$$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2})$$
 Status: \*\*\*

Seen in  $\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-$  but not in  $\Lambda_c^+\pi^0$ , so this is indeed an excited  $\Lambda_c^+$  rather than a  $\Sigma_c^+$ . The  $\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-$  mode is largely, and perhaps entirely,  $\Sigma_c\pi$ , which is just at threshold; thus (assuming, as has not yet been proven, that the  $\Sigma_c$  has  $J^P=1/2^+$ ) the  $J^P$  here is almost certainly  $1/2^-$ . This result is in accord with the theoretical expectation that this is the charm counterpart of the strange  $\Lambda(1405)$ .

#### $\Lambda_{c}(2595)^{+}$ MASS

The mass is obtained from the  $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$  mass-difference measurements below. But the mass may be 2 or 3 MeV lower: see the footnote to BLECHMAN 03 in the next data block.

VALUE (MeV)

DOCUMENT ID

**2595.4\pm0.6 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

## $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$ MASS DIFFERENCE

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
308.9±0.6 OUR FIT	Error includ	es scale factor of	1.1.		
308.9±0.6 OUR AVI	<b>ERAGE</b> Error	includes scale fac	ctor of	f 1.1.	
$309.7\!\pm\!0.9\!\pm\!0.4$	19	ALBRECHT	97	ARG	$e^+e^-pprox~$ 10 GeV
$309.2\!\pm\!0.7\!\pm\!0.3$	$14\pm4.5$	FRABETTI	96	E687	$\gamma{ m Be},\overline{E}_{\gamma}pprox$ 220 GeV
$307.5\!\pm\!0.4\!\pm\!1.0$	$112\pm17$	<b>EDWARDS</b>	95	CLE2	$e^+e^-\stackrel{'}{pprox}~10.5~{ m GeV}$
• • • We do not use	the following	data for averages	, fits,	limits, e	tc. • • •
$305.6 \pm 0.3$		<sup>1</sup> BLECHMAN	03		Threshold shift

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  BLECHMAN 03 finds that a more sophisticated treatment than a simple Breit-Wigner for the proximity of the threshold of the dominant decay,  $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$ , lowers the  $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$  mass difference by 2 or 3 MeV.

#### $\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	<u> EV15</u>	DOCUMENT ID		IECN	COMMENT
$3.6^{+2.0}_{-1.3}$ OUR AVER	AGE				
$2.9 \!+\! 2.9 \!+\! 1.8 \\ -2.1 \!-\! 1.4$	19	ALBRECHT	97	ARG	$e^+e^-pprox~10~{ m GeV}$
$3.9 + 1.4 + 2.0 \\ -1.2 - 1.0$	$112\pm17$	EDWARDS	95	CLE2	$e^+e^-pprox$ 10.5 GeV

Created: 6/1/2009 14:18

## $\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ DECAY MODES

 $\Lambda_c^+\pi\pi$  and its submode  $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$  — the latter just barely — are the only strong decays allowed to an excited  $\Lambda_c^+$  having this mass; and the submode seems to dominate.

	Mode	Fraction $(\Gamma_i/\Gamma)$	
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[a] ≈ 67 %	
$\Gamma_2$	$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-$	24 $\pm$ 7 %	
$\Gamma_3$	$\Sigma_c(2455)^0\pi^+$	24 $\pm$ 7 %	
$\Gamma_4$	$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body	18 $\pm$ 10 %	
$\Gamma_5$	$ \Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \\ \Lambda_c^+ \gamma $	[b] not seen	
$\Gamma_6$	$\Lambda_c^+ \gamma$	not seen	

- [a] Assuming isospin conservation, so that the other third is  $\Lambda_c^+ \, \pi^0 \, \pi^0$ .
- [b] A test that the isospin is indeed 0, so that the particle is indeed a  $\Lambda_c^+$ .

## $\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-)$	$/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+$	$^{\perp}\pi^{-})$				$\Gamma_2/\Gamma_1$
VALUE	405	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.36±0.10 OUR AVER	AGE	AL DDECLIT	0.7	4.0.6		10.6.14
$0.37 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.13$		ALBRECHT			$e^+e^-pprox$	
$0.36 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.09$		EDWARDS	95	CLE2	$e^+e^-\approx$	10.5 GeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^0\pi^+)/\Gamma$	$(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)$	-)				$\Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$
VALUE		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
0.37±0.10 OUR AVER	AGE					
$0.29\!\pm\!0.10\!\pm\!0.11$		ALBRECHT			$e^+e^-\approx$	
$0.42\!\pm\!0.09\!\pm\!0.09$		EDWARDS	95	CLE2	$e^+e^-\approx$	10.5 GeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-)$		(2455) <sup>0</sup> π <sup>+</sup> )]/Γ	` •		•	$[\Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3)/\Gamma_1$
• • • We do not use the						
$0.66^{igoplus 0.13}_{-0.16}\!\pm\!0.07$		ALBRECHT				
>0.51	90	<sup>2</sup> FRABETTI	96	E687	$\gamma$ Be, $\overline{E}_{\gamma}$ $pprox$	220 GeV
<sup>2</sup> The results of FRA	BETTI 96	are consistent with	h this	ratio be	ing 100%.	
$\Gamma \big( \varLambda_c^+ \pi^0 \big) / \Gamma \big( \varLambda_c^+ \pi^+$	,					$\Gamma_5/\Gamma_1$
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$ decay is for	orbidden by	isospin conservat	ion if	this stat	te is in fact a	$A_c$ .
VALUE		DOCUMENT ID				
<3.53	90	EDWARDS	95	CLE2	$e^+e^-\approx$	10.5 GeV

Created: 6/1/2009 14:18

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \gamma)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$	r <sup>-</sup> )				$\Gamma_6/\Gamma_1$
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
<0.98	90	EDWARDS	95	CLE2	$e^+e^-pprox~10.5~\text{GeV}$

# $\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ REFERENCES

BLECHMAN	03	PR D67 074033	A.E. Blechman et al.	(JHU, FLOR)
ALBRECHT !	97	PL B402 207	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
FRABETTI 9	96	PL B365 461	P.L. Frabetti et al.	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
EDWARDS !	95	PRL 74 3331	K.W. Edwards et al.	(CLEO Collab.)

Created: 6/1/2009 14:18