## EXTRACTION OF ANOMALOUS $ZZ\gamma$ , $Z\gamma\gamma$ , AND ZZV COUPLINGS

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In the reaction  $e^+e^- \to Z\gamma$ , deviations from the Standard Model for the  $ZV\gamma$  couplings may be described in terms of 8 parameters,  $h_i^V$  ( $i=1,4;\ V=\gamma,Z$ ) [1]. In this formalism  $h_1^V$  and  $h_2^V$  lead to CP-violating and  $h_3^V$  and  $h_4^V$  to CP-conserving effects. All these anomalous contributions to the cross section increase rapidly with center-of-mass energy. In order to ensure unitarity, these parameters are usually described by a form-factor representation,  $h_i^V(s) = h_{i\circ}^V/(1+s/\Lambda^2)^n$ , where  $\Lambda$  is the energy scale for the manifestation of a new phenomenon and n is a sufficiently large power. By convention one uses n=3 for  $h_{1,3}^V$  and n=4 for  $h_{2,4}^V$ . Usually limits on  $h_i^V$ 's are put assuming some value of  $\Lambda$  (sometimes  $\infty$ ).

Above the  $e^+e^- \to ZZ$  threshold, deviations from the Standard Model may be described by means of four anomalous couplings  $f_i^V$  ( $i=4,5; V=\gamma,Z$ ) [2]. The anomalous couplings  $f_5^V$  lead to violation of C and P symmetries while  $f_4^V$  introduces CP violation. These couplings are zero at tree level in the Standard Model.

## Reference

- 1. U. Baur and E.L. Berger Phys. Rev. **D47**, 4889 (1993).
- 2. K. Hagiwara et al., Nucl. Phys. **B282**, 253 (1987).