

CHARMED, STRANGE MESONS ($C = S = \pm 1$)

$D_s^+ = c\bar{s}$, $D_s^- = \bar{c}s$, similarly for D_s^{*+} 's

D_s^\pm
was F^\pm

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$$

Mass $m = 1968.3 \pm 0.5$ MeV ($S = 1.2$)

$m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm} = 98.87 \pm 0.31$ MeV ($S = 1.4$)

Mean life $\tau = (490 \pm 9) \times 10^{-15}$ s ($S = 1.1$)

$$c\tau = 147.0 \mu\text{m}$$

D_s^+ form factors

$$r_2 = 1.60 \pm 0.24$$

$$r_\nu = 1.92 \pm 0.32$$

$$\Gamma_L/\Gamma_T = 0.72 \pm 0.18$$

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance. D_s^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

D_s^+ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Inclusive modes			
K^- anything	(13 $\begin{array}{l} +14 \\ -12 \end{array}$) %	—	—
\bar{K}^0 anything + K^0 anything	(39 ± 28) %	—	—
K^+ anything	(20 $\begin{array}{l} +18 \\ -14 \end{array}$) %	—	—
(non- K \bar{K}) anything	(64 ± 17) %	—	—
e^+ anything	(8 $\begin{array}{l} +6 \\ -5 \end{array}$) %	—	—
ϕ anything	(18 $\begin{array}{l} +15 \\ -10 \end{array}$) %	—	—
Leptonic and semileptonic modes			
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(5.0 \pm 1.9) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.3	981
$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$	(6.4 \pm 1.5) %	—	182
$\phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	[a] (2.0 \pm 0.5) %	—	720
$\eta \ell^+ \nu_\ell + \eta'(958) \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	[a] (3.4 \pm 1.0) %	—	—
$\eta \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	[a] (2.5 \pm 0.7) %	—	908
$\eta'(958) \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	[a] (8.9 \pm 3.3) $\times 10^{-3}$	—	751

Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair (including from a ϕ)

$K^+ \bar{K}^0$	(3.6 ± 1.1) %	850	
$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[b] (4.4 ± 1.2) %	805	
$\phi \pi^+$	[c] (3.6 ± 0.9) %	712	
$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[c] (3.3 ± 0.9) %	685	
$f_0(980)\pi^+$	[d] (4.9 ± 2.3) × 10 ⁻³	732	
$\times B(f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-)$			
$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0$	[c] (7 ± 4) × 10 ⁻³	218	
$K^+ K^- \pi^+$ nonresonant	(9 ± 4) × 10 ⁻³	805	
$K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—	802	
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[c] (4.3 ± 1.4) %	683	
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	—	748	
$\phi \pi^+ \pi^0$	[c] (9 ± 5) %	686	
$\phi \rho^+$	[c] (6.7 ± 2.3) %	400	
$\phi \pi^+ \pi^0$ 3-body	[c] < 2.6 %	CL=90%	686
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$ non- ϕ	< 9 %	CL=90%	748
$K^+ \bar{K}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	(2.5 ± 0.9) %	744	
$K^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	(4.3 ± 1.5) %	744	
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[c] (5.8 ± 2.5) %	416	
$K^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ (\text{non-}K^{*+} \bar{K}^{*0})$	< 2.9 %	CL=90%	744
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(7.1 ± 2.2) × 10 ⁻³	673	
$\phi \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[c] (9.7 ± 2.6) × 10 ⁻³	640	
$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi$	< 2.1 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90%	248
$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+$	[c] (1.06 ± 0.35) %	180	
$\phi a_1(1260)^+$	[c] (2.5 ± 0.8) %	†	
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant}$	(7 ± 6) × 10 ⁻⁴	673	

Hadronic modes without K 's

$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.01 ± 0.28) %	S=1.1	959
$\rho^0 \pi^+$	< 7 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90%	824
$f_0(980)\pi^+$	[e] (5.7 ± 1.7) × 10 ⁻³		732
$\times B(f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$			
$f_2(1270)\pi^+$	[c] (3.5 ± 1.2) × 10 ⁻³		559
$f_0(1370)\pi^+$	[e] (3.3 ± 1.2) × 10 ⁻³		493
$\times B(f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$			
$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+$	[e] (4.4 ± 2.5) × 10 ⁻⁴		421
$\times B(\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$			
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant}$	(5 ± 2.2) × 10 ⁻⁵		959
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	< 12 %	CL=90%	935
$\eta \pi^+$	[c] (1.7 ± 0.5) %		902
$\omega \pi^+$	[c] (2.8 ± 1.1) × 10 ⁻³		822
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	(6.5 ± 1.8) × 10 ⁻³		899
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	—		902

$\eta\rho^+$	[c]	(10.8 \pm 3.1) %		723
$\eta\pi^+\pi^0$ 3-body	[c]	< 4 %	CL=90%	885
$3\pi^+2\pi^-\pi^0$		(4.9 \pm 3.2) %		856
$\eta'(958)\pi^+$	[c]	(3.9 \pm 1.0) %		743
$3\pi^+2\pi^-2\pi^0$		—		803
$\eta'(958)\rho^+$	[c]	(10.1 \pm 2.8) %		464
$\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0$ 3-body	[c]	< 1.4 %	CL=90%	720

Modes with one or three K 's

$K^0\pi^+$	<	8	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	916
$K^+\pi^+\pi^-$		(1.0 \pm 0.4) %			900
$K^+\rho^0$	<	2.9	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	744
$K^*(892)^0\pi^+$	[c]	(6.5 \pm 2.8) $\times 10^{-3}$			775
$K^+K^+K^-$		(4.0 \pm 1.7) $\times 10^{-4}$			627
ϕK^+	[c]	< 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	607

$\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current ($C1$) modes, Lepton family number (LF), or Lepton number (L) violating modes

$\pi^+e^+e^-$	[f]	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	979
$\pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$	[f]	< 2.6	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	968
$K^+e^+e^-$	$C1$	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	922
$K^+\mu^+\mu^-$	$C1$	< 3.6	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	909
$K^*(892)^+\mu^+\mu^-$	$C1$	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	765
$\pi^+e^\pm\mu^\mp$	LF	[g] < 6.1	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	976
$K^+e^\pm\mu^\mp$	LF	[g] < 6.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	919
$\pi^-e^+e^+$	L	< 6.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	979
$\pi^-\mu^+\mu^+$	L	< 2.9	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	968
$\pi^-e^+\mu^+$	L	< 7.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	976
$K^-e^+e^+$	L	< 6.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	922
$K^-\mu^+\mu^+$	L	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	909
$K^-e^+\mu^+$	L	< 6.8	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	919
$K^*(892)^-\mu^+\mu^+$	L	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	765

$D_s^{*\pm}$

$I(J^P) = 0(?)$

J^P is natural, width and decay modes consistent with 1^- .

Mass $m = 2112.1 \pm 0.7$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$m_{D_s^{*\pm}} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 143.8 \pm 0.4$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma < 1.9$ MeV, CL = 90%

D_s^{*-} modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

D_s^{*+} DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \gamma$	(94.2 \pm 2.5) %	139
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	(5.8 \pm 2.5) %	48

$D_{sJ}^*(2317)^{\pm}$

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^+)$$

J, P need confirmation.

J^P is natural, low mass consistent with 0^+ .

Mass $m = 2317.4 \pm 0.9$ MeV ($S = 1.1$)

$$m_{D_{sJ}^*(2317)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{\pm}} = 349.2 \pm 0.7$$
 MeV

Full width $\Gamma < 4.6$ MeV, CL = 90%

$D_{sJ}(2460)^{\pm}$

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

Mass $m = 2459.3 \pm 1.3$ MeV ($S = 1.3$)

$$m_{D_{sJ}(2460)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{\pm}} = 347.2 \pm 1.2$$
 MeV ($S = 1.3$)

$$m_{D_{sJ}(2460)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{\pm}} = 491.0 \pm 1.2$$
 MeV ($S = 1.3$)

Full width $\Gamma < 5.5$ MeV, CL = 90%

$D_{s1}(2536)^{\pm}$

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 2535.35 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.5$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma < 2.3$ MeV, CL = 90%

$D_{s1}(2536)^-$ modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$D_{s1}(2536)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$D^*(2010)^+ K^0$	seen	150
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	seen	168
$D^+ K^0$	not seen	382
$D^0 K^+$	not seen	392
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	possibly seen	388

$D_{s2}(2573)^{\pm}$ $I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$ J^P is natural, width and decay modes consistent with 2^+ .Mass $m = 2572.4 \pm 1.5$ MeVFull width $\Gamma = 15^{+5}_{-4}$ MeV $D_{s2}(2573)^-$ modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$D_{s2}(2573)^+ \text{ DECAY MODES}$	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$D^0 K^+$	seen	435
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	not seen	244

NOTES

- [a] For now, we average together measurements of the $X e^+ \nu_e$ and $X \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fractions. This is the *average*, not the *sum*.
- [b] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers in the Particle Listings.
- [c] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
- [d] This value includes only $K^+ K^-$ decays of the intermediate resonance, because branching fractions of this resonance are not known.
- [e] This value includes only $\pi^+ \pi^-$ decays of the intermediate resonance, because branching fractions of this resonance are not known.
- [f] This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
- [g] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.