

B[±] / B⁰ / B_s⁰ / b-baryon ADMIXTURE

B[±] / B⁰ / B_s⁰ / b-baryon ADMIXTURE MEAN LIFE

Each measurement of the B mean life is an average over an admixture of various bottom mesons and baryons which decay weakly. Different techniques emphasize different admixtures of produced particles, which could result in a different B mean life.

"OUR EVALUATION" is an average of the data listed below performed by the LEP B Lifetime Working Group as described in our review "Production and Decay of b -flavored Hadrons" in the B^\pm Section of these Listings. The averaging procedure takes into account correlations between the measurements and asymmetric lifetime errors, but ignores the small differences due to different techniques.

VALUE (10^{-12} s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.564 ± 0.014 OUR EVALUATION				
1.533 ± 0.015 ^{+0.035} _{-0.031}		1 ABE	98B CDF	$p\bar{p}$ at 1.8 TeV
1.549 ± 0.009 ± 0.015		2 ACCIARRI	98 L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.611 ± 0.010 ± 0.027		3 ACKERSTAFF	97F OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.582 ± 0.011 ± 0.027		3 ABREU	96E DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.533 ± 0.013 ± 0.022	19.8k	4 BUSKULIC	96F ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.564 ± 0.030 ± 0.036		5 ABE,K	95B SLD	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.542 ± 0.021 ± 0.045		6 ABREU	94L DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.523 ± 0.034 ± 0.038	5372	7 ACTON	93L OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.535 ± 0.035 ± 0.028	7357	7 ADRIANI	93K L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.511 ± 0.022 ± 0.078		8 BUSKULIC	93O ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1.575 ± 0.010 ± 0.026		9 ABREU	96E DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.50 ^{+0.24} _{-0.21} ± 0.03		10 ABREU	94P DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.46 ± 0.06 ± 0.06	5344	11 ABE	93J CDF	Repl. by ABE 98B
1.23 ^{+0.14} _{-0.13} ± 0.15	188	12 ABREU	93D DLPH	Sup. by ABREU 94L
1.49 ± 0.11 ± 0.12	253	13 ABREU	93G DLPH	Sup. by ABREU 94L
1.51 ^{+0.16} _{-0.14} ± 0.11	130	14 ACTON	93C OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.28 ± 0.10		15 ABREU	92 DLPH	Sup. by ABREU 94L
1.37 ± 0.07 ± 0.06	1354	16 ACTON	92 OPAL	Sup. by ACTON 93L
1.49 ± 0.03 ± 0.06		17 BUSKULIC	92F ALEP	Sup. by BUSKULIC 96F
1.35 ^{+0.19} _{-0.17} ± 0.05		18 BUSKULIC	92G ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.32 ± 0.08 ± 0.09	1386	19 ADEVA	91H L3	Sup. by ADRIANI 93K
1.32 ^{+0.31} _{-0.25} ± 0.15	37	20 ALEXANDER	91G OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

1.29 ±0.06 ±0.10	2973	21	DECAMP	91C	ALEP	Sup. by BUSKULIC 92F
1.36 ^{+0.25} _{-0.23}		22	HAGEMANN	90	JADE	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
1.13 ±0.15		23	LYONS	90	RVUE	
1.35 ±0.10 ±0.24			BRAUNSCH...	89B	TASS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
0.98 ±0.12 ±0.13			ONG	89	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
1.17 ^{+0.27} _{-0.22} ^{+0.17} _{-0.16}			KLEM	88	DLCO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
1.29 ±0.20 ±0.21		24	ASH	87	MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
1.02 ^{+0.42} _{-0.39}	301	25	BROM	87	HRS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ Measured using inclusive $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ vertex.

² ACCIARRI 98 uses inclusively reconstructed secondary vertex and lepton impact parameter.

³ ACKERSTAFF 97F uses inclusively reconstructed secondary vertices.

⁴ BUSKULIC 96F analyzed using 3D impact parameter.

⁵ ABE,K 95B uses an inclusive topological technique.

⁶ ABREU 94L uses charged particle impact parameters. Their result from inclusively reconstructed secondary vertices is superseded by ABREU 96E.

⁷ ACTON 93L and ADRIANI 93K analyzed using lepton (e and μ) impact parameter at Z.

⁸ BUSKULIC 93O analyzed using dipole method.

⁹ Combines ABREU 96E secondary vertex result with ABREU 94L impact parameter result.

¹⁰ From proper time distribution of $b \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)$ anything.

¹¹ ABE 93J analyzed using $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu\mu$ vertices.

¹² ABREU 93D data analyzed using $D/D^* \ell$ anything event vertices.

¹³ ABREU 93G data analyzed using charged and neutral vertices.

¹⁴ ACTON 93C analysed using $D/D^* \ell$ anything event vertices.

¹⁵ ABREU 92 is combined result of muon and hadron impact parameter analyses. Hadron tracks gave $(12.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-13}$ s for an admixture of B species weighted by production fraction and mean charge multiplicity, while muon tracks gave $(13.0 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-13}$ s for an admixture weighted by production fraction and semileptonic branching fraction.

¹⁶ ACTON 92 is combined result of muon and electron impact parameter analyses.

¹⁷ BUSKULIC 92F uses the lepton impact parameter distribution for data from the 1991 run.

¹⁸ BUSKULIC 92G use $J/\psi(1S)$ tags to measure the average b lifetime. This is comparable to other methods only if the $J/\psi(1S)$ branching fractions of the different b-flavored hadrons are in the same ratio.

¹⁹ Using $Z \rightarrow e^+ X$ or $\mu^+ X$, ADEVA 91H determined the average lifetime for an admixture of B hadrons from the impact parameter distribution of the lepton.

²⁰ Using $Z \rightarrow J/\psi(1S) X$, $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$, ALEXANDER 91G determined the average lifetime for an admixture of B hadrons from the decay point of the $J/\psi(1S)$.

²¹ Using $Z \rightarrow e X$ or μX , DECAMP 91C determines the average lifetime for an admixture of B hadrons from the signed impact parameter distribution of the lepton.

²² HAGEMANN 90 uses electrons and muons in an impact parameter analysis.

²³ LYONS 90 combine the results of the B lifetime measurements of ONG 89, BRAUN-SCHWEIG 89B, KLEM 88, and ASH 87, and JADE data by private communication. They use statistical techniques which include variation of the error with the mean life, and possible correlations between the systematic errors. This result is not independent of the measured results used in our average.

²⁴ We have combined an overall scale error of 15% in quadrature with the systematic error of ± 0.7 to obtain ± 2.1 systematic error.

²⁵ Statistical and systematic errors were combined by BROM 87.

CHARGED b -HADRON ADMIXTURE MEAN LIFE

VALUE (10^{-12} s)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.72 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.06$	²⁶ ADAM	95	DLPH $e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
²⁶ ADAM 95 data analyzed using vertex-charge technique to tag b -hadron charge.			

NEUTRAL b -HADRON ADMIXTURE MEAN LIFE

VALUE (10^{-12} s)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.58 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.09$	²⁷ ADAM	95	DLPH $e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
²⁷ ADAM 95 data analyzed using vertex-charge technique to tag b -hadron charge.			

MEAN LIFE RATIO $\tau_{\text{charged } b\text{-hadron}}/\tau_{\text{neutral } b\text{-hadron}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.09^{+0.11}_{-0.10} \pm 0.08$	²⁸ ADAM	95	DLPH $e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
²⁸ ADAM 95 data analyzed using vertex-charge technique to tag b -hadron charge.			

$$|\Delta\tau_b|/\tau_{b,\bar{b}}$$

$\tau_{b,\bar{b}}$ and $|\Delta\tau_b|$ are the mean life average and difference between b and \bar{b} hadrons.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.001 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.008$	²⁹ ABBIENDI	99J	OPAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
²⁹ Data analyzed using both the jet charge and the charge of secondary vertex in the opposite hemisphere.			

\bar{b} PRODUCTION FRACTIONS AND DECAY MODES

The branching fraction measurements are for an admixture of B mesons and baryons at energies above the $\Upsilon(4S)$. Only the highest energy results (LEP, Tevatron, $S\bar{p}\bar{p}S$) are used in the branching fraction averages. The production fractions give our best current estimate of the admixture at LEP.

For inclusive branching fractions, *e.g.*, $B \rightarrow D^\pm$ anything, the treatment of multiple D 's in the final state must be defined. One possibility would be to count the number of events with one-or-more D 's and divide by the total number of B 's. Another possibility would be to count the total number of D 's and divide by the total number of B 's, which is the definition of average multiplicity. The two definitions are identical when only one of the specified particles is allowed in the final state. Even though the "one-or-more" definition seems sensible, for practical reasons inclusive branching fractions are almost always measured using the multiplicity definition. For heavy final state particles, authors call their results inclusive branching fractions while for light particles some authors call their results multiplicities. In the B sections, we list all results as inclusive branching fractions, adopting a

multiplicity definition. This means that inclusive branching fractions can exceed 100% and that inclusive partial widths can exceed total widths, just as inclusive cross sections can exceed total cross sections.

The modes below are listed for a \bar{b} initial state. b modes are their charge conjugates. Reactions indicate the weak decay vertex and do not include mixing.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
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PRODUCTION FRACTIONS

The production fractions for weakly decaying b -hadrons at the Z have been calculated from the best values of mean lives, mixing parameters, and branching fractions in this edition by the LEP B Oscillation Working Group as described in the note "Production and Decay of b -Flavored Hadrons" in the B^\pm Particle Listings. Values assume

$$B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^+) = B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0)$$

$$B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^+) + B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0) + B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B_s^0) + B(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon}) = 100 \%$$

The notation for production fractions varies in the literature (f_{B^0} , $f(b \rightarrow \bar{B}^0)$, $\text{Br}(b \rightarrow \bar{B}^0)$). We use our own branching fraction notation here, $B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0)$.

Γ_1	B^+	(39.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.2) %
Γ_2	B^0	(39.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.2) %
Γ_3	B_s^0	(10.5 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.7) %
Γ_4	b -baryon	(10.1 \pm 3.9 \pm 3.1) %
Γ_5	B_c	—

DECAY MODES

Semileptonic and leptonic modes

Γ_6	ν anything	(23.1 \pm 1.5) %
Γ_7	$\ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[a,b] (10.99 \pm 0.23) %
Γ_8	$e^+ \nu_e$ anything	[a] (10.9 \pm 0.5) %
Γ_9	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ anything	[a] (10.8 \pm 0.5) %
Γ_{10}	$D^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[b] (2.02 \pm 0.29) %
Γ_{11}	$\bar{D}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[b] (6.6 \pm 0.6) %
Γ_{12}	$D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[b] (2.76 \pm 0.29) %

Γ_{13}	$\bar{D}_j^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[b,c]	seen
Γ_{14}	$D_j^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[b,c]	seen
Γ_{15}	$\bar{D}_2^*(2460)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		seen
Γ_{16}	$D_2^*(2460)^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		seen
Γ_{17}	charmless $\ell \bar{\nu}_\ell$	[b]	$(3.3 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{18}	$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$ anything		$(2.6 \pm 0.4) \%$
Γ_{19}	$\bar{c} \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$ anything	[b]	$(7.8 \pm 0.6) \%$

Charmed meson and baryon modes

Γ_{20}	\bar{D}^0 anything		$(60.5 \pm 3.2) \%$	
Γ_{21}	$D^0 D_s^\pm$ anything	[d]	$(9.1 \begin{smallmatrix} + 3.9 \\ - 2.8 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{22}	$D^\mp D_s^\pm$ anything	[d]	$(4.0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 2.3 \\ - 1.8 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{23}	$\bar{D}^0 D^0$ anything	[d]	$(5.1 \begin{smallmatrix} + 2.0 \\ - 1.8 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{24}	$D^0 D^\pm$ anything	[d]	$(2.7 \begin{smallmatrix} + 1.8 \\ - 1.6 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{25}	$D^\pm D^\mp$ anything	[d]	< 9	$\times 10^{-3}$ 90%
Γ_{26}	D^- anything		$(23.7 \pm 2.3) \%$	
Γ_{27}	$D^*(2010)^+$ anything		$(17.3 \pm 2.0) \%$	
Γ_{28}	$D_1(2420)^0$ anything		$(5.0 \pm 1.5) \%$	
Γ_{29}	$D^*(2010)^\mp D_s^\pm$ anything	[d]	$(3.3 \begin{smallmatrix} + 1.6 \\ - 1.3 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{30}	$D^0 D^*(2010)^\pm$ anything	[d]	$(3.0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 1.1 \\ - 0.9 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{31}	$D^*(2010)^\pm D^\mp$ anything	[d]	$(2.5 \begin{smallmatrix} + 1.2 \\ - 1.0 \end{smallmatrix}) \%$	
Γ_{32}	$D^*(2010)^\pm D^*(2010)^\mp$ anything	[d]	$(1.2 \pm 0.4) \%$	
Γ_{33}	$D_2^*(2460)^0$ anything		$(4.7 \pm 2.7) \%$	
Γ_{34}	\bar{D}_s anything		$(18 \pm 5) \%$	
Γ_{35}	Λ_c anything		$(9.7 \pm 2.9) \%$	
Γ_{36}	\bar{c}/c anything	[e]	$(117 \pm 4) \%$	

Charmonium modes

Γ_{37}	$J/\psi(1S)$ anything		$(1.16 \pm 0.10) \%$
Γ_{38}	$\psi(2S)$ anything		$(4.8 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{39}	$\chi_{c1}(1P)$ anything		$(1.8 \pm 0.5) \%$

K or K* modes

Γ_{40}	$\bar{s}\gamma$		$(3.1 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{41}	K^\pm anything		$(74 \pm 6) \%$
Γ_{42}	K_S^0 anything		$(29.0 \pm 2.9) \%$

Pion modes

Γ_{43}	π^\pm anything		$(397 \pm 21) \%$
Γ_{44}	π^0 anything	[e]	$(278 \pm 60) \%$

Baryon modes

Γ_{45} p/\bar{p} anything (13.1 \pm 1.1) %

Other modes

Γ_{46} charged anything [e] (497 \pm 7) %

Γ_{47} hadron⁺ hadron⁻ (1.7 \pm 1.0 / $-$ 0.7) $\times 10^{-5}$

Γ_{48} charmless (7 \pm 21) $\times 10^{-3}$

Baryon modes

Γ_{49} $\Lambda/\bar{\Lambda}$ anything (5.9 \pm 0.6) %

Γ_{50} b -baryon anything (10.2 \pm 2.8) %

$\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current ($B1$) modes

Γ_{51} $e^+ e^-$ anything

Γ_{52} $\mu^+ \mu^-$ anything $B1$ < 3.2 $\times 10^{-4}$ 90%

Γ_{53} $\nu\bar{\nu}$ anything

[a] These values are model dependent. See 'Note on Semileptonic Decays' in the B^+ Particle Listings.

[b] An ℓ indicates an e or a μ mode, not a sum over these modes.

[c] D_j represents an unresolved mixture of pseudoscalar and tensor D^{**} (P -wave) states.

[d] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.

[e] Inclusive branching fractions have a multiplicity definition and can be greater than 100%.

$B^\pm/B^0/B_s^0/b$ -baryon ADMIXTURE BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\nu \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_6/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.2308 \pm 0.0077 \pm 0.0124	30,31 ACCIARRI	96C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

³⁰ ACCIARRI 96C assumes relative b semileptonic decay rates $e:\mu:\tau$ of 1:1:0.25. Based on missing-energy spectrum.

³¹ Assumes Standard Model value for R_B .

$\Gamma(\ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

These branching fraction values are model dependent. See the note on "Semileptonic Decays of D and B Mesons, Part II" at the beginning of the B^+ Particle Listings.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.1099 \pm 0.0023 OUR AVERAGE	Includes data from the 2 datablocks that follow this one.		
0.1106 \pm 0.0039 \pm 0.0022	32 ABREU	95D DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.114 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.004	33 BUSKULIC	94G ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.105 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.005	34 AKERS	93B OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

- ³² ABREU 95D give systematic errors ± 0.0019 (model) and $0.0012 (R_C)$. We combine these in quadrature.
- ³³ BUSKULIC 94G uses e and μ events. This value is from a global fit to the lepton p_T and p_T (relative to jet) spectra which also determines the b and c production fractions, the fragmentation functions, and the forward-backward asymmetries. This branching ratio depends primarily on the ratio of dileptons to single leptons at high p_T , but the lower p_T portion of the lepton spectrum is included in the global fit to reduce the model dependence. The model dependence is ± 0.0026 and is included in the systematic error.
- ³⁴ AKERS 93B analysis performed using single and dilepton events.

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \text{ anything}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_8 / Γ

These branching fraction values are model dependent. See the note on "Semileptonic Decays of D and B Mesons, Part II" at the beginning of the B^+ Particle Listings.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT
 The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

0.109 \pm 0.005 OUR AVERAGE

0.1089 \pm 0.0020 \pm 0.0051	^{35,36}	ACCIARRI	96C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.107 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.007	260	³⁷ ABREU	93C DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.109 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.014 \\ -0.013 \end{smallmatrix}$ \pm 0.0055	2719	³⁸ AKERS	93B OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.138 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.008		³⁹ ADEVA	91C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.086 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.008		⁴⁰ ABE	93E VNS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 58$ GeV
0.111 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.026		BEHREND	90D CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 43$ GeV
0.150 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.022		BEHREND	90D CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
0.112 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.011		ONG	88 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.149 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.022 \\ -0.019 \end{smallmatrix}$		PAL	86 DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.110 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.010		AIHARA	85 TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.111 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.040		ALTHOFF	84J TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV
0.146 \pm 0.028		KOOP	84 DLCO	Repl. by PAL 86
0.116 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.017		NELSON	83 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

³⁵ ACCIARRI 96C result obtained by a fit to the single lepton spectrum.

³⁶ Assumes Standard Model value for R_B .

³⁷ ABREU 93C event count includes ee , $\mu\mu$, and $e\mu$ events, they obtain $0.100 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.007$.

³⁸ AKERS 93B analysis performed using single and dilepton events.

³⁹ ADEVA 91C measure the average $B(b \rightarrow eX)$ branching ratio using single and double tagged b enhanced Z events. Combining e and μ results, they obtain $0.113 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$. Constraining the initial number of b quarks by the Standard Model prediction (378 ± 3 MeV) for the decay of the Z into $b\bar{b}$, the electron result gives $0.112 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.008$. They obtain $0.119 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.006$ when e and μ results are combined. Used to measure the $b\bar{b}$ width itself, this electron result gives $370 \pm 12 \pm 24$ MeV and combined with the muon result gives $385 \pm 7 \pm 22$ MeV.

⁴⁰ ABE 93E experiment also measures forward-backward asymmetries and fragmentation functions for b and c .

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_9/Γ

These branching fraction values are model dependent. See the note on "Semileptonic Decays of D and B Mesons, Part II" at the beginning of the B^+ Particle Listings.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

0.108 ± 0.005 OUR AVERAGE

0.1082 ± 0.0015 ± 0.0059	41,42	ACCIARRI	96C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.110 ± 0.012 ± 0.007	656	43 ABREU	93C DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.101 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.010 \\ -0.009 \end{smallmatrix}$ ± 0.0055	4248	44 AKERS	93B OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.113 ± 0.012 ± 0.006		45 ADEVA	91C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
0.122 ± 0.006 ± 0.007	42	UENO	96 AMY	$e^+ e^-$ at 57.9 GeV
0.104 ± 0.023 ± 0.016		BEHREND	90D CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 43$ GeV
0.148 ± 0.010 ± 0.016		BEHREND	90D CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
0.118 ± 0.012 ± 0.010		ONG	88 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.117 ± 0.016 ± 0.015		BARTEL	87 JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV
0.114 ± 0.018 ± 0.025		BARTEL	85J JADE	Repl. by BARTEL 87
0.117 ± 0.028 ± 0.010		ALTHOFF	84G TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.5$ GeV
0.105 ± 0.015 ± 0.013		ADEVA	83B MRKJ	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 33\text{--}38.5$ GeV
0.155 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.054 \\ -0.029 \end{smallmatrix}$		FERNANDEZ	83D MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

⁴¹ ACCIARRI 96C result obtained by a fit to the single lepton spectrum.

⁴² Assumes Standard Model value for R_B .

⁴³ ABREU 93C event count includes $\mu\mu$ events. Combining ee , $\mu\mu$, and $e\mu$ events, they obtain $0.100 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.007$.

⁴⁴ AKERS 93B analysis performed using single and dilepton events.

⁴⁵ ADEVA 91C measure the average $B(b \rightarrow eX)$ branching ratio using single and double tagged b enhanced Z events. Combining e and μ results, they obtain $0.113 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$. Constraining the initial number of b quarks by the Standard Model prediction (378 ± 3 MeV) for the decay of the Z into $b\bar{b}$, the muon result gives $0.123 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.006$. They obtain $0.119 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.006$ when e and μ results are combined. Used to measure the $b\bar{b}$ width itself, this muon result gives $394 \pm 9 \pm 22$ MeV and combined with the electron result gives $385 \pm 7 \pm 22$ MeV.

$\Gamma(D^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{10}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.0202 ± 0.0026 ± 0.0013 ⁴⁶ AKERS 95Q OPAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁴⁶ AKERS 95Q reports $[B(\bar{b} \rightarrow D^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything}) \times B(D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+)] = (1.82 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-3}$. We divide by our best value $B(D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+) = (9.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\bar{D}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{11}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.066 ± 0.006 ± 0.002 ⁴⁷ AKERS 95Q OPAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁴⁷ AKERS 95Q reports $[B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything}) \times B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)] = (2.52 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-3}$. We divide by our best value $B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) = (3.83 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{12}/Γ**

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0276 ± 0.0027 ± 0.0011	48 AKERS	95Q OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁴⁸ AKERS 95Q reports $[B(\bar{b} \rightarrow D^{*} \ell^+ \nu_\ell X) \times B(D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+) \times B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)] = ((7.53 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.56) \times 10^{-4})$ and uses $B(D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+) = 0.681 \pm 0.013$ and $B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) = 0.0401 \pm 0.0014$ to obtain the above result. The first error is the experiments error and the second error is the systematic error from the D^{*+} and D^0 branching ratios.

$\Gamma(\bar{D}_j^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{13}/Γ**

D_j represents an unresolved mixture of pseudoscalar and tensor D^{**} (P -wave) states.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	49 AKERS	95Q OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁴⁹ AKERS 95Q quotes the product branching ratio $B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{D}_j^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell X) B(\bar{D}_j^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-) = ((6.1 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-3})$.

$\Gamma(D_j^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{14}/Γ**

D_j represents an unresolved mixture of pseudoscalar and tensor D^{**} (P -wave) states.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	50 AKERS	95Q OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁵⁰ AKERS 95Q quotes the product branching ratio $B(\bar{b} \rightarrow D_j^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything}) B(D_j^- \rightarrow D^0 \pi^-) = ((7.0 \pm 1.9^{+1.2}_{-1.3}) \times 10^{-3})$.

$\Gamma(\bar{D}_2^*(2460)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{15}/Γ**

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	51 AKERS	95Q OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁵¹ AKERS 95Q quotes the product branching ratio $B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{D}_2^*(2460)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything}) B(D_2^*(2460)^0 \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-) = (1.6 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-3}$.

$\Gamma(D_2^*(2460)^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{16}/Γ**

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	52 AKERS	95Q OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁵² AKERS 95Q quotes the product branching ratio $B(\bar{b} \rightarrow D_2^*(2460)^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything}) B(D_2^*(2460)^+ \rightarrow D^0 \pi^-) = 4.2 \pm 1.3^{+0.7}_{-1.2}$.

$\Gamma(\text{charmless } \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{17}/Γ**

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0033 ± 0.0010 ± 0.0017	53 ACCIARRI	98K L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁵³ ACCIARRI 98K assumes $R_b = 0.2174 \pm 0.0009$ at Z decay.

$\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{18}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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2.6 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE

1.7 ± 0.5 ± 1.1	54,55	ACCIARRI	96C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
2.75 ± 0.30 ± 0.37	405	56 BUSKULIC	95 ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
2.4 ± 0.7 ± 0.8	1032	57 ACCIARRI	94C L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.08 ± 0.76 ± 0.62	BUSKULIC	93B ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 95	
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⁵⁴ ACCIARRI 96C result obtained from missing energy spectrum.

⁵⁵ Assumes Standard Model value for R_B .

⁵⁶ BUSKULIC 95 uses missing-energy technique.

⁵⁷ This is a direct result using tagged $b\bar{b}$ events at the Z, but species are not separated.

$\Gamma(\bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{c} \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{19}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.078 ± 0.006 OUR AVERAGE

0.0770 ± 0.0097 ± 0.0046	58	ABREU	95D DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.082 ± 0.003 ± 0.012	59	BUSKULIC	94G ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.077 ± 0.004 ± 0.007	60	AKERS	93B OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁵⁸ ABREU 95D give systematic errors ± 0.0033 (model) and 0.0032 (R_C). We combine these in quadrature. This result is from the same global fit as their $\Gamma(\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell X)$ data.

⁵⁹ BUSKULIC 94G uses e and μ events. This value is from the same global fit as their $\Gamma(\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ data.

⁶⁰ AKERS 93B analysis performed using single and dilepton events.

$\Gamma(\bar{D}^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{20}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.605 ± 0.029 ± 0.014	61	BUSKULIC	96Y ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
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⁶¹ BUSKULIC 96Y reports $0.605 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.016$ for $B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) = 0.0383$. We rescale to our best value $B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) = (3.83 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(D^0 D_s^\pm \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{21}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.091 ^{+0.020+0.034} _{-0.018-0.022}	62	BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
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⁶² The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$\Gamma(D^\mp D_s^\pm \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{22}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.040 ^{+0.017+0.016} _{-0.014-0.011}	63	BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
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⁶³ The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^0 D_s^\pm \text{ anything}) + \Gamma(D^\mp D_s^\pm \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad (\Gamma_{21} + \Gamma_{22})/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.131^{+0.026+0.048}_{-0.022-0.031}$	64 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁶⁴ The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\bar{D}^0 D^0 \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.051^{+0.016+0.012}_{-0.014-0.011}$	65 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁶⁵ The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^0 D^\pm \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.027^{+0.015+0.010}_{-0.013-0.009}$	66 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁶⁶ The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\bar{D}^0 D^0 \text{ anything}) + \Gamma(D^0 D^\pm \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad (\Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24})/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.078^{+0.020+0.018}_{-0.018-0.016}$	67 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁶⁷ The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^\pm D^\mp \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.009	90	BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^- \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.237 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.015$	68 BUSKULIC	96Y ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁶⁸ BUSKULIC 96Y reports $0.234 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.010$ for $B(D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+) = 0.091$. We rescale to our best value $B(D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+) = (9.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^*(2010)^+ \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.173 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	69 ACKERSTAFF	98E OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁶⁹ Uses lepton tags to select $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ events.

$$\frac{\Gamma(D_1(2420)^0 \text{ anything})}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.050 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006$	70 ACKERSTAFF	97W OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷⁰ ACKERSTAFF 97W assumes $B(D_2^*(2460)^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-) = 0.21 \pm 0.04$ and $\Gamma_{b\bar{b}}/\Gamma_{\text{hadrons}} = 0.216$ at Z decay.

$\Gamma(D^*(2010)^\mp D_s^\pm \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{29}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.033^{+0.010+0.012}_{-0.009-0.009}$	71 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷¹The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$\Gamma(D^0 D^*(2010)^\pm \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{30}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.030^{+0.009+0.007}_{-0.008-0.005}$	72 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷²The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$\Gamma(D^*(2010)^\pm D^\mp \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{31}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.025^{+0.010+0.006}_{-0.009-0.005}$	73 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷³The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$\Gamma(D^*(2010)^\pm D^*(2010)^\mp \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.012^{+0.004}_{-0.003} \pm 0.002$	74 BARATE	98Q ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷⁴The systematic error includes the uncertainties due to the charm branching ratios.

$\Gamma(D_2^*(2460)^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.047 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.013$	75 ACKERSTAFF	97W OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷⁵ACKERSTAFF 97W assumes $B(D_2^*(2460)^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-) = 0.21 \pm 0.04$ and $\Gamma_{b\bar{b}}/\Gamma_{\text{hadrons}} = 0.216$ at Z decay.

$\Gamma(\bar{D}_s \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{34}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.18 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.04$	76 BUSKULIC	96Y ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷⁶BUSKULIC 96Y reports $0.183 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.009$ for $B(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+) = 0.036$. We rescale to our best value $B(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+) = (3.6 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(b \rightarrow \Lambda_c \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{35}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.097 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.025$	77 BUSKULIC	96Y ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷⁷BUSKULIC 96Y reports $0.110 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006$ for $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+) = 0.044$. We rescale to our best value $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+) = (5.0 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\bar{c}/\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{36}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.17 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE			
1.147 ± 0.041	⁷⁸ ABREU	98D DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.230 ± 0.036 ± 0.065	⁷⁹ BUSKULIC	96Y ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁷⁸ ABREU 98D results are extracted from a fit to the b -tagging probability distribution based on the impact parameter.

⁷⁹ BUSKULIC 96Y assumes PDG 96 production fractions for B^0 , B^+ , B_s , b baryons, and PDG 96 branching ratios for charm decays. This is sum of their inclusive \bar{D}^0 , D^- , \bar{D}_s , and Λ_c branching ratios, corrected to include inclusive Ξ_c and charmonium.

$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{37}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.16 ± 0.10 OUR AVERAGE					
1.12 ± 0.12 ± 0.10			⁸⁰ ABREU	94P DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.16 ± 0.16 ± 0.14	121		⁸¹ ADRIANI	93J L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
1.21 ± 0.13 ± 0.08			BUSKULIC	92G ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
1.3 ± 0.2 ± 0.2			⁸² ADRIANI	92 L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
<4.9	90		MATTEUZZI	83 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

⁸⁰ ABREU 94P is an inclusive measurement from b decays at the Z . Uses $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and $\mu^+\mu^-$ channels. Assumes $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b})/\Gamma_{\text{hadron}} = 0.22$.

⁸¹ ADRIANI 93J is an inclusive measurement from b decays at the Z . Uses $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ and $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-$ channels.

⁸² ADRIANI 92 measurement is an inclusive result for $B(Z \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)X) = (4.1 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-3}$ which is used to extract the b -hadron contribution to $J/\psi(1S)$ production.

$\Gamma(\psi(2S)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{38}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0048 ± 0.0022 ± 0.0010	⁸³ ABREU	94P DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁸³ ABREU 94P is an inclusive measurement from b decays at the Z . Uses $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$, $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ channels. Assumes $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b})/\Gamma_{\text{hadron}} = 0.22$.

$\Gamma(\chi_{c1}(1P)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{39}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.018 ± 0.005 OUR AVERAGE				
0.014 ± 0.006 ^{+0.004} _{-0.002}		⁸⁴ ABREU	94P DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
0.024 ± 0.009 ± 0.002	19	⁸⁵ ADRIANI	93J L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁸⁴ ABREU 94P is an inclusive measurement from b decays at the Z . Uses $\chi_{c1}(1P) \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)\gamma$, $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ channels. Assumes no $\chi_{c2}(1P)$ and $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b})/\Gamma_{\text{hadron}} = 0.22$.

⁸⁵ ADRIANI 93J is an inclusive measurement and assumes χ_{c1} come from b decays at Z . Uses $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ channel.

$\Gamma(\chi_{c1}(1P)\text{anything})/\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\text{anything})$ Γ_{39}/Γ_{37}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.92 ± 0.82	121	⁸⁶ ADRIANI	93J L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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⁸⁶ ADRIANI 93J is a ratio of inclusive measurements from b decays at the Z using only the $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ channel since some systematics cancel.

$\Gamma(\bar{3}\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{40}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$3.11 \pm 0.80 \pm 0.72$		⁸⁷ BARATE	98I ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 5.4	90	⁸⁸ ADAM	96D DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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< 12	90	⁸⁹ ADRIANI	93L L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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⁸⁷ BARATE 98I uses lifetime tagged $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ sample.

⁸⁸ ADAM 96D assumes $f_{B^0} = f_{B^-} = 0.39$ and $f_{B_s} = 0.12$.

⁸⁹ ADRIANI 93L result is for $\bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{3}\gamma$ is performed inclusively.

$\Gamma(K^\pm\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{41}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.74 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE

$0.72 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.06$	BARATE	98V ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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$0.88 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.18$	ABREU	95C DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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$\Gamma(K_S^0\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{42}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$0.290 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.027$	ABREU	95C DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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$\Gamma(\pi^\pm\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{43}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$3.97 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.21$	BARATE	98V ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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$\Gamma(\pi^0\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{44}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$2.78 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.60$	⁹⁰ ADAM	96 DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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⁹⁰ ADAM 96 measurement obtained from a fit to the rapidity distribution of $\pi^{0's}$ in $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ events.

$\Gamma(\rho/\bar{\rho}\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{45}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.131 ± 0.011 OUR AVERAGE

$0.131 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.011$	BARATE	98V ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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$0.141 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.056$	ABREU	95C DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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$\Gamma(\text{charged anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{46}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$4.97 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.06$	⁹¹ ABREU	98H DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$5.84 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.38$	ABREU	95C DLPH	Repl. by ABREU 98H
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⁹¹ ABREU 98H measurement excludes the contribution from K^0 and Λ decay.

$\Gamma(\text{hadron}^+ \text{hadron}^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{47}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.7^{+1.0}_{-0.7} \pm 0.2$	92,93 BUSKULIC	96V ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁹² BUSKULIC 96V assumes PDG 96 production fractions for B^0 , B^+ , B_s , b baryons.

⁹³ Average branching fraction of weakly decaying B hadrons into two long-lived charged hadrons, weighted by their production cross section and lifetimes.

$\Gamma(\text{charmless})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{48}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.007 ± 0.021	94 ABREU	98D DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁹⁴ ABREU 98D results are extracted from a fit to the b -tagging probability distribution based on the impact parameter. The expected hidden charm contribution of 0.026 ± 0.004 has been subtracted.

$\Gamma(\Lambda/\bar{\Lambda}\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{49}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.059 ± 0.006 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.0587 \pm 0.0046 \pm 0.0048$	ACKERSTAFF	97N OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$
$0.059 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.009$	ABREU	95C DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

$\Gamma(b\text{-baryon anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{50}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.102 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.027$	95 BARATE	98V ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z$

⁹⁵ BARATE 98V assumes $B(B_s \rightarrow pX) = 8 \pm 4\%$ and $B(b\text{-baryon} \rightarrow pX) = 58 \pm 6\%$.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^- \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{52}/Γ**

Test for $\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	ABBOTT	98B D0	$p\bar{p}$ 1.8 TeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	⁹⁶ ALBAJAR	91C UA1	$E_{\text{cm}}^{p\bar{p}} = 630$ GeV
< 0.02	95	ALTHOFF	84G TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{e^+e^-} = 34.5$ GeV
< 0.007	95	ADEVA	83 MRKJ	$E_{\text{cm}}^{e^+e^-} = 30\text{--}38$ GeV
< 0.007	95	BARTEL	83B JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{e^+e^-} = 33\text{--}37$ GeV

⁹⁶ Both ABBOTT 98B and GLENN 98 claim that the efficiency quoted in ALBAJAR 91C was overestimated by a large factor.

$[\Gamma(e^+ e^- \text{anything}) + \Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^- \text{anything})]/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **$(\Gamma_{51} + \Gamma_{52})/\Gamma$**

Test for $\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.008	90	MATTEUZZI	83 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{e^+e^-} = 29$ GeV
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$\Gamma(\nu\bar{\nu}\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{53}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $<3.9 \times 10^{-4}$ ⁹⁷GROSSMAN 96 RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$ ⁹⁷GROSSMAN 96 limit is derived from the ALEPH BUSKULIC 95 limit $B(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)$
 $<1.8 \times 10^{-3}$ at CL=90% using conservative simplifying assumptions. **$B^\pm/B^0/B_s^0/b$ -baryon ADMIXTURE REFERENCES**

ABBIENDI	99J	hep-ex/9901017 CERN-EP/98-195, EPJ C (to be publ.)	G. Abbiendi+	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBOTT	98B	PL B423 419	B. Abbott+	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	98B	PR D57 5382	F. Abe+	(CDF Collab.)
ABREU	98D	PL B426 193	P. Abreu+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	98H	PL B425 399	P. Abreu+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	98	PL B416 220	M. Acciarri+	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	98K	PL B436 174	M. Acciarri+	(L3 Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98E	EPJ C1 439	K. Ackerstaff+	(OPAL Collab.)
BARATE	98I	PL B429 169	R. Barate+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARATE	98Q	EPJ C4 387	R. Barate+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARATE	98V	EPJ C5 205	R. Barate+	(ALEPH Collab.)
GLENN	98	PRL 80 2289	S. Glenn+	(CLEO Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97F	ZPHY C73 397	+Alexander, Allison, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97N	ZPHY C74 423	K. Ackerstaff+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97W	ZPHY C76 425	K. Ackerstaff+	(OPAL Collab.)
ABREU	96E	PL B377 195	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	96C	ZPHY C71 379	+Adam, Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez+	(L3 Collab.)
ADAM	96	ZPHY C69 561	+Adye, Agasi, Ajinenko+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ADAM	96D	ZPHY C72 207	W. Adam+	(DELPHI Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96F	PL B369 151	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96V	PL B384 471	+De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96Y	PL B388 648	+De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez+	(ALEPH Collab.)
GROSSMAN	96	NP B465 369	+Ligeti, Nardi	(REHO, CIT)
Also	96B	NP B480 753 (erratum)		
PDG	96	PR D54 1		
UENO	96	PL B381 365	+Kanda, Olsen, Kirk+	(AMY Collab.)
ABE,K	95B	PRL 75 3624	Abe, Abt, Ahn, Akagi+	(SLD Collab.)
ABREU	95C	PL B347 447	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	95D	ZPHY C66 323	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ADAM	95	ZPHY C68 363	+Adye, Agasi, Ajinenko+	(DELPHI Collab.)
AKERS	95Q	ZPHY C67 57	+Alexander, Allison, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
BUSKULIC	95	PL B343 444	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez, Goy+	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABREU	94L	ZPHY C63 3	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Aleksan+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	94P	PL B341 109	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Ajinenko+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	94C	PL B332 201	+Adam, Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen+	(L3 Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94G	ZPHY C62 179	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez+	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABE	93E	PL B313 288	+Amako, Arai, Arima, Asano+	(VENUS Collab.)
ABE	93J	PRL 71 3421	+Albrow, Amidei, Anway-Wiese+	(CDF Collab.)
ABREU	93C	PL B301 145	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Aleksan+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	93D	ZPHY C57 181	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Alekseev+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	93G	PL B312 253	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Ajinenko+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACTON	93C	PL B307 247	+Alexander, Allison, Allport, Anderson+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACTON	93L	ZPHY C60 217	+Akers, Alexander, Allison, Anderson+	(OPAL Collab.)
ADRIANI	93J	PL B317 467	+Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen, Alcaraz+	(L3 Collab.)
ADRIANI	93K	PL B317 474	+Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen, Alcaraz+	(L3 Collab.)
ADRIANI	93L	PL B317 637	+Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen, Alcaraz+	(L3 Collab.)
AKERS	93B	ZPHY C60 199	+Alexander, Allison, Anderson, Arcelli+	(OPAL Collab.)
BUSKULIC	93B	PL B298 479	+Decamp, Goy, Lees, Minard+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	93O	PL B314 459	+De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez, Goy+	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABREU	92	ZPHY C53 567	+Adam, Adami, Adye+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACTON	92	PL B274 513	+Alexander, Allison, Allport, Anderson+	(OPAL Collab.)

ADRIANI	92	PL B288 412	+Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen, Akbari+	(L3 Collab.)
BUSKULIC	92F	PL B295 174	+Decamp, Goy, Lees, Minard+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	92G	PL B295 396	+Decamp, Goy, Lees, Minard+	(ALEPH Collab.)
ADEVA	91C	PL B261 177	+Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez, Akbari+	(L3 Collab.)
ADEVA	91H	PL B270 111	+Adrani, Aguilar-Benitez, Akbari, Alcaraz+	(L3 Collab.)
ALBAJAR	91C	PL B262 163	+Albrow, Allkofer, Ankoviak, Apsimon+	(UA1 Collab.)
ALEXANDER	91G	PL B266 485	+Allison, Allport+	(OPAL Collab.)
DECAMP	91C	PL B257 492	+Deschizeaux, Goy, Lees, Minard+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BEHREND	90D	ZPHY C47 333	+Criegee, Field, Franke, Jung+	(CELLO Collab.)
HAGEMANN	90	ZPHY C48 401	+Ramcke, Allison, Ambrus, Barlow+	(JADE Collab.)
LYONS	90	PR D41 982	+Martin, Saxon	(OXF, BRIS, RAL)
BRAUNSCH...	89B	ZPHY C44 1	Braunschweig, Gerhards, Kirschfink+	(TASSO Collab.)
ONG	89	PRL 62 1236	+Jaros, Abrams, Amidei, Baden+	(Mark II Collab.)
KLEM	88	PR D37 41	+Atwood, Barish+	(DELCO Collab.)
ONG	88	PRL 60 2587	+Weir, Abrams, Amidei+	(Mark II Collab.)
ASH	87	PRL 58 640	+Band, Bloom, Bosman+	(MAC Collab.)
BARTEL	87	ZPHY C33 339	+Becker, Felst, Haidt+	(JADE Collab.)
BROM	87	PL B195 301	+Abachi, Akerlof, Baringer+	(HRS Collab.)
PAL	86	PR D33 2708	+Atwood, Barish, Bonneaud+	(DELCO Collab.)
AIHARA	85	ZPHY C27 39	+Alston-Garnjost, Badtke, Bakken+	(TPC Collab.)
BARTEL	85J	PL 163B 277	+Becker, Cords, Felst+	(JADE Collab.)
ALTHOFF	84G	ZPHY C22 219	+Braunschweig, Kirschfink+	(TASSO Collab.)
ALTHOFF	84J	PL 146B 443	+Branschweig, Kirschfink+	(TASSO Collab.)
KOOP	84	PRL 52 970	+Sakuda, Atwood, Baillon+	(DELCO Collab.)
ADEVA	83	PRL 50 799	+Barber, Becker, Berdugo+	(Mark-J Collab.)
ADEVA	83B	PRL 51 443	+Barber, Becker, Berdugo+	(Mark-J Collab.)
BARTEL	83B	PL 132B 241	+Becker, Bowdery, Cords+	(JADE Collab.)
FERNANDEZ	83D	PRL 50 2054	+Ford, Read, Smith+	(MAC Collab.)
MATTEUZZI	83	PL 129B 141	+Abrams, Amidei, Blocker+	(Mark II Collab.)
NELSON	83	PRL 50 1542	+Blondel, Trilling, Abrams+	(Mark II Collab.)