
Γ_1 $p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	100	%
Γ_2 hydrogen-atom $\bar{\nu}_e$		
Γ_3 $p e^- \bar{\nu}_e \gamma$	[a] $(3.13 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-3}$	
Charge conservation (Q) violating mode		
Γ_4 $p \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e$	Q < 8	$\times 10^{-27}$ 68%

[a] This limit is for γ energies between 35 and 100 keV.

n BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\text{hydrogen-atom } \bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_2/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 3 \times 10^{-2}$	95	²⁶ GREEN	90 RVUE
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²⁶ GREEN 90 infers that $\tau(\text{hydrogen-atom } \bar{\nu}_e) > 3 \times 10^4$ s by comparing neutron lifetime measurements made in storage experiments with those made in β -decay experiments. However, the result depends sensitively on the lifetime measurements, and does not of course take into account more recent measurements of same.

$\Gamma(p e^- \bar{\nu}_e \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_3/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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$3.13 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.33$		²⁷ NICO	06	CNTR γ, p, e^- coincidence
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 6.9	90	²⁸ BECK	02	CNTR γ, p, e^- coincidence
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²⁷ This NICO 06 result is for γ energies between 15 and 340 keV.

²⁸ This BECK 02 limit is for γ energies between 35 and 100 keV.

$\Gamma(p \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_4/Γ

Forbidden by charge conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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$< 8 \times 10^{-27}$	68	²⁹ NORMAN	96	RVUE $^{71}\text{Ga} \rightarrow ^{71}\text{Ge}$ neutrals
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 9.7 \times 10^{-18}$	90	ROY	83	CNTR $^{113}\text{Cd} \rightarrow ^{113m}\text{In}_{\text{neut.}}$
$< 7.9 \times 10^{-21}$		VAIDYA	83	CNTR $^{87}\text{Rb} \rightarrow ^{87m}\text{Sr}_{\text{neut.}}$
$< 9 \times 10^{-24}$	90	BARABANOV	80	CNTR $^{71}\text{Ga} \rightarrow ^{71}\text{GeX}$
$< 3 \times 10^{-19}$		NORMAN	79	CNTR $^{87}\text{Rb} \rightarrow ^{87m}\text{Sr}_{\text{neut.}}$

²⁹ NORMAN 96 gets this limit by attributing SAGE and GALLEX counting rates to the charge-nonconserving transition $^{71}\text{Ga} \rightarrow ^{71}\text{Ge} + \text{neutrals}$ rather than to solar-neutrino reactions.

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$n \rightarrow p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$ DECAY PARAMETERS

See the above “Note on Baryon Decay Parameters.” For discussions of recent results, see the references cited at the beginning of the section on the neutron mean life. For discussions of the values of the weak coupling constants g_A and g_V obtained using the neutron lifetime and asymmetry parameter A , comparisons with other methods of obtaining these constants, and implications for particle physics and for astrophysics, see DUBBERS 91 and WOOLCOCK 91. For tests of the $V-A$ theory of

neutron decay, see EROZOLIMSKII 91B, MOSTOVOI 96, NICO 05, and SEVERIJNS 06.

$\lambda \equiv g_A / g_V$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
-1.2694 ± 0.0028 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 2.0. See the ideogram below.		
-1.2739 ± 0.0019	³⁰ ABELE	02	SPEC Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
-1.2686 ± 0.0046 ± 0.0007	³¹ MOSTOVOI	01	CNTR <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> × polarizations
-1.266 ± 0.004	LIAUD	97	TPC Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
-1.2594 ± 0.0038	³² YEROZLIM...	97	CNTR Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
-1.262 ± 0.005	BOPP	86	SPEC Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
-1.275 ± 0.006 ± 0.015	SCHUMANN	08	CNTR Cold <i>n</i> , polarized
-1.274 ± 0.003	ABELE	97D	SPEC Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
-1.266 ± 0.004	SCHRECK...	95	TPC See LIAUD 97
-1.2544 ± 0.0036	EROZOLIM...	91	CNTR See YEROZOLIM-SKY 97
-1.226 ± 0.042	MOSTOVOY	83	RVUE
-1.261 ± 0.012	EROZOLIM...	79	CNTR Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
-1.259 ± 0.017	³³ STRATOWA	78	CNTR <i>p</i> recoil spectrum, <i>a</i>
-1.263 ± 0.015	EROZOLIM...	77	CNTR See EROZOLIMSKII 79
-1.250 ± 0.036	³³ DOBROZE...	75	CNTR See STRATOWA 78
-1.258 ± 0.015	³⁴ KROHN	75	CNTR Cold <i>n</i> , polarized, A
-1.263 ± 0.016	³⁵ KROPF	74	RVUE <i>n</i> decay alone
-1.250 ± 0.009	³⁵ KROPF	74	RVUE <i>n</i> decay + nuclear ft

³⁰ This is the combined result of ABELE 02 and ABELE 97D.

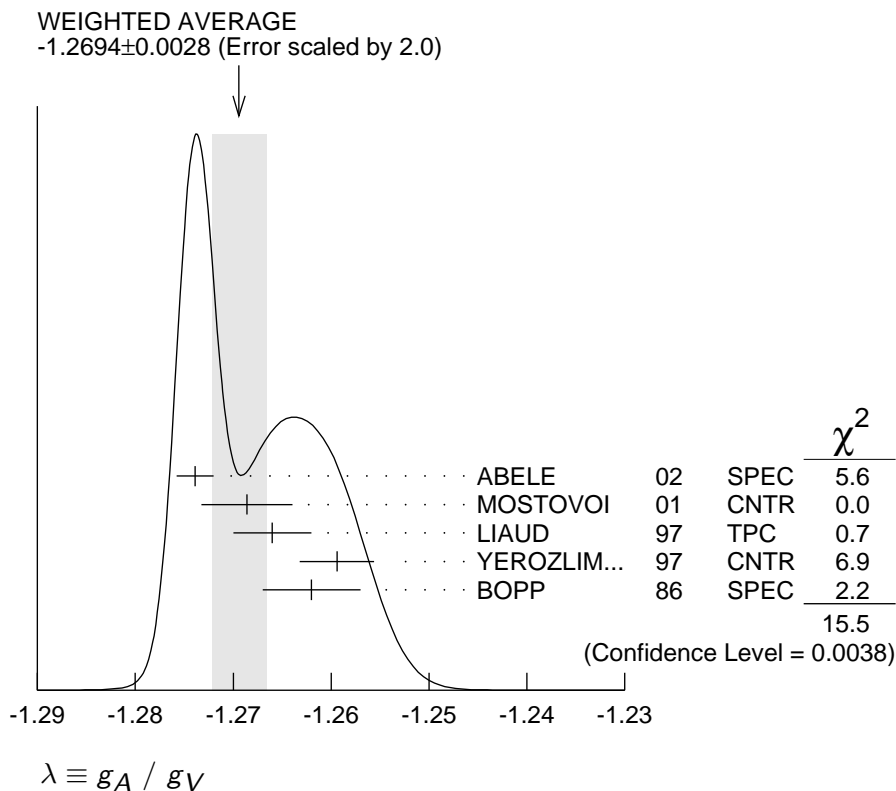
³¹ MOSTOVOI 01 measures the two *P*-odd correlations *A* and *B*, or rather *SA* and *SB*, where *S* is the *n* polarization, in free neutron decay.

³² YEROZOLIMSKY 97 makes a correction to the EROZOLIMSKII 91 value.

³³ These experiments measure the absolute value of g_A/g_V only.

³⁴ KROHN 75 includes events of CHRISTENSEN 70.

³⁵ KROPF 74 reviews all data through 1972.



e^- ASYMMETRY PARAMETER A

This is the neutron-spin electron-momentum correlation coefficient. Unless otherwise noted, the values are corrected for radiative effects and weak magnetism. In the Standard Model, A is related to $\lambda \equiv g_A/g_V$ by $A = -2\lambda(\lambda + 1) / (1 + 3\lambda^2)$; this assumes that g_A and g_V are real.

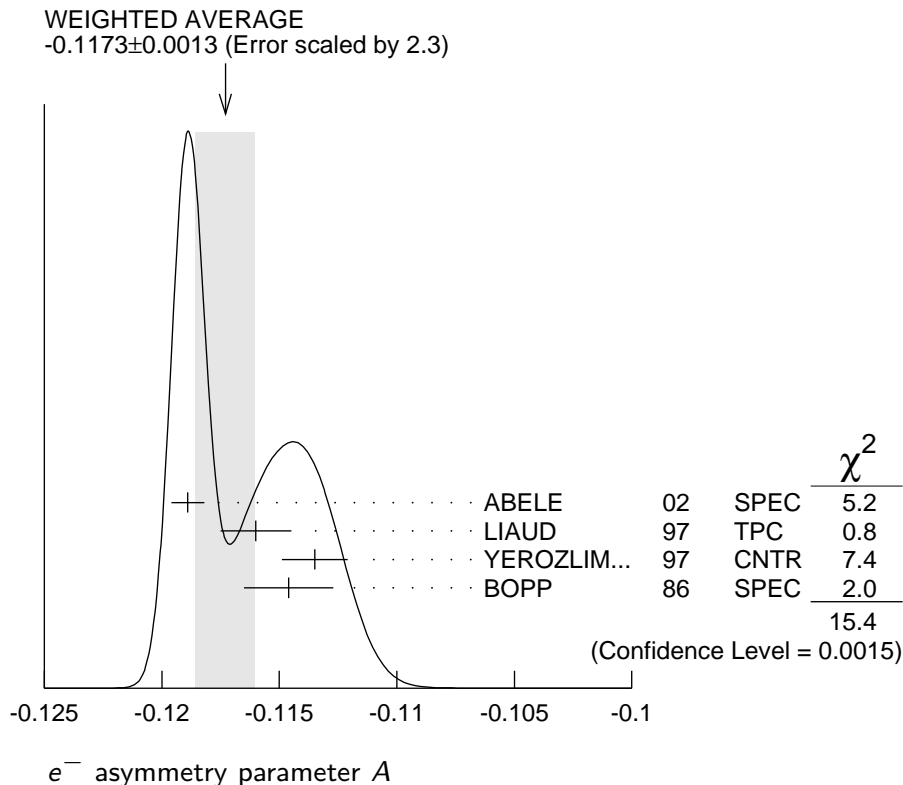
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
-0.1173 ± 0.0013 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 2.3. See the ideogram below.		
-0.1189 ± 0.0007	³⁶ ABELE	02 SPEC	Cold n , polarized
$-0.1160 \pm 0.0009 \pm 0.0012$	LIAUD	97 TPC	Cold n , polarized
-0.1135 ± 0.0014	³⁷ YEROZLIM...	97 CNTR	Cold n , polarized
-0.1146 ± 0.0019	BOPP	86 SPEC	Cold n , polarized
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
$-0.1138 \pm 0.0046 \pm 0.0021$	PATTIE	09 SPEC	Ultracold n , polarized
-0.1168 ± 0.0017	³⁸ MOSTOVOI	01 CNTR	Inferred
-0.1189 ± 0.0012	ABELE	97D SPEC	Cold n , polarized
$-0.1160 \pm 0.0009 \pm 0.0011$	SCHRECK...	95 TPC	See LIAUD 97
-0.1116 ± 0.0014	EROZOLIM...	91 CNTR	See YEROZOLIMSKY 97
-0.114 ± 0.005	³⁹ EROZOLIM...	79 CNTR	Cold n , polarized
-0.113 ± 0.006	³⁹ KROHN	75 CNTR	Cold n , polarized

³⁶ This is the combined result of ABELE 02 and ABELE 97D.

³⁷ YEROZOLIMSKY 97 makes a correction to the EROZOLIMSKII 91 value.

³⁸ MOSTOVOI 01 calculates this from its measurement of $\lambda = g_A/g_V$ above.

³⁹ These results are not corrected for radiative effects and weak magnetism, but the corrections are small compared to the errors.



$\bar{\nu}_e$ ASYMMETRY PARAMETER B

This is the neutron-spin antineutrino-momentum correlation coefficient. In the Standard Model, B is related to $\lambda \equiv g_A/g_V$ by $B = 2\lambda(\lambda - 1) / (1 + 3\lambda^2)$; this assumes that g_A and g_V are real.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.9807 ± 0.0030 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.9802 \pm 0.0034 \pm 0.0036$	SCHUMANN 07	CNTR	Cold n , polarized
$0.967 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.010$	KREUZ 05	CNTR	Cold n , polarized
0.9801 ± 0.0046	SEREBROV 98	CNTR	Cold n , polarized
0.9894 ± 0.0083	KUZNETSOV 95	CNTR	Cold n , polarized
1.00 ± 0.05	CHRISTENSEN70	CNTR	Cold n , polarized
0.995 ± 0.034	EROZOLIM... 70C	CNTR	Cold n , polarized

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.9876 ± 0.0004 ⁴⁰ MOSTOVOI 01 CNTR Inferred

⁴⁰ MOSTOVOI 01 calculates this from its measurement of $\lambda = g_A/g_V$ above.

PROTON ASYMMETRY PARAMETER C

Describes the correlation between the neutron spin and the proton momentum. In the Standard Model, C is related to $\lambda \equiv g_A/g_V$ by $C = -x_c (A + B) = x_c 4\lambda / (1 + 3\lambda^2)$, where $x_c = 0.27484$ is a kinematic factor; this assumes that g_A and g_V are real.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$-0.2377 \pm 0.0010 \pm 0.0024$	SCHUMANN 08	CNTR	Cold n , polarized

$e\bar{\nu}_e$ ANGULAR CORRELATION COEFFICIENT a

For a review of past experiments and plans for future measurements of the a parameter, see WIETFELDT 05. In the Standard Model, a is related to $\lambda \equiv g_A/g_V$ by $a = (1 - \lambda^2) / (1 + 3\lambda^2)$; this assumes that g_A and g_V are real.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
-0.103 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE			
-0.1054 ± 0.0055	BYRNE	02	SPEC Proton recoil spectrum
-0.1017 ± 0.0051	STRATOWA	78	CNTR Proton recoil spectrum
-0.091 ± 0.039	GRIGOREV	68	SPEC Proton recoil spectrum
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
-0.1045 ± 0.0014	⁴¹ MOSTOVOI	01	CNTR Inferred

⁴¹ MOSTOVOI 01 calculates this from its measurement of $\lambda = g_A/g_V$ above.

ϕ_{AV} , PHASE OF g_A RELATIVE TO g_V

Time reversal invariance requires this to be 0 or 180°. This is related to D given in the next data block and $\lambda \equiv g_A/g_V$ by $\sin(\phi_{AV}) = D(1+3\lambda^2)/2\lambda$; this assumes that g_A and g_V are real.

<u>VALUE (°)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
180.06 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE			
180.04 ± 0.09	SOLDNER	04	CNTR Cold n , polarized
180.08 ± 0.13	LISING	00	CNTR Polarized >93%
179.71 ± 0.39	EROZOLIM...	78	CNTR Cold n , polarized
180.35 ± 0.43	EROZOLIM...	74	CNTR Cold n , polarized
180.14 ± 0.22	STEINBERG	74	CNTR Cold n , polarized
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
181.1 ± 1.3	⁴² KROPF	74	RVUE n decay

⁴² KROPF 74 reviews all data through 1972.

TRIPLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT D

These are measurements of the component of n spin perpendicular to the decay plane in β decay. Should be zero if T invariance is not violated.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
- 4 ± 6 OUR AVERAGE			
- 2.8 ± 6.4 ± 3.0	SOLDNER	04	CNTR Cold n , polarized
- 6 ± 12 ± 5	LISING	00	CNTR Polarized >93%
+22 ± 30	EROZOLIM...	78	CNTR Cold n , polarized
-27 ± 50	⁴³ EROZOLIM...	74	CNTR Cold n , polarized
-11 ± 17	STEINBERG	74	CNTR Cold n , polarized

⁴³ EROZOLIMSKII 78 says asymmetric proton losses and nonuniform beam polarization may give a systematic error up to 30×10^{-4} , thus increasing the EROZOLIMSKII 74 error to 50×10^{-4} . STEINBERG 74 and STEINBERG 76 estimate these systematic errors to be insignificant in their experiment.

n REFERENCES

We have omitted some papers that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

PATTIE	09	PRL 102 012301	R.W. Pattie Jr. <i>et al.</i>	(Los Alamos UCNA Collab.)
MOHR	08	RMP 80 633	P.J. Mohr, B.N. Taylor, D.B. Newell	(NIST)
SCHUMANN	08	PRL 100 151801	M. Schumann <i>et al.</i>	(HEID, ILLG, KARL+)
SEREBROV	08	PL B663 181	A.P. Serebrov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, IOFF, ILLG+)
SEREBROV	08A	PR C78 035505	A.P. Serebrov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, JINR, ILLG)
BAKER	07	PRL 98 149102	C.A. Baker <i>et al.</i>	(RAL, SUSS, ILLG)
BAN	07	PRL 99 161603	G. Ban <i>et al.</i>	(CAEN, JAGL, PSI, JINR+)
LAMOREAUX	07	PRL 98 149101	S.K. Lamoreaux, R. Golub	(YALE, NCARO)
SCHUMANN	07	PRL 99 191803	M. Schumann <i>et al.</i>	(HEID, ILLG, KARL+)
SILENKO	07	PPNL 4 468	A.Ya. Silenko	(Belarussian U.)
		Translated from PFECAY 6 784.		
BAKER	06	PRL 97 131801	C.A. Baker <i>et al.</i>	(RAL, SUSS, ILLG)
BEREZHIANI	06	PRL 96 081801	Z. Bereziani, L. Bento	(Aguila U., LISB)
NICO	06	NAT 444 1059	J.S. Nico <i>et al.</i>	(NIST, TULN, MICH, UMD+)
SEVERIJNS	06	RMP 78 991	N. Severijns, M. Beck, O. Naviliat-Cuncic	(LEUV+)
KREUZ	05	PL B619 263	M. Kreuz <i>et al.</i>	(HEID, ILLG, MANZ, KARL+)
MOHR	05	RMP 77 1	P.J. Mohr, B.N. Taylor	(NIST)
NICO	05	PR C71 055502	J.S. Nico <i>et al.</i>	(NIST, TULN, IND, TENN+)
NICO	05A	ARNPS 55 27	J.S. Nico, W.M. Snow	(NIST)
SCHUMACHER	05	PPNP 55 567	M. Schumacher	(GOET)
SEREBROV	05	PL B605 72	A. Serebrov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, JINR, ILLG)
Also		SPU 48 867	A.P. Serebrov <i>et al.</i>	(PPNI, JINR, ILLG)
		Translated from UFN 175 905.		
WIETFELDT	05	MPL A20 1783	F.E. Wietfeldt	(TULN)
SOLDNER	04	PL B581 49	T. Soldner <i>et al.</i>	(ILLG, MUNT)
DEWEY	03	PRL 91 152302	M.S. Dewey <i>et al.</i>	(NIST, TULN, IND+)
KOSSERT	03	EPJ A16 259	K. Kossert <i>et al.</i>	(Mainz MAMI Collab.)
Also		PRL 88 162301	K. Kossert <i>et al.</i>	(Mainz MAMI Collab.)
LUNDIN	03	PRL 90 192501	M. Lundin <i>et al.</i>	
ABELE	02	PRL 88 211801	H. Abele <i>et al.</i>	(PERKEO-II Collab.)
BECK	02	JETPL 76 332	M. Beck <i>et al.</i>	(LEUV, SUSS, KIAE, PNPI)
		Translated from ZETFP 76 392.		
BYRNE	02	JPG 28 1325	J. Byrne <i>et al.</i>	
CHUNG	02B	PR D66 032004	J. Chung <i>et al.</i>	(SOUDAN-2 Collab.)
MOSTOVOI	01	PAN 64 1955	Yu.A. Mostovoi <i>et al.</i>	
		Translated from YAF 64 2040.		
ARZUMANOV	00	PL B483 15	S. Arzumanov <i>et al.</i>	
GAL	00	PR C61 028201	A. Gal	
KOLB	00	PRL 85 1388	N.R. Kolb <i>et al.</i>	
LAMOREAUX	00	PR D61 051301R	S.K. Lamoreaux, R. Golub	
LEVCHUK	00	NP A674 449	M.I. Levchuk, A.I. L'vov	(BELA, LEBD)
LISING	00	PR C62 055501	L.J. Lising <i>et al.</i>	(NIST emiT Collab.)
HARRIS	99	PRL 82 904	P.G. Harris <i>et al.</i>	
KESSLER	99	PL A255 221	E.G. Kessler Jr <i>et al.</i>	
MOHR	99	JPCRD 28 1713	P.J. Mohr, B.N. Taylor	(NIST)
Also		RMP 72 351	P.J. Mohr, B.N. Taylor	(NIST)
SEREBROV	98	JETP 86 1074	A.P. Serebrov <i>et al.</i>	
		Translated from ZETF 113 1963.		
ABELE	97D	PL B407 212	H. Abele <i>et al.</i>	(HEIDP, ILLG)
KOPECKY	97	PR C56 2229	S. Kopecky <i>et al.</i>	
LIAUD	97	NP A612 53	P. Liaud <i>et al.</i>	(ILLG, LAPP)
YEROZLIM...	97	PL B412 240	B.G. Erozolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(HARV, PNPI, KIAE)
ALTAREV	96	PAN 59 1152	I.S. Altarev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
		Translated from YAF 59 1204.		
BONDAREN...	96	JETPL 64 416	L.N. Bondarenko <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
		Translated from ZETFP 64 382.		
BYRNE	96	EPL 33 187	J. Byrne <i>et al.</i>	(SUSS, ILLG)
MOSTOVOI	96	PAN 59 968	Y.A. Mostovoy	(KIAE)
		Translated from YAF 59 1013.		
NORMAN	96	PR D53 4086	E.B. Norman, J.N. Bahcall, M. Goldhaber	(LBL+)
IGNATOVICH	95	JETPL 62 1	V.K. Ignatovich	(JINR)
		Translated from ZETFP 62 3.		

KOESTER	95	PR C51 3363	L. Koester <i>et al.</i>	(+)
KOPECKY	95	PRL 74 2427	S. Kopecky <i>et al.</i>	
KUZNETSOV	95	PRL 75 794	I.A. Kuznetsov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, KIAE, HARV+)
SCHRECK...	95	PL B349 427	K. Schreckenbach <i>et al.</i>	(MUNT, ILLG, LAPP)
BALDO-...	94	ZPHY C63 409	M. Baldo-Ceolin <i>et al.</i>	(HEID, ILLG, PADO+)
DIFILIPPO	94	PRL 73 1481	F. DiFilippo <i>et al.</i>	(MIT)
Also		PRL 71 1998	V. Natarajan <i>et al.</i>	(MIT)
GOLUB	94	PRPL 237C 1	R. Golub, K. Lamoreaux	(HAHN, WASH)
MAMPE	93	JETPL 57 82	B. Mampe <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
ALTAREV	92	PL B276 242	I.S. Altarev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
NESVIZHEV...	92	JETP 75 405	V.V. Nesvizhevsky <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, JINR)
ALBERICO	91	NP A523 488	W.M. Alberico, A. de Pace, M. Pignone	(TORI)
DUBBERS	91	NP A527 239c	D. Dubbers	(ILLG)
Also		EPL 11 195	D. Dubbers, W. Mampe, J. Dohner	(ILLG, HEID)
EROZOLIM...	91	PL B263 33	B.G. Erozolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, KIAE)
Also		SJNP 52 999	B.G. Erozolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, KIAE)
EROZOLIM...	91B	Translated from YAF 52 1583. SJNP 53 260	B.G. Erozolimsky, Y.A. Mostovoy	(KIAE)
SCHMIEDM...	91	PRL 66 1015	J. Schmiedmayer <i>et al.</i>	(TUW, ORNL)
WOOLCOCK	91	MPL A6 2579	W.S. Woolcock	(CANB)
ALFIMENKOV	90	JETPL 52 373	V.P. Alfimenkov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, JINR)
BALDO-...	90	PL B236 95	M. Baldo-Ceolin <i>et al.</i>	(PADO, PAVI, HEIDP+)
BERGER	90	PL B240 237	C. Berger <i>et al.</i>	(FREJUS Collab.)
BRESSI	90	NC 103A 731	G. Bressi <i>et al.</i>	(PAVI, ROMA, MILA)
BYRNE	90	PRL 65 289	J. Byrne <i>et al.</i>	(SUSS, NBS, SCOT, CBNM)
GREEN	90	JPG 16 L75	K. Green, D. Thompson	(RAL)
RAMSEY	90	ARNPS 40 1	N.F. Ramsey	(HARV)
ROSE	90	PL B234 460	K.W. Rose <i>et al.</i>	(GOET, MPCM, MANZ)
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SMITH	90	PL B234 191	K.F. Smith <i>et al.</i>	(SUSS, RAL, HARV+)
BRESSI	89	ZPHY C43 175	G. Bressi <i>et al.</i>	(INFN, MILA, PAVI, ROMA)
DOVER	89	NIM A284 13	C.B. Dover, A. Gal, J.M. Richard	(BNL, HEBR+)
KOSSAKOW...	89	NP A503 473	R. Kossakowski <i>et al.</i>	(LAPP, SAVO, ISNG+)
MAMPE	89	PRL 63 593	W. Mampe <i>et al.</i>	(ILLG, RISL, SUSS, URI)
MOHAPATRA	89	NIM A284 1	R.N. Mohapatra	(UMD)
PAUL	89	ZPHY C45 25	W. Paul <i>et al.</i>	(BONN, WUPP, MPIH, ILLG)
SCHMIEDM...	89	NIM A284 137	J. Schmiedmayer, H. Rauch, P. Riehs	(WIEN)
BAUMANN	88	PR D37 3107	J. Baumann <i>et al.</i>	(BAYR, MUNI, ILLG)
KOESTER	88	ZPHY A329 229	L. Koester, W. Waschkowski, J. Meier	(MUNI, MUNT)
LAST	88	PRL 60 995	I. Last <i>et al.</i>	(HEIDP, ILLG, ANL)
SCHMIEDM...	88	PRL 61 1065	J. Schmiedmayer, H. Rauch, P. Riehs	(TUW)
Also		PRL 61 2509 (erratum)	J. Schmiedmayer, H. Rauch, P. Riehs	(TUW)
SPIVAK	88	JETP 67 1735	P.E. Spivak	(KIAE)
COHEN	87	RMP 59 1121	E.R. Cohen, B.N. Taylor	(RISC, NBS)
ALEKSANDR...	86	SJNP 44 900	Yu.A. Aleksandrov <i>et al.</i>	
ALTAREV	86	Translated from YAF 44 1384. JETPL 44 460	I.S. Altarev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
BOPP	86	PL B236 95	P. Bopp <i>et al.</i>	(HEIDP, ANL, ILLG)
Also		ZPHY C37 179	E. Klempert <i>et al.</i>	(HEIDP, ANL, ILLG)
CRESTI	86	PL B177 206	M. Cresti <i>et al.</i>	(PADO)
Also		PL B200 587 (erratum)	M. Cresti <i>et al.</i>	(PADO)
GREENE	86	PRL 56 819	G.L. Greene <i>et al.</i>	(NBS, ILLG)
KOESTER	86	Physica B137 282	L. Koester <i>et al.</i>	
KOSVINTSEV	86	JETPL 44 571	Y.Y. Kosvintsev, V.I. Morozov, G.I. Terekhov	(KIAE)
TAKITA	86	PR D34 902	M. Takita <i>et al.</i>	(KEK, TOKY+)
DOVER	85	PR C31 1423	C.B. Dover, A. Gal, J.M. Richard	(BNL)
FIDECARO	85	PL 156B 122	G. Fidecaro <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, ILLG, PADO+)
PARK	85B	NP B252 261	H.S. Park <i>et al.</i>	(IMB Collab.)
BATTISTONI	84	PL 133B 454	G. Battistoni <i>et al.</i>	(NUSEX Collab.)
JONES	84	PRL 52 720	T.W. Jones <i>et al.</i>	(IMB Collab.)
PENDLEBURY	84	PL 136B 327	J.M. Pendlebury <i>et al.</i>	(SUSS, HARV, RAL+)
CHERRY	83	PRL 50 1354	M.L. Cherry <i>et al.</i>	(PENN, BNL)
DOVER	83	PR D27 1090	C.B. Dover, A. Gal, J.M. Richard	(BNL)
KABIR	83	PRL 51 231	P.K. Kabir	(HARV)
MOSTOVOY	83	JETPL 37 196	Y.A. Mostovoy	(KIAE)
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ROY	83	PR D28 1770	A. Roy <i>et al.</i>	(TATA)
VAIDYA	83	PR D27 486	S.C. Vaidya <i>et al.</i>	(TATA)
GAEHLER	82	PR D25 2887	R. Gahler, J. Kalus, W. Mampe	(BAYR, ILLG)
GREENE	82	Metrologia 18 93	G.L. Greene <i>et al.</i>	(YALE, HARV, ILLG+)
ALTAREV	81	PL 102B 13	I.S. Altarev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
BARABANOV	80	JETPL 32 359	I.R. Barabanov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
		Translated from ZETFP 32 384.		
BYRNE	80	PL 92B 274	J. Byrne <i>et al.</i>	(SUSS, RL)
KOSVINTSEV	80	JETPL 31 236	Y.Y. Kosvintsev <i>et al.</i>	(JINR)
		Translated from ZETFP 31 257.		
MOHAPATRA	80	PRL 44 1316	R.N. Mohapatra, R.E. Marshak	(CUNY, VPI)
ALTAREV	79	JETPL 29 730	I.S. Altarev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
		Translated from ZETFP 29 794.		
EROZOLIM...	79	SJNP 30 356	B.G. Erokolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
		Translated from YAF 30 692.		
NORMAN	79	PRL 43 1226	E.B. Norman, A.G. Seamster	(WASH)
BONDAREN...	78	JETPL 28 303	L.N. Bondarenko <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
		Translated from ZETFP 28 328.		
Also		Smolenice Conf.	P.G. Bondarenko	(KIAE)
EROZOLIM...	78	SJNP 28 48	B.G. Erokolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
		Translated from YAF 28 98.		
STRATOWA	78	PR D18 3970	C. Stratowa, R. Dobrozemsky, P. Weinzierl	(SEIB)
EROZOLIM...	77	JETPL 23 663	B.G. Erokolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
		Translated from ZETFP 23 720.		
KOESTER	76	PRL 36 1021	L. Koester <i>et al.</i>	
STEINBERG	76	PR D13 2469	R.I. Steinberg <i>et al.</i>	(YALE, ISNG)
DOBROZE...	75	PR D11 510	R. Dobrozemsky <i>et al.</i>	(SEIB)
KROHN	75	PL 55B 175	V.E. Krohn, G.R. Ringo	(ANL)
EROZOLIM...	74	JETPL 20 345	B.G. Erokolimsky <i>et al.</i>	
		Translated from ZETFP 20 745.		
KROPF	74	ZPHY 267 129	H. Kropf, E. Paul	(LINZ)
Also		NP A154 160	H. Paul	(VIEN)
STEINBERG	74	PRL 33 41	R.I. Steinberg <i>et al.</i>	(YALE, ISNG)
COHEN	73	JPCRD 2 664	E.R. Cohen, B.N. Taylor	(RISC, NBS)
KROHN	73	PR D8 1305	V.E. Krohn, G.R. Ringo	
CHRISTENSEN	72	PR D5 1628	C.J. Christensen <i>et al.</i>	(RISO)
CHRISTENSEN	70	PR C1 1693	C.J. Christensen, V.E. Krohn, G.R. Ringo	(ANL)
EROZOLIM...	70C	PL 33B 351	B.G. Erokolimsky <i>et al.</i>	(KIAE)
GRIGOREV	68	SJNP 6 239	V.K. Grigoriev <i>et al.</i>	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 6 329.		
KROHN	66	PR 148 1303	V.E. Krohn, G.R. Ringo	
LEE	56	PR 104 254	T.D. Lee, C.N. Yang	(COLU, BNL)