

τ -DECAY PARAMETERS

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Neglecting radiative corrections and terms proportional to m_ℓ^2/m_τ^2 , the energy spectrum of the charged decay lepton ℓ in the τ rest frame is given by

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2\Gamma_{\tau\rightarrow\ell\nu\bar{\nu}}}{d\Omega dx} &\propto x^2 \\ &\times \left\{ 12(1-x) + \rho_\tau \left(\frac{32}{3}x - 8 \right) + 24\eta_\tau \frac{m_\ell}{m_\tau} \frac{(1-x)}{x} \right. \\ &\left. - P_\tau \xi_\tau \cos\theta \left[4(1-x) + \delta_\tau \left(\frac{32}{3}x - 8 \right) \right] \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

Here $x = 2E_\ell/m_\tau$ is the scaled lepton energy, P_τ is the τ polarization, and θ is the angle between the τ spin and the lepton momentum. With unpolarized τ 's or integrating over the full θ range, the spectrum depends only on ρ_τ and η_τ . Measurements of the other two Michel parameters, ξ_τ and δ_τ , require polarized τ 's. The Standard Model predictions for ρ_τ , η_τ , ξ_τ and δ_τ are $\frac{3}{4}$, 0, 1 and $\frac{3}{4}$. Where possible, we give separately the parameters for $\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \nu_\tau \bar{\nu}_e$ and $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \nu_\tau \bar{\nu}_\mu$, to avoid assumptions about universality. Listings labelled “(e or μ)” contain either the results assuming lepton universality if quoted by the experiments or repeat the results from the “e” or “ μ ” section.

Hadronic two-body decays $\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau h$, $h = \pi, \rho, a_1, \dots$, can under minimal assumptions be written

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{dz} = f_h(z) + P_\tau \xi_h g_h(z), \quad (2)$$

where the kinematic functions f_h , g_h and the definition of the variable z depend on the spin of the hadron h . For the simple case $h = \pi$, one has $z = E_\pi/E_\tau$, $f(z) = 1$, and $g(z) = 2z - 1$. The parameter ξ_h is predicted to be unity and can be identified with twice the negative ν_τ helicity. Again ξ_h is listed, when available, separately for each hadron and averaged over all hadronic decays modes.